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THE POST-DISPATCH.

St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

STARTLING! REALISTIC!
And Accurate in Its News.
The POST-DISPATCH.

VOL. 38.—NO. 193. ST. LOUIS, MONDAY EVENING, JANUARY 23, 1888. PRICE, FIVE CENTS. BY CARRIER, TWENTY CENTS A WEEK.

C·R·A·W·F·O·R·D·'·S·!

Monday.

Read This.

That streak of lightning that you came down on this morning must have been greased, you came so fast and so numerous.

500 more best large floor brooms will go at 7 1-2 cents. Only 500 will be sold.

On Tuesday, January 24, we will sell 1,000 best English granite china—Shaw's celebrated make—wash bowl and pitcher, latest shape, for 65 cents a set. One day only—Tuesday, January 24. Sold nowhere under $1.25.

No neat underwear shows seams nowadays. We will on Tuesday offer 500 dozen of the best grades white and colored herring-bone trimmings or seam coverings, worth 25 cents to 40 cents, all at 20 cents a bunch, and 400 pieces of 10-cent Hamburg edging at 5 cents a yard.

The verdict of the public is that those new moire silks that Crawford is offering at 75 cents a yard are the most beautiful and finest ever sold under $1.50. You are invited to look at them. Most lovely evening shades. Also, the latest street colors.

D. CRAWFORD & CO.

Come to Wanamaker's.

Isn't it reasonable?

The title page of next season's business is pretty clearly written by what is going on just now.

Nobody expects to be busy in the clothing trade when the busy time is past.

Nobody! Why should they? Unless they want to do something uncommon, and without any immediate return of proper profit for their wit and labor!

Well, we do. We are not daunted by losing present profit. That half of our plan is manifest. But, have we anything — not commonplace—to offer?

We have Trousers at $5 a pair made-to-measure!

Measure the styles with Scotch and Irish Trouserings selling this season at double to treble the price.

The styles are clearly the same! Will that have any weight on the opinions of buyers? We shall see.

Hundreds are wearing them to-day.

What'll they do next time?

Wanamaker & Brown,

210 and 212 N. Broadway.

The extra pressure of sharper prices has been put on our Winter goods. It is easy to find bargains in just the goods you want.

Catarrh to Consumption.

Catarrh in its destructive force stands next to and undoubtedly leads on to consumption. It is therefore singular that those afflicted with this fearful disease should not make it the object of their lives to rid themselves of it. Deceptive remedies concocted by ignorant pretenders to medical knowledge have weakened the confidence of the great majority of sufferers in all advertised remedies. They become resigned to a life of misery rather than torture themselves with doubtful palliatives.

But this will never do. Catarrh must be met at every stage and combated with all our might. In many cases the disease has assumed dangerous symptoms. The bones and cartilage of the nose, the organs of hearing, of seeing and of tasting so affected as to be useless, the uvula so elongated, the throat so inflamed and irritated as to produce a constant and distressing cough.

SANFORD'S RADICAL CURE meets every phase of Catarrh, from a simple head cold to the most loathsome and destructive stages. It is local and constitutional. Instant in relieving, permanent in curing, safe, economical and never-failing.

Each package contains one bottle of the RADICAL CURE, one box CATARRHAL SOLVENT, and an IMPROVED INHALER, with treatise; price, $1.

POTTER DRUG & CHEMICAL CO., BOSTON.

UTERINE PAINS

And Weakness instantly relieved by the Cuticura Anti-Pain Plaster, a Perfect Antidote to Pain, Inflammation and Weakness. A new, most agreeable, instantaneous and infallible pain-killing plaster, especially adapted to relieve female pains and weaknesses. Vastly superior to all other plasters. At all druggists, 25 cents; five for $1.00; or, postage free, of POTTER DRUG AND CHEMICAL CO., [illegible]

LATEST EDITION

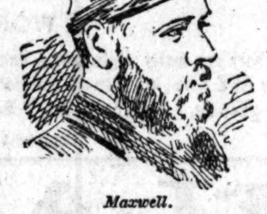
MAXWELL'S DOOM.

Preller's Murderer in the Shadow of the Gallows.

His Case Thrown Out of the U. S. Supreme Court.

The Doomed Man Badly Broken Up by the News—An Interview With Him—Fauntleroy and Clover Talk—A History of the Crime—The Last Hope Gone.

WASHINGTON, D. C., January 23.—The Supreme Court of the United States to-day rendered a decision in the case of Hugh M. Brooks, alias W. H. Maxwell, against the State of Missouri. This is the famous Maxwell—Preller murder case. Brooks, or Maxwell, the plaintiff in error, is now in prison in the city of St. Louis under sentence of death for the murder of C. Arthur Preller, in April, 1885. The case was brought to this court upon a writ of error to the Supreme Court of Missouri, and the decision here is upon a motion made the Attorney-General of that State to dismiss for want of jurisdiction. This Court is unable, after a careful examination of the record, to find that the plaintiff in error has been deprived of any right, privilege, or immunity guaranteed to him by the Constitution of the United States, and the motion to dismiss for want of jurisdiction is therefore granted.



Maxwell.

The decision was announced by Chief-Justice Waite, and its effect is to affirm the sentence of death pronounced by the State Court.

MAXWELL LEARNS HIS FATE.

Preller's Murderer for the First Time Loses His Wonderful Nerve.

When the news from Washington was received at the Four Courts Building it spread like wildfire. Men rushed excitedly about informing each other of the news and cried it out in the court-rooms, offices and corridors. It created more excitement than any news that has been heard in the building for a long time. At first the rumor came that the motion to dismiss the writ of error had been overruled and that Maxwell would get a hearing before the United States Supreme Court. This was denied, however, before it had time to spread far, but not before it had reached the little prisoner's ears. When a POST-DISPATCH reporter visited the jail to break the news to him Maxwell displayed more excitement than he has at any time since his arrest. He was at the screen, pacing impatiently up and down, evidently awaiting his attorney with news from Washington. His face wore the pallor of death and he was extremely nervous in all his movements. As the reporter approached the outer gate of the jail Maxwell espied him and stopped in his walk. He leaned his face against the screen and peered anxiously through. There was impatience depicted in his every movement and look, and he appeared to be anxious to yell out aloud to the newsgatherer and ask what tidings he bore. The time it took to open the gate to admit the reporter must have seemed an age to him, for he left his stand and again commenced his nervous walk. As the reporter reached the screen the little prisoner threw himself against it and said: "Well?"

"I have news which is not very cheerful for you," began the reporter. "The United States Supreme Court sustained the motion of the State to dismiss the writ of error in your case, and you will have to hang."

As the words were uttered Maxwell's face seemed to grow even paler than it had been and he trembled perceptibly with emotion. For once his wonderful iron nerve, which has surprised all who met him, was gone. He was an ordinary man in great trouble. When the news was broken to him he replied nervously:

"But I have just heard differently. I have been told that the motion to dismiss the writ has been overruled."

"Yes, I know you have, but it was a mistake."

"But how am I to know that what you say is not a mistake and the other information correct? Could not your representative have made the blunder?"

"There may be a bare possibility that he has, but it is almost certain that he has not. Have you anything to say?"

"No; I don't know what I can say. Wait until I see Mr. Fauntleroy first. If your information is correct why has he not received it also? He has arranged to hear from there the instant the decision is made."

"I don't know why he has not heard, but the motion has been decided as I tell you. I suppose it is a surprise to you?"

"It most assuredly is. I was positive the motion would be overruled, and so was Mr. Fauntleroy. I cannot understand it at all."

"What will you do now? Apply to the Governor for executive clemency?"

"I cannot tell you anything until I see Mr. Fauntelroy. Go see him."

"Then you have nothing at all to say?"

"Nothing. Go and see Mr. Fauntelroy. He is the one to talk to you."

Two or three other questions were put to him, but only brought out the replies nervously spoken: "Go see Mr. Fauntleroy," or "I can say nothing until I see Mr. Fauntleroy."

As the reporter was departing from the jail the little chloroformer was still near the screen pacing nervously up and down and looking out anxiously toward the outer gate for a glimpse of his attorney. It is the first time he has ever shown his feeling. His nerve has been wonderful. Ever since his arrest he has taken all the various changes in the phase of his case with a wonderful calmness which defied the reading of the thoughts which he held below his placid exterior. No man who has ever been in jail here for murder has displayed such remarkable courage and composure.

P. W. FAUNTLEROY.

The Governor Will Be Petitioned to Commute the Sentence.

P. W. Fauntleroy was inclined to doubt the statement that the United States Supreme Court had ruled against his client, when seen by a POST-DISPATCH reporter, and was not satisfied that such was the case until he had seen the POST-DISPATCH special telegram. "I am surprised that the court should dismiss the case on the State's motion. The ground of that motion was want of jurisdiction. Now all that it is necessary to show to bring the case into the United States Supreme Court is to show on the face of the record that we claimed in the trial court that a statute of Missouri was in violation of the United States Constitution, and the trial court ruled against us. That brings a Federal question into the case, and gives the Supreme Court jurisdiction. We did claim in the trial court that the statute compelling a defendant to file a motion for a new trial within four days after judgment was in violation of the Fourteenth Amendment to the constitution, and the Court ruled against us. We had filed a motion for a new trial on information we had obtained as to the unfairness of jurors four days after the judgment. Yet the Court made the statute apply and denied our motion."

"Could not the Supreme Court pass upon the entire case on the motion to dismiss?"

"It has done so, and has changed its ruling as shown in many previous cases. Many times the Supreme Court has said that it will not decide a case on a motion which it is compelled to overrule."

"What can be done now to prevent Maxwell's hanging?"

"Nothing except an application to the Supreme Court for a rehearing, and an endeavor to secure a commutation of the sentence from the Governor. We shall probably prepare a petition to present to the Governor, and are confident of a commutation. No man was ever hung in this country, when a dissenting opinion in the case said he had not been granted a fair trial in more instances than one. Maxwell certainly did not have a fair trial. There are four affidavits on file, which are uncontradicted to the effect that a juror had prejudged the case and had committed perjury. Attorney-General Boone said openly that the case should be referred; that Maxwell did not have a fair trial. I have heard that Gov. Marmaduke before his death denounced the Dingfelder business in the strongest terms, and you will be surprised to see the amount of sympathy that will be shown for Maxwell when we get up the petition."

"How will the date of the execution be fixed?"

"The Supreme Court will send to the State Supreme Court its mandate, showing what action has been taken in the case in that Court. Then the States Attorney will bring Maxwell into either the State Supreme Court on the Criminal Court on a writ of habeas corpus. There will be an inquiry into the reasons why the sentence on him was not executed, and the court being convinced that it should be executed will set a new day for the hanging."

CRIME AND TRIAL.

The Murder of C. A. Preller—Maxwell's Flight, Arrest and Conviction.

At about 10:30 o'clock on the morning of April 14, 1885, a most startling discovery was made at the Southern Hotel by Charles Biegers, the trunk dealer who had been called in to open a suspicious-looking trunk found in room No. 144. The trunk was the property of a man who had registered on March 31 as Walter H. Lennox Maxwell, M. D. On opening the trunk the body of a man was discovered jammed into the box in a distorted position, with the head to one side and the knees drawn up as close as possible. The police were immediately notified and an investigation made. At first the body was supposed to be that of Maxwell, but further investigation proved it to be that of Maxwell's companion, who had lately joined him and was registered as "C. Arthur Preller, London, England." The body and trunk, just as they were first discovered, were transferred to the Morgue. A more repulsive sight had never been seen in the Morgue.

The corpse was almost nude. Not a feature of the countenance was recognizable, being so discolored and distorted. Just beside the head was pasted a piece of white paper, with the inscription, "So perish all traitors to the great cause." Clothes and other possessions, including an empty chloroform bottle which was identified by Fernow, the druggist, as having been bought by Maxwell, pointed to Maxwell as the man who had committed the crime. The day after the discovery of the crime it was well established that Maxwell had left on the morning of April 6 for San Francisco, after carefully circulating the information that he was going East by the Vandalia. A number of passengers on the Western train positively identified the man on the west-bound train as Maxwell. A telegram was immediately sent to San Francisco to the Chief of Police putting him on his guard, and a diligent search for the fugitive was made. This developed the fact that the man had taken passage in the City of Sidney, which left for New Zealand on Sunday, the 12th of August. Extradition papers were secured from Secretary of State Bayard on the presentation of the most complete criminal document ever drawn up in St. Louis, and Consul Gamble at Auckland, New Zealand was cabled to secure Maxwell's arrest on his arrival at that place. Local officers went out on a tender to the steamer Sidney, attended by the Consul, and aroused Maxwell from a deep sleep to place him under arrest. Even on awakening he preserved the assumed French accent which he had adopted on train the from St. Louis. With the money taken from Preller he obtained counsel to resist extradition, but was finally turned over to the detectives. On the 17th of August he arrived in St. Louis. His trial was begun on the 10th of the following May, and a verdict of guilty rendered on the 5th of June, 1886. An appeal was taken to the State Supreme Court where the case was affirmed, though the employment of Detective Dingfelder to obtain a confession was severely censured. The case was then taken to the United States Supreme Court where a decision was given to-day.

CASHIER O'BRIEN SKIPPED.

The First National Bank of Auburn, N. Y., Closes Its Doors.

AUBURN, N. Y., January 23.—The doors of the First National Bank of Auburn were closed this morning and the following notice posted:

"Pending an examination of the affairs of this bank and in the absence the cashier of this bank will be closed until further notice. Demands payable here will be received here."

Bank-Examiner Clark arrived here Friday and it is supposed his visit precipitated matters. He is now in charge of the books, but absolutely nothing authentic concerning them is known to outsiders. It is not believed that any defalcation has taken place, but that the whole trouble is due to mismanagement in lending funds on insufficient collateral and allowing customers to make large overdrafts. A false statement was made to the bank examiner to conceal the true state of affairs, and Cashier Charles O'Brien and Bookkeeper Elmer E. Morse have fled the city, presumably taking a train west Saturday afternoon. Considerable excitement prevails upon the street and the air is thick with rumors. It is not believed depositors will suffer loss, but some of smaller business concerns finding their source of supplies cut off may be forced to the wall. The annual statement of the bank published December 15, 1887, showed a paid-up capital of $150,000 and undivided profits of $42,378. The deposits subject to check amounted to $248,270, and demand certificates amounted to $356,045. The loans and discounts were placed at $644,000.

The Cashier a Defaulter.

WASHINGTON, D. C., January 23.—The Comptroller of the Currency was to-day informed by telegraph that the First National Bank of Auburn, N. Y., closed its doors this morning by reason of a heavy defalcation on the part of its cashier, Mr. Charles O'Brien, who has absconded, and is now supposed to be in Canada. The amount of the defalcation is not stated.

A Child Smothered.

NEW YORK, January 23.—A fire broke out in the rooms occupied by Charles Smith, at 16 Pike street, this morning, and the firemen found Smith's 2-year-old girl under the bed, smothered to death. Two other children who had been with her escaped. It is supposed one of the children upset the lamp, causing the fire.

Scalded to Death.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

NASHVILLE, Ill., January 23.—Clara L., the 2-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Rodenmayer, died this morning from injuries received last Saturday by falling into a bucket of scalding-hot water which the servant girl had left standing where the child could get to it.

WASHINGTON.

JOHN JARRETT TAKES A HAND IN THE THOEBE—CARLISLE CONTEST.

The Former Labor Agitator Makes a Proposition to the Republicans—Adoption of the Election Committee's Majority Report in the Thoebe-Carlisle Case by the House—Nominations by the President.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

WASHINGTON, D. C., January 23.—Within the past few days a new factor has appeared in the Thoebe—Carlisle contest. John Jarrett of Pittsburg, formerly the head of the Amalgamated Association of Iron and Steel workers, has been in communication with several prominent Republicans with a view to demonstrating to them the manifest advantages to be derived from assuming and adhering to the position which the Republican members have held on the floor of the House since Thursday. Jarrett, as a confessed champion of labor, and a man of influence within their ranks, has suggested that the Republicans make the stand against Carlisle, not with a view to defeat him, but to make capital with the labor element. He has insinuated that it is only necessary to refrain from going upon record either for or against Thoebe to earn the everlasting gratitude of the laboring men. Jarrett's proposition is to run Thoebe again, and run him as a Republican. The advantage to be gained by the adoption of such a course on the part of the Republicans would, the crafty Jarrett insists, [illegible]edound greatly to the benefit of that party as the ranks of the labor organizations are drawn largely from the Democrats. Jarrett's present attitude gives some little significance to J. Hale Sypher's statement to Lee Crandall that he could probably secure the assistance of wealthy protectionist friends to help pull Thoebe through. Jarrett is now and has been since his retirement from the Amalgamated Association the Secretary of the American Tinned Plate Association. He has been used for years by the manufacturers

AS A MOUTH-PIECE

before the Ways and Means Committee and he could always be depended on to bob up as the representative of the workingmen when the manufacturers wanted more tariff "for the protection of labor." Jarrett's latest political achievement was in Illinois, where he organized the opposition to Morrison and succeeded in electing Jehu Baker. His success in this direction solidified him with the Republican leaders, and he is now prepared to deal on a loftier basis. A notable incident in Jarrett's career occurred during Arthur's administration. When the Bureau of Labor was organized Jarrett was in the hey-day of his power as President of the Amalgamated Association. He was pressed by Pennsylvania manufacturing interests, employers and employes for the position of head of the new bureau, and President Arthur finally appointed him. The Senate confirmed the appointment, and Jarrett only needed his commission to assume the duties of the office. The report reached the President's ears, however, that Jarrett, in a recent speech, had said that "Arthur was more fit to be a scullion in the White House kitchen than to sit in the Executive chair." The remark had been publicly made and printed in a report of the speech. Mr. Arthur felt the insult keenly, and withheld the commission until the next session of the Senate when he sent in the name of Carroll D. Wright, the present head of the Labor Bureau.

Nominated by the President.

WASHINGTON, D. C., January 23.—The President sent the following nominations to the Senate:

Postmasters—John W. Ross, at Washington, D. C.; John H. Curry, Nashville, Tenn.

Department of Justice—John Blair Hoge of the District of Columbia, to be Attorney of the United States for the District of Columbia.

Marshall McDonald of the District of Columbia, to be Commissioner of Fish and Fisheries.

Executive Clemency.

WASHINGTON, D. C., January 23.—The President has exercised executive clemency in the following cases: Benjamin Browder and Samuel McCullor, convicted in the Western District of Tennessee of passing counterfeit money, and sentenced to two years' imprisonment and to pay a fine of $100 each; sentence in each case commuted to one year's imprisonment. John Sprague, convicted in Indiana of forgery and sentenced to eight years' imprisonment, commuted to four years' imprisonment. John Morton, convicted in Kentucky of making counterfeit money and sentenced to six years' imprisonment, sentence commuted to four years' imprisonment.

FIFTIETH CONGRESS.

The Senate.

WASHINGTON, D. C., January 23.—In the Senate to-day Mr. Hoar presented the petition of the Governor of Massachusetts, the Mayor of Boston, Presidents of colleges and a large number of other distinguished persons, representing a mass-meeting held in Tremont Temple on the 12th of November last, to welcome the British peace deputation. He stated that this British deputation represented a majority (he believed) of the members of the British Parliament and a large number of persons of rank and influence and distinction in that country. Some jealousy, he said, had arisen lest the lesson of peace might be intended to affect in some manner matters that were now in course of negotiation between the two countries which, he had no doubt, would be adjusted by peaceful and ordinary diplomatic methods, or by the good sense of the two nations. He was satisfied that there was no foundation for that jealousy. It seemed to him that this memorial presented one of the most important and interesting questions that could be brought before the Senate at the present time. The message was one which was a good thing to come from the one country and to be received and welcomed by the other. The great armaments kept up by European nations operated chiefly as a burden on their poor and laboring classes—if not their dominant classes—on the classes to which the sympathy of the American people always went out. The cost of a single ship of war was much greater than the cost of a first-class university; and the cost of the American civil war (the results of which he knew to be worth all that it cost) was so great that, if the amount were put out at 5 per cent interest, it would pay all the expenses of the national and State Governments in this country for ever. The message was well worth the respectful attention of the American people. The petition was referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations.

Mr. Edmunds from the Judiciary Committee, to which has been referred the investigation into the Jackson (Miss.) election troubles, reported a resolution authorizing that committee to send for persons and papers inquiring into the alleged troubles.

Mr. Vest said that as a member of that committee he had consented to the reporting of the resolution, because it was confined to the conduct of United States officials. The resolution was adopted.

The House.

WASHINGTON, D. C., January 23.—The journal of Saturday's proceedings having been read in the House to-day, Mr. Crisp of Georgia objected to its approval on the ground that it states that the gentleman from West Virginia (Hogg) entered a motion on Saturday to reconsider the vote by which the previous question was ordered on the Thoebe—Carlisle election case. He thought that there was some mistake about that. The gentleman from West Virginia had entered a motion to reconsider the vote by which the Perkins resolution reopening the case had been defeated, but the Chair had declined to entertain it on the ground that it was not in order. The gentleman had not entered the motion to reconsider the vote by which the previous question had been ordered.

The Speaker pro tem. stated that his recollection was in conformity with the statement in the journal.

Mr. Hogg stated that when he moved to reconsider the vote on the substitute the Speaker had stated that that motion would not be in order until the vote by which the previous question had been ordered was reconsidered. He (Hogg) had said, "Then I enter that motion."

Mr. Crisp thereupon withdrew his objection and the journal was approved.

Mr. Crisp demanded the regular order.

Mr. Brumm of Pennsylvania, rising to a question of privilege, sent to the clerk's desk to have read a purported interview with Mr. Crisp, published in yesterday's Washington Post which, he stated, reflected on a large majority in the House.

Mr. O'Neill of Missouri suggested that there was no question of privilege presented, as the country had already reflected upon the minority party of the House.

The interview was read at length. In it Mr. Crisp criticizes the action of the Republicans for refusing to vote on the Carlisle case.

Mr. Dibble of South Carolina, rising to a point of order, contended that the matter was not a privileged one. Besides this there was now pending before the House a question of high privilege affecting the right of a member to his seat. Until that question was settled the House could not take up and settle a question of lesser privilege.

The Chair ruled that the extract did not allege that any member was influenced by corrupt or improper motives, and therefore did not present a question of privilege. The chair was also ready to rule that where there was a question of the highest privilege pending in the House he would not entertain any other question of privilege.

The Thoebe—Carlisle case was then called up, and the House proceeded to vote on the majority report confirming Carlisle's title to his seat—the resolution was adopted—yeas, 164; nays, 7.

Messrs. Cannon, Cooper, Davenport, McKenna, Post and Steele, Republicans, voted in the affirmative, and Baker of Illinois, Brewer, Buchanan, Cheadle, Hovey, Kerr and Laidlam, Republicans, in the negative.

Mr. Enloe of Tennessee called attention to the fact that Thoebe had had inserted in the Record cetain language reflecting upon the Committee on Elections, which he had not used in his speech upon the floor. He (Enloe) protested against Thoebe's right to do this.

Mr. Reed of Maine suggested that Thoebe was only availing himself of all the privileges of the House.

Mr. Enloe moved that the record be amended so as to make it contain only the language used by Thoebe upon the floor.

Mr. Ryan of Kansas suggested that as the privilege of the floor had been extended to Thoebe he was entitled to revise his remarks as it was the custom of members to do so.

As there was a disposition shown on the Republican side to make a contest over the motion Mr. Enloe withdrew it, amid derisive laughter from the Republicans.

LABOR.

New Hands of the Reading Coal Company Out of Work.

READING, Pa., January 23.—The present Schuylkill miners' strike is peculiarly disastrous to the new hands who were employed on the railroad after the railroaders who struck and refused to come back had been permanently discharged. These new hands were mostly given jobs in the coal traffic and now nearly every one of them have been laid off because there is nothing for them to do. Of the 2,000 men employed in hauling coal fully 1,500 were new hands, only about five hundred old employes coming back, and are now out of work. President Corbin's letter has not changed the situation in this section. There is no coal coming from the Schuylkill region, and the officials in this city do not expect any for the present. They are now concentrating their efforts to bringing in all the Wyoming coal they can. They think that the business men of Schuylkill County have the power in their own hands to put a stop to the strike by refusing to sell to the miners on credit. New York and Philadelphia merchants who ship goods to business men in the coal region towns have notified their customers in Schuylkill County that they will expect cash payments from them for the present.

DESTRUCTION IN TEXAS.

Heavy Loss of Sheep by Last Saturday's Blizzard.

LAREDO, Tex., January 23.—Returns from outlying wool districts show considerable loss among sheep by the late blizzard. Nearly every large flock along the Rio Grande suffered depletion, the loss being generally confined to lambs and old sheep. Many farmers are engaged in going over their ranches hunting dead sheep and shearing the carcasses. In San Saba County a large ranchman with a half-dozen cowboys went out hunting stock, and returning, half frozen, they left their foaming horses standing outside while they entered the house. Half an hour afterward every horse was found dead, covered with ice. The loss of sheep will result in a short wool crop the next season.

Frozen Stiff.

LAMPASAS, Tex., January 23.—Another blizzard struck this section Saturday night. Reports of the disastrous efforts of that unprecedented cold spell of last week continue to arrive from distant sections surrounding the city. Loss of sheep was very heavy, owing to the fact that very few ranches are provided with adequate shelter for sheep. It is estimated that fully 20,000 sheep perished in the counties of Lampasas, Brown, Hamilton, Coryell and San Saba, all large wool-producing counties. Col. Charles Covington in Coryell County lost 800 head of sheep in one flock. His ranch is very large and the sheep are kept in separate flocks. The others sought the shelter of the woods, but this particular flock came up near the house at sundown and lay down in the drizzling rain. Next morning Col. Covington concluded to salt his flock. When he scattered salt on the frozen earth, to his surprise none of the sheep arose, and an examination revealed that every one of the large flock was frozen stiff. Their wool clinging to the ice had prevented their rising when the sudden change of temperature came.

Much Suffering.

EAU CLAIR, Wis., January 23.—Reports reached here yesterday that two men working in a logging camp on the West Fork of the Black River were found frozen stiff on the road leading to the choppings from the camp. It is supposed they became benumbed with cold while on their way to supper. Saturday and yesterday were the coldest days ever experienced in this part of Wisconsin within recollection of the oldest settlers. Thermometers indicated 53 to 56 deg. below zero, and much suffering is reported.

A Big Drop.

BOSTON, Mass., January 23.—The harbor is almost entirely frozen over as far as the Narrows, and the ferry-boats and steamers have great difficulty in proceeding. Reports from New Hampshire state that the thermometer in many places in that State fell to 35 deg. below zero last night. Towns along the south shore of Massachusetts report the thermometer at 18 deg. below last night.

Moderating.

ST. PAUL, Minn., January 23.—The weather has greatly moderated, the mercury being above zero this morning for the first time in three weeks. Still warmer weather is predicted.

Couldn't Meet Heavy Drafts.

NEW YORK, January 23.—The liabilities of the firm of M. & E. Solomon are estimated at $350,000, of which about $225,000 is for merchandise. The assets consist of a large amount of Havana and Sumatra tobacco and outstanding notes which it is thought will realize $250,000. The firm were unable to meet some large drafts that fell due to-day and they were forced to assign. One of the causes of their failure was an investment in the Western tobacco crop of 1884, which turned out badly. The firm was established in 1852, and always stood high in commercial rating. It is believed that a settlement will be made, in which event Mr. [illegible] Solomon hopes to resume business.

JUDD JOYOUS.

THE ST. LOUIS CHESS CHAMPION WINS THE SERIES.

The Deciding Game Played To-Day—Finished at One Sitting—The "Tennessee Morphy" Lowers His Colors—Scenes About the Table—Excitement at the Finish—The Play.

"It's all over," said one of a group around a little round table.

A blonde young man threw his cigar into the spittoon and rose flushed and fevered from his chair and shook himself like one who has awakened from a trance.

Another young man found his hands shaken by several friends, and general congratulations from everybody in the group.

The scene of these quiet but intense demonstrations was the sunny rooms of the Chess, Checker and Whist Club in the Emilie Building, and the time was this afternoon, shortly after the dinner hour. For four hours Max Judd of St. Louis and A. B. Hodges of Nashville had sat at the little table fighting inch by inch the deciding game in the championship series which began last Monday. The match was between the champion of Tennessee and the South and the champion of St. Louis and the West. The stake involved was $250 and the first winner of five games was to claim the money. The series has been the most important American contest played for some time, and has been closely watched by all chess players of the country. Mr. Hodges came here with a great reputation and was called at his home the "Tennessee Morphy." He had beaten Mr. Judd in an off-hand match for fun last spring, and this made his chances look good. But from the first he was overmatched. Judd walked away with the first two games, and the score was never tied, Judd always leading. Games were played every day last week but Saturday, and several days two games were played. When adjournment over Sunday came Friday night the score was 4 to 2 in favor of Judd. The latter had played a stronger game at the finish than he had at the start, and was doing as well as he ever had done. Hodges' work on the other hand was ragged and was marred by several bad plays. This was plain to every spectator and there was little doubt that Judd would win to-day's game and the match.

JUDD OPENED

to-day's game a little after 10 with a rattling sharp attack. Hodges responded with a French defense and played very cautiously. Piece after piece was swept off the board and it looked like a draw; indeed, some of the witnesses say that about the fiftieth move Hodges spoiled a good chance for a draw. However, the game proceeded with increasing tension at every move. Hodges' nervousness was very apparent. As he rested his white jeweled left hand on the table it trembled perceptibly and his eyes kept up a steady batting, and he puffered his cigar spasmodically. Judd looked as impurturbable as ever, but he was nervous, too, despite his long lead. He would raise his eyebrows oftener than usual and occasionally shake himself in his chair.

AN EXCITING FINISH.

As the game drew near a close, all the local chess players, who had watched the contests during the series, bent breathless over the two men on whose temples and foreheads the veins stood out, showing where the blood was working. When on the sixty-first move Mr. Hodges' defeat was apparent, and the black king looked in the face of death, there began a buzz of conversation, discussion and congratulation that lasted until the victor and vanquished left the room.

Mr. Hodges went to the Lindell and leaves to-night for Nashville. That he did the best he could against his superior opponent, is the verdict he carries with him.

Mr. Judd is now what might be called half-champion of the United States, having conquered the West and South.

The following is the game:

THE GAME—FRENCH DEFENCE.

	White. Judd.	Black. Hodges.
1.	PK4	PK3
2.	PQ4	PQ4
3.	SQB3	SKB3
4.	BKS5	BK2
5.	BxS	BxB
6.	SKB3	PxP
7.	SxP	Castles
8.	PB3	PQS3
9.	BQ3	BS2
10.	Castles	SQ2
11.	QB2	PS3
12.	KRK	QK2
13.	RK2	KRK
14.	QRRK	PB4
15.	BS5	KRQ
16.	BxS	RxB
17.	SxB ch	QxS
18.	SK5	RB2
19.	PxP	QS4
20.	PB6	BxP
21.	SxB	RxS
22.	RK5	QQ
23.	QK4	QRB
24.	PKR3	RQ3
25.	PKR4	RQ7
26.	RK2	RxR
27.	QxR	RB3
28.	PR5	RQ3
29.	PKS3	RQ8 ch
30.	KS2	QR ch
31.	QK4	QxQ ch
32.	RxQ	RQ7
33.	PxP	RPxP
34.	RQS4	KB
35.	KB3	KK2
36.	KK3	RQ2
37.	PR4	PK4
38.	PR5	RQ3
39.	PS5	KK3
40.	PQBx	PB4
41.	PQS4	PS4
42.	PB5	PxP
43.	RxP	PR3
44.	RB3	PB5 ch
45.	PxP	RQ5
46.	KB3	RxP
47.	RQR8	KB4
48.	RxP	PK5 ch
49.	RR8	RS7
50.	KS2	PK6
51.	PR6	RxP ch
52.	PR7	RxP ch
53.	KS	RQR7
54.	RB8 ch	KK5
55.	P Queens ch	RxQ
56.	RxR	PB6
57.	KB	KQ6
58.	RK8	KQ7
59.	RQ8 ch	KB6
60.	KK	PB7 ch
61.	KK2	KB5
62.	RQ	Resigns

FIRES.

School-House Destroyed—Destructive Blaze in a Locomotive Works.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

CERRO GORDO, Ill., January 23.—The public school building in the Dudley District, near Hammond, this county, caught fire from some unknown cause, and with the contents was entirely consumed.

Stores Destroyed.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

CENTRALIA, Ill., January 23.—The store rooms at Anna, Ill., owned by Jesse Lence and occupied by Coleman Bro.'s grocery store and Chas. Lynn's harness store, were destroyed by fire about 4 o'clock this morning. Loss, $10,000; partially insured.

Totally Destroyed.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

CAIRO, Ill., January 23.—Lawrence Copeland's large general store, with the Odd Fellows' Hall above it, was totally destroyed by fire at Joppa, near Metropolis, Ill., last night. Loss fully $10,000; insured in Metropolis agencies.

A Costly Blaze.

PATERSON, N. J., January 23.—A fire in the Rogers Locomotive Works here to-day caused a loss estimated at $100,000.

Fire did $[illegible] damage yesterday to the building [illegible] North Third street, occupied by John J. [illegible] & Co.

VICTORY AHEAD.

EDITOR O'BRIEN HOPEFUL OF SUCCESS FOR THE IRISH CAUSE.

Mr. Blunt's Statement Regarding Balfour's Threats—John Bright on Gladstone's Silence — Attempt to Assassinate Louise Michel at Havre — Encounter Between Unionists and Nationalists in Ireland—Foreign News.

Special Cablegram to the Post-Dispatch.

DUBLIN, January 23.—Yesterday I had a long talk with William O'Brien, although much against the wish of his medidal adviser, who states that the condition of his health causes the greatest anxiety. The three months' imprisonment has left its marks on the already fragile physique and the ex-captive looks attenuated enough to sit for the study of some ascetic who has spent his life in fasting. Letters of congratulation were piled about him and telegrams in sheaves from some of the most prominent of English politicians, littered the room. Of the great demonstration in Dublin on the night of his release, he merely said that such outbursts of enthusiasm in the national cause were matters of course with the Irish people. Now for his future movements. He has made no plans nor does he think it necessary, for so far from the spirit of the people being cowed, it has mounted to a degree far beyond his former experience, and now the quietest commercial and professional men have been so irritated by the brutality of the Government that they are willing to run any risk of imprisonment or police violence. The League is, he believes deeper rooted than ever, and Balfour has not mustered courage to cough at 1,500 out of the 1,800 branches whose influence is every bit as powerful as ever. "But the people are the League and every half dozen of them sitting around a fire," said Mr. O'Brien, his eyes lighting up, "are to all effects a branch."

ALONG THE WHOLE LINE

he sees nothing but victory. The only censure the Tory officials passed was that the demands of the tenants were too moderate. A few hours ago," he continued, "I received the news that Lord Defreyne had accepted the campaign terms on his vast estate in Sligo and Roscommon. Upon the estate of Lord Lansdown at Luggacurren the tenants have been offered a larger reduction than for seeking which a whole country side was evicted. The Marquis of Ely has perfect quiet on his estate in Wexford, because he accepted the 'plan of campaign' terms. The same has happened upon one of the most troubled estates in Donegal, where, because Father McFadden secured the tranquility of Capt. Hill's tenants, Balfour has had the priest arrested. The Clanricarde estate is the only prominent one where the plan has not as good as triumphed, and even there the landlords' convention and the English press have admitted the moderation of what the tenants demanded. Balfour, in order to make a show of success, has attacked the press and public speakers, but this is the mere surface; the organization itself remains triumphant and untouched."

The arrest of the priests he regards as a confession that any hope of muzzling them except by intrigue at Rome has been utterly frustrated and it is plainly an attempt to lure the people into committing some act of violence that Balfour might set off against his own record of mean, wanton and cowardly brutality. I asked him about Blunt's statement as to Balfour's intentions in imprisoning the Irish leaders, if it had been communicated to him.

"Yes, Mr. Blunt told me that they were staying together at a private house in the country. The central idea with which Mr. Blunt appeared to have come to Ireland was the notion that something very like a plot against our lives was on foot. He appeared to be possessed by the firm belief that Mr. Balfour had determined to use imprisonment until the crimes act, not merely for punishment in the ordinary sense, but as a means of

CRIPPLING THE PHYSICAL POWERS

of the men he had particularly in his mind, would end in a coffin. It was the revelation of Mr. Balfour's mind to him that created this impression. Mr. Balfour insisted again and again that the blunder of all former coercionists was that they did not make imprisonment utterly unbearable, physically and morally, and he seemed to grasp at the delicacy of Mr. Dillon and others as the all-important element in his calculations. Of course, my evidence as to Mr. Balfour's actual intentions is derived from what Mr. Blunt stated to me before I was imprisoned, but if Mr. Blunt had never opened his lips on the subject the course Mr. Balfour has since taken is in itself conclusive evidence that he was prepared to push matters to the extreme he contemplated in his chat to Mr. Blunt until public opinion began to daunt him."

Of his prison life he did not speak at length, and the only appointment he has made is to attend a banquet at Mallow on Thursday. He does not make any reference to the future action of the Irish Parliamentary party, as nothing is to be determined on until a consultation with Mr. Parnell.

England.

BRIGHT ON GLADSTONE'S SILENCE.

LONDON, January 23.—Mr. John Bright, in a letter to the papers, says that Mr. Gladstone prefers to maintain silence when he is questioned regarding such cases as the circulation of bills attributing the Mitchelstown riots to Mr. Bright and Mr. Chamberlain. Mr. Bright fears that Mr. Gladstone does not object to the stones and mud thrown by his followers. He says Mr. Gladstone latterly has given no definite answer regarding Irish affairs probably because he fears that a reply might injure his cause and party.

A BRIG'S CREW RESCUED.

The crew of the British brig Warren W., Capt. Buchanan, from Charlottetown for New York, which was abandoned at sea on the 27th ult., have arrived at Falmouth.

Ireland.

A ROUGH AND TUMBLE FIGHT.

DUBLIN, January 23.—While a party of Nationalists were celebrating the release of Mr. O'Brien at Castle William, County Down yesterday, a collision occurred between them and a number of Unionists. Stones were thrown and fist-fights occurred, and several of the combatants were injured.

France.

ATTEMPT TO MURDER LOUISE MICHEL.

PARIS, January 23.—An attempt was made to kill Louise Michel at Havre last evening. She was making an address at a meeting of Anarchists, when a man in the audience named Lucas suddenly arose and, pointing a revolver at the speaker, fired two shots at her. She received a serious wound in the head and the lobe of one of her ears was torn away. Lucas had a narrow escape from lynching at the hands of the infuriated Anarchists, and it was only the timely arrival of gendarmes that saved him. He was locked up.

A later examination shows that the wound received by Louise Michel at Havre last night is not of a serous nature.

THE FLORENCE INCIDENT.

Several papers publish a protest alleged to have been signed by the consular body at Florence against the violation of consular rights committed by the Florence authorities in forcibly entering the French consulate, which they declare to have been an infraction of the general principle of international law.

Morocco.

GIVES SPAIN THE PREFERENCE.

ROME, January 23.—The Opinione says that if disorders should occur in Morocco Italy would prefer the intervention of Spain to that of any other Power.

The Dominion.

MONTREAL'S CRIPPLED FIRE DEPARTMENT.

MONTREAL, January 23.—The fire brigade is in a pitiable plight, the hose being frozen, several of the engines having broken down and the salvage covers destroyed. The fire underwriters organized a fire patrol Saturday night and sent them to the stations to ascertain the exact state of affairs. On their return they reported that there were only six men in the brigade fit for duty, the rest being either hurt or frostbitten and that the horses were nearly exhausted. The corporation had replaced the men with the fire brigades of the Canadian Pacific and Grand Trunk Railways and the Canadian Rubber Company. The underwriters resolved to send a deputation before the City Council to-day to demand a complete reorganization of the department, failing in which they will cancel all but the best risks, and raise these from 20 to 40 per cent. The Fire Committee had borrowed all the covers they can get from the Allan Line and the Shedden Company have lent their wagons to cart the hose out to the brick kilns to get them thawed out. The volunteer firemen are divided into two reliefs and are working day and night at the St. James street fire, which is still burning. The underwriters say that the loss will be very much greater than was at first estimated and that it will amount to at least $400,000.

POLICE RECORDS BURNED.

ST. THOMAS, Ontario, January 23.—The police station was burned last night. A tramp named Frank Hughes was the only person burned to death. All the police books and records were destroyed.

THE FIFTH NATIONAL.

Peculiar Position of Directors — Crecelius Gets Into Trouble With a Depositor.

Some of the Directors of the defunct Fifth National Bank are assuming a rather peculiar position in relation to the issue of new stock. All of the Directors were subscribers to the new stock. Mr. Green paid in $8,500, Mr. Altheimer $1,000 and Mr. Wolff $3,600. All of these gentlemen are engaged in fighting the Receiver on the question of the new stock issue. If this point is decided against the Receiver the assets of the bank are lessened and its liabilities increased. The decision will make a difference of $375,000 to the bank. The Directors of the bank are responsible for the losses of depositors and stockholders, and the Receiver will enter suit against them before the bank's affairs are closed up. If the suit in the matter of the new stock is decided against the Receiver the liability of the Directors is increased in a sum much greater than the amount any one of them will save as a stockholder.

There came very near being a scene in the Receiver's office this morning. A depositor named Marks was in the office engaged in a denunciation of Crecelius, when the ex-Cashier walked in. He extended his hand to Marks. Marks looked at it and remarked that he would like to catch Crecelius outside. Crecelius entered into the spirit of the controversy and offered to meet Mr. Marks any place he pleased. No one struck any one else, however, and so far as known Mr. Marks and Mr. Crecelius have not met outside.

The Receiver this morning deposited $22,000 with the Assistant Treasurer. This carries the collections past the $500,000 mark.

The Depositors' Committee will pass a resolution approving the course of the Receiver.

THE PLAINTIFF WINS.

Chester Snow Again Secures a Heavy Judgment Against John B. Alley.

DEDHAM, Mass., January 23.—The jury in the famous case of Chester Snow vs. John B. Alley this morning returned a verdict of $98,657 for the plaintiff. The plaintiff alleged that he gave 150 bonds of the Postal Telegraph Company to Alley on the agreement that Alley should advance $20,000 and try to promote the success of the enterprise. Alley failed to keep his part of the contract and therefore he sought to recover the bonds, which were valued at $150,000. Alley denied making such an agreement and claimed the bonds were given to him without any such restriction. He alleged that it was necessary for the company to build a line between New York and Chicago, and this could not be done without his assistance, and he refused to construct it unless he received 200 bonds. The case had already been tried three times. At the third trial the jury returned a verdict of $102,000 for the plaintiff. Alley carried the case to the Supreme Court and secured a setting aside of the verdict on the ground that the Judge's rulings were erroneous.

A QUEER REVENGE.

Santa Fe Conductors and Engineers Charged With Delaying Trains.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

KANSAS CITY, January 23.—A gang of "spotters" employed by the Santa Fe Railroad is at present making its headquarters in Kansas City. For some time officials of the road have been in receipt of complaints of trains being inexplicably delayed. It is said that since collectors were placed on the Santa Fe trains the conductors have combined with the engineers to hinder trains from reaching their destination on time. It is the alleged reprehensible practice that the spotters are new engaged in ferretting out.

Toboggan Photos.

Have your photo taken on Scholten's toboggan slide, the latest Canadian novelty.

Mathew E. Mahoney's Death.

The death of Mathew E. Mahoney, which has been expected for some weeks past, took place yesterday at his parents' home, No. 2221 Biddle street. He was an employe of the POST-DISPATCH composing room and was 22 years of age. "Matty," as his friends called him, was loved by all who knew him and his popularity with the members of the printers' craft was very great. Last summer he went to Colorado for his health, which was then failing, but finding no relief he came home to die. Consumption caused his death. The funeral will take place to-morrow afternoon at 2:30 from his parents' house to St. Bridget's Church, thence to Calvary Cemetery.

Elected Delegates.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

CARMI, Ill., January 23.—Saturday the Democracy of Edwards County appointed Hon. John Landrigan and Judge Joseph Campbell delegates to the Supreme Judicial Convention and instructed them to vote for Judge C. S. Conger of this city.

Carondelet Jottings.

Mr. Abraham Block left this morning for Block City, Mo.

Mr. Max Peterson left this morning for a brief visit through Southwest Missouri.

The W. C. T. U. held a revival meeting yesterday at Temperance Hall that was largely attended.

Another indignation meeting will be held soon by the citizens if the gas company further continues to furnish poor gas.

The American Refrigerator Car Company will not occupy the old machine shops at Robert avenue, as stated some time ago, owing to better arrangements having been made.

Yesterday was a very quiet day here. The police had all they could do in looking after the thousands of people on the ice at the River Des Peres and as many more who were spending the day in coasting on the steep hill at Krauss street.

SAMUEL BOWMAN & CO. sold the handsome three-story residence, No. 3742 Finney avenue, the property of Judge E. A. Lewis, to Alfred Cohn, who will make it his residence. The price paid was $6,000.

SOLD MEAT AND PIES.

The Parallel Cases of Leland Stanford and Hallet Kilbourn.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

WASHINGTON, D. C., January 23.—In the fall 1850, Leland Stanford was running a butcher shop at Michigan Bluffs, Placer Co., Cal., and delivered steaks and joints from the panniers on a mule's back, to the hungry miners of the surrounding mining camps. Mr. Stanford was an excellent butcher and did a good business. At the same time, in the fall of 1850, Hallet Kilbourn was running a bakery at Mud Springs, Eldorado Co., Cal., and delivered bread and pies from his wagon to the diggers in the surrounding mining camps. Mr. Kilbourn was a good baker and made big money in his enterprise. In 1861 Leland Stanford was inaugurated Governor of California, and subsequently became United States Senator from that State. In 1861 Hallet Kilbourn came to Washington, was appointed a clerk in the Department of the Interior and subsequently became chief clerk of the Department. In 1876 Hallet Kilbourn was arrested and incarcerated in the District jail by order of the House of Representatives for refusing to testify or produce his private books and papers for the inspection of an inquisitorial investigating committee of the House. After six weeks in durance vile Mr. Kilbourn was discharged from custody on a writ of habeas corpus, and at once brought suit against the Sergeant-at-Arms of the House for false imprisonment. In due course the case reached the Supreme Court of the United States and that body unanimously decided that Mr. Kilbourn had been falsely imprisoned and that the Sergeant-at-Arms of the House was liable for damages. Mr. Kilbourn subsequently obtained judgment for $25,000 against that person, which sum Congress appropriated and it was paid to Mr. Kilbourn just nine years after his illegal arrest.

STANFORD'S CASE.

In 1887 the commission created by Congress to investigate the affairs of the Pacific Railroads examined Senator Stanford as a witness, and to certain interrogatories propounded by the commission the Senator refused to testify. An order was issued for the arrest of the Senator as a contumacious witness. The Senator appealed to the United States District Court and pleaded in bar of the proposed arrest the case of Kilbourn vs. the Sergeant-at-Arms of the House. The Court sustained the plea and Senator Stanford escaped imprisonment and retained his liberty by virtue of the precedent established by Mr. Kilbourn's successful nine years' plucky fight against Congress. When arrested by order of the House in 1876, Mr. Kilbourn was residing in his spacious house, corner of K street and Farragut square, which he had erected a few years previous. Senator Leland Stanford, the many times millionaire from California, now occupies this same house, built and formerly occupied by Mr. Kilbourn. Mr. Kilbourn occupies elegant apartments at the Portland and is the principal owner and manager of the bright and enterprising Washington Critic. Although thus somewhat linked together by these few incidents in their lives, it is stated that these California pioneers—the butcher and the baker—have never personally met each other.

CLOCKS, AMERICAN, $1.25 TO $15.

☞See our wonderful reductions this week. Mermod & Jaccard Jewelry Co., 4th & Locust.

A REMARKABLE CASE.

The Trial of T. J. Swanson for the Attempted Murder of Anderson Teague.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

CORSICANA, Tex., January 23.—A remarkable trial was this morning decided. Anderson Teague bought from T. J. Swanson a large piece of land. In November, 1887, the note became due. Teague went to the house of Swanson to bring him here, having made arrangements to meet the notes. Swanson lived thirty miles from town. They started for Corsicana early in the morning. About three miles from town, after hard driving all day, one of their horses dropped dead. They unhitched the other horse and started afoot. Swanson knew Teague had money, which he demanded ostensibly to pay for expenses at a hotel at which he could stop. Teague refused, and Swanson immediately pulled his pistol. Teague begged for his life and ran. Swanson pursued and shot him through the body, perforating his lungs. Swanson supposed him dead, and turned over the wounded man and robbed him. He then walked to town, ate supper, and took a train for his home. Many people saw and conversed with him, yet he set up a plea of alibi, which was vigorously sustained, despite the evidence of the supposed murdered man, who had recovered and was on the stand to testify. The case went to trial Friday. The Judge charged the jury Saturday. The jury were out until to day, when they rendered a verdict assessing his punishment at four years in the State's prison.

12 Toboggans, $3.

Latest Canadian photos made by Scholten.

DIED RICH.

John G. Gregg, One of the Oldest Farmers in Pettis County.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

SEDALIA, Mo., January 23.—Joseph G. Gregg, one of the oldest and most noted citizens of Pettis County, died at his home in Blackwater Township, twenty miles northwest of Sedalia, at 3 o'clock this morning. Mr. Gregg came to Pettis County from Virginia in 1857, with his wife and two sons, and entered a large tract of land from the Government. When patent deeds were made to him he had 75 cents left, but died worth several hundred thousand dollars. He owned "Gibson Glen," a farm of 2,580 acres in Blackwater, and fed and shipped about 2,400 head of hogs and from 500 to 1,200 head of cattle yearly. He was nearly 67 years old, and leaves an aged wife and seven grown sons and daughters.

The Meatshop-Man Surrendered.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

SEDALIA, Mo., January 23.—On the 3d of January, the City Council passed a Market-house ordinance requiring all butchers within six blocks of the Market-house to do business there. All complied except Wm. Smith, who owned two shops within the limits. He has been arrested and fined nearly every day since until the fines and costs amount to about $500. Last night he surrendered and this morning rented stalls in the Market-house and closed his other two shops. He has appealed the cases from Police Court to Criminal Court which meets in April.

Escaped From a Train.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

HELENA, Ark., January 23.—When the Iron Mountain train going north yesterday evening was between Lagrange and Marianna, a colored prisoner who was being taken to the latter place to be incarcerated received the permission of the Constable who had him in charge to go to the rear of the car after a drink of water, but continuing on out the door he leaped from the train, safely alighting in a bed of snow, and broke for the woods. The Constable got off at the next station and went in pursuit.

Celebrating Their Golden Wedding.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

QUINCY, Ill., January 23.—Fifty years ago to-day Mr. Joseph Mast and Miss Mary A. Broz were united in matrimony by the Rev. Father Augr Breckwedde in the old Boniface Church and their marriage is put on record as being the first Catholic marriage ceremony ever performed in this city. To-day, after fifty years of married life, Mr. and Mrs. Mast again stand before the altar to renew their views which they made a half century ago.

Indian Territory Affairs.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., January 23.—Advices from Tahlequah say that great interest is manifested in the composition of the Cherokee delegation to Washington. Chief Mays will nominate twenty of his own party and two Nationals, aiming to divide the responsibility in case of unfavorable legislation in Congress

Stage Robbers Jailed.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., January 21.—The three Tibbess brothers were jailed at Fort Smith, charged with robbing the stage between Berryville and Carrolton, Ark., on the night of December 6. Two of the boys are twins. The evidence is circumstantial.

EAST ST. LOUIS.

Items of Interest From the City on the Other River Bank.

Louisa Haunter, a boarder at Tillie Redman's house on Short street, was about to depart for Chicago this morning without first settling her board bill, when the landlady, learning of her purpose, went to her and informed her that she could not go until she had first paid what she owed. A quarrel ensued and Louisa knocked the landlady down and gave her a severe beating. Tillie went at once before 'Squire Shea and swore out a warrant against Louisa, charging her with assault. Louisa was arrested.

A tramp named Pat Sarby slipped and fell near the East St. Louis Elevator this morning and broke his right arm. He was sent to the county farm.

Wm. H. Smith, a St. Louisan, came over here last night with a companion, and the two went to the boarding-house of Mrs. Julia Kenner in the First Ward, and there raised a disturbance. An officer was called in and Smith was arrested, but his friend escaped. Smith was fined $3 and costs by Squire Bunyan this morning.

Mike Enright, Wm. Morris and Sam Dee were arrested last night for raising a disturbance at Gross' saloon on Dyke avenue.

Albert Plant, the St. Louis hunter who was arrested Saturday for shooting a crow near the Relay Depot, was arraigned before Squire Bunyan this morning on a charge of discharging firearms within the city limits. He pleaded guilty and was fined $5 and costs.

Hiram Worth was arrested this morning on warrant sworn out by his father-in-law, charging him with using abusive language.

Mr. Henry C. Jackelsch, who made an assignment several weeks ago, has formed a stock company, and reopened his store.

CUT GLASS $3.50 TO $40.

☞See our wonderful reductions this week. Mermod & Jaccard Jewelry Co., 4th & Locust.

AMONG THE BROKERS.

Yavapai Out of Money—The Jumbo Shut Down—Mining Gossip.

Capt. Blue is organizing a syndicate to lease and work the Charter Oak.

⁂

The Summit County (Colo.) Leader accuses the local management of the Jumbo of "working out" Manager Nichols in the interest of a bear movement in the stock. Nichols has sold most of his stock. The Leader says: "Superintendent Yeatman of the Jumbo received orders from the company's office in St. Louis last Sunday ordering that all work should be immediately stopped. Accordingly all the men employed on the mine and mill, together with the mechanics and workmen employed in the construction of the new mill, were summarily discharged and paid off. Even the saw-mill was shut down, although there were logs on hand sufficient for sawing 50,000 feet of lumber to be used in the construction of the new mill. Between forty and fifty men were thus abruptly thrown out of employment and one of the best mining properties in the county, and, indeed, in the State, is now idle and unproductive. Several of the miners who were employed in the mine pronounce the reports that the ore had failed as absolutely false, and affirm positively that the mine looks better than ever before. It is a significant fact that the work of driving the new tunnel has not been discontinued. This tunnel will cut the ore body at 900 feet, or over 100 feet below the present deepest workings."

⁂

Col. Jas. Edwards has the Star mine, near Eureka, Nev., to place. He will take it East. The mine is to be sold by order of the Probate Court. It is a developed property with a forty-ton smelter on it. Col. Edwards will go East next week.

⁂

News has been received here of the sale of the Wide West group, near Hailey, Idaho, to an English syndicate. The price is supposed to be $250,000. The alien law is avoided by the transfer of the property to J. H. Brotherton of London, a gentleman who formerly lived in Illinois and who has never given up his American citizenship.

⁂

A carpenter named Snyder was on the street this morning with a device for tracing the existence of mineral. Like most mineral indicators it is mounted on a pliable switch. Snyder is a poor man, but he proposes to sell out all that he has and and go out to Prescott, Ariz., in the belief that his "discovery" will enrich him. He will find all the Western country filled with men owning "mineral indicators." They are valueless even if they operate as is claimed, for they will not show the extent or value of a body of mineral, and mineral can be found almost anywhere in a mining country.

⁂

The Yavapai Mining Company has run out of money, and the mill and mine are shut down as far as the company is concerned. One of the stockholders is engaged in sinking from the 800-foot level at his own expense. The Yavapai Company borrowed money of the stockholders some months ago to obtain a water supply, the gulch having run dry. At this time the mill was running on ore on the dump which was averaging $20 a ton. C. B. Foster took charge of the mine at this time and ran a tramway to the foot of the dump. The ore taken from the bottom of the pile only ran $14 to the ton. With a ten-stamp mill there was no profit in this ore. The money left after establishing the water supply was spent in development, but nothing satisfactory has been uncovered. The vein at the 800-foot level is too much broken. The money of the company having been exhausted, the mill was shut down and Manager Foster returned to Prescott. He retains the title of manager and continues the company's legal representative. John W. Cover, one of the largest stockholders, has begun sinking from the 800-foot level in hopes of finding the solid vein again. He will sink 50 to 100 feet and then drift. Mr. Cover has been one of the most steadfast friends the company has had. He contributed $2,500 to the loan.

⁂

Chas. Kauffman is busy with his report on the West Granite. It is now being run off on type-writer.

⁂

The regular Bi-Metallic report has been received. The Superintendent is hoisting ore regularly and has shipped two more cars. Returns from shipments are coming in very slowly, as the railroads are shut off by storms.

⁂

It is expected that work on the Tip-Top at Leadville will be resumed soon.

IMPRISONED FOR LIFE.

W. L. Lowe, a Colored Man, Who Killed the Destroyer of His Happiness.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

HELENA, Ark., January 23.—Mr. J. W. Langley arrived from Rosedale, Miss., last night with a trio of prisoners en route to the Jackson pen. The principal of the trio is W. L. Lowe. Lowe was quite a prominent politician in Bolivar County and represented his county in the State Legislature in 1886. He is a colored man of more than ordinary ability and is said to be quite an orator. He killed Charley Yeaman at Rosedale last Maach. Yeaman was too intimate with Lowe's wife and Lowe pursued him for several days and shot him down. He had the best legal talent in Mississippi to defend him, and after a lengthy trial was sentenced for life. J. D. Powell, a murderer sent up for ten years, and J. L. Brown, for grand larceny three years, complete the trio. Mr. Langley will leave this evening for Jackson over the L., N. O. & T. R. R.

Forming a Fair Association.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

HELENA, Ark., January 23. — Mr. Leon Berton, President of the Helena Fair Association, leaves this afternoon for Springfield, Moo., where he goes to attend a meeting of the Directors of the Sedalia, Springfield, Ft. Scott, Little Rock, Pine Bluff, Helena and Vicksburg Associations. The object of the meeting is to form a Southwestern Fair and Trotting Association which will enable those fairs to have better displays and secure good horses and stock.

Bitten by a Mad Colt.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

BOWLING GREEN, Mo., January 23.—A colt belonging to Thos. Moore, who resides near this place, was bitten by a mad dog thirty-eight days ago. Yesterday evening the colt became violently rabid and made an attack upon Mr. Moore, tearing his clothing into shreds, but fortunately not reaching the flesh. Mr. Moore was rescued from his dangerous position and the colt was shot.

CHAPPED hands result from two causes. Too much alkali in the soap, which draws the natural oil from the skin, leaving it harsh, dry, and liable to crack, or the fats, from which the soap is made, are not properly combined with the alkali, so, from its greasy nature, it is impossible to rinse off the soap after washing. Prof. Leeds, Ph. D., Stevens Institution of Technology, says: "The IVORY SOAP, while strongly cleansing, leaves the skin soft and pleasant to the touch, instead of harsh, uncomfortable, and liable to chap."

A WORD OF WARNING.

There are many white soaps, each represented to be "just as good as the 'Ivory';" they ARE NOT, but like all counterfeits, lack the peculiar and remarkable qualities of the genuine. Ask for "Ivory" Soap and insist upon getting it.

Copyright 1886, by Procter & Gamble.

☞LADIES☜
BE QUICK ABOUT IT.
Are you aware that you can BUY YOUR LITTLE DARLING'S
OVERCOAT
AT 50 CENTS ON THE DOLLAR?
PARENTS!
Are you aware that you can buy your BOYS' OVERCOATS
AT 50 CENTS ON THE DOLLAR at
ST. LOUIS Clothing Co.'s?
☞ Store open till 9 every night.

NEW QUARTERS.

The Hendricks Association Will Require a Hall—Political Notes.

The Hendricks Democratic Association will meet to-night to vote on the election of Thos. B. Harvey and a few other Democrats who wish to become members of the association. The association will also discuss the question of moving to more suitable quarters. The rooms at present occupied, at No. 818 Pine street, are too small to accomodate the increasing crowds that attend the regular weekly meetings of the association. As the election approaches the attendance will become larger. Mr. R. H. Kern has been charged with the selection of new quarters.

POLITICAL NOTES.

Chief Engineer Sutton of the School Board will not hand in his resignation, as requested, without a hearing before the Building Committee of the Board.

Owing to the absence of Judge Thayer of the United States District Court, who is visiting his father, no action was taken to-day in the election cases. The court will meet on the 6th prox. when Chamberlain's case will be disposed of.

Councilman Walter J. Blakely is named as a strong candidate for the Democratic nomination for Collector.

CLOCKS, FRENCH, $10 TO $200.

☞See our wonderful reductions this week. Mermod & Jaccard Jewelry Co., 4th & Locust.

LOCOMOTIVE FIREMEN.

Executive Committee of the Brotherhood in Session To-Day—The Ball.

A called meeting of the Executive Committee of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers connected with the Gould roads assembled this morning at Hurst's. The object of the meeting is the election of several officers and the discussion of a variety of matters pertaining to the interests of the brotherhood. No business of importance was transacted to-day, as several members of the committee have not yet arrived. The meeting will continue during to-morrow and next day. On Wednesday night a ball is to be tendered the visiting members of the order by Paragon Lodge of St. Louis. Those present are Edward Chamberlain of Little Rock, Chairman; J. E. Powers, Little Rock; Louis Homen, Denison, Tex.; D. P. Langton, Macon, Mo.; A. E. Altman, Taylor, Tex.; W. N. Mitchell, Sedalia, Mo.; L. E. Broaham, Palestine, Tex.; J. R. Jarratt, Little Rock, and T. J. Brick, Kansas City.

THE FIREMEN'S BALL.

Preparations for the Grand Event—Leading of the Grand March.

The following rules have been promulgated by the musical director of the Firemen's Ball, which takes place at Merchants' Exchange Hall Wednesday evening:

Gentlemen will not be permitted to enter the ball-room with overcoat or hat.

Ladies will not appear with hat or wrap.

All wraps, hats, etc., will be checked on the first floor.

Gentlemen are requested not to wear gloves.

Full dress as near as possible is desired.

The rules governing carriages are the same as the Veiled Prophet's ball.

The galleries will be open for spectators.

Grand march takes place promptly at 9 p. m.

The grand march will be lead by Mayor Francis, Chief Lindsay, ex-Chief H. Clay Sexton and other city officials.

An Exploded Sensation.

An inquest was held to-day on Genevieve Speckhals, who died at St. John's Hospital of metro-peritonitis, supposed to have been brought on by malpractice. Nothing to sustain this theory was learned. She came from Berger, Mo., was 24 years of age, unmarried, and was employed as a servant at a private residence on Olive street. Her statement to a physician at the hospital led him to believe she was in a delicate condition. She told him, however, that she had done nothing except dance all night one night. There was nothing developed at the inquest to show that anything criminal had been done. The verdict will be metro-peritonitis.

LATE COURT NOTES.

A Tobacco Vendor Hauled Up—Adjournment of the Federal Courts.

John Sweeney, who was arrested by the police, was brought before United States Commissioner Crawford at a late hour this afternoon charged with peddling tobacco in this city without a license. He came here a few days since from Kansas City and failed to give a satisfactory account for the tobacco found in his possession. The police brought the matter to the attention of the Federal authorities.

The Federal Courts stood adjourned until today, but owing to the absence of Judge Thayer, who is in attendance upon his sick father, the Marshal, by order of Court, announced an adjournment until February 6.

Judge Woerner is still holding sessions of the Probate Court, but it is expected that adjournment will be taken on Wednesday.

The following cases were dismissed in the Circuit Court this afternoon: Excelsior Electric Company vs. John A. Parker; Ramsey et. al. vs. Glover; Sparks vs. Fryday et. al.; Straat vs. Waldbart; City vs. Cary et. al.; Cable & Western Railway Company vs. Hinckley; Plogstert vs. Plogstert; Barret et. al. vs. Barret et. al.

Letters of admistration were granted this afternoon to Herman H. Knickmeyer, on the estate of Christiana Munter. The estate is valued at $600. The property is left to the niece, Julia Gollenberg.

The Stone Masons' Quarry and Building Association was incorporated to-day, with a capital stock of $12,000, half paid. The shares are held by Frank Fehlig, H. F. Gruetzemacher, A. Kleinhoffer, Joseph Frein and Conrad Kempff.

To-day's Judgments.

The following judgments were rendered this afternoon in the Circuit Court: McGarry vs. Missouri Pacific Railway Company; verdict for plaintiff for $1,000 and $500 for exemplary damages. Dugald Crawford vs. Alex. S. Mann; judgment against defendant for $456.83. Geo. Fox Starch Company vs. H. F. Harrington et al.; judgment by consent for plaintiff for possession and 1 cent damages; McCreary vs. Iron Mountain & Southern Railroad Company; judgment for defendant on pleading. St. Louis National Bank vs. Frank M. Weaver & Co.; judgment for plaintiff for $4,636.34 on eight counts; Fannie and Leopold Davidson vs. I. M. Mason, ex-Sheriff, judgment for plaintiff for possession and 1 cent damages; Litchenstein Bros. & Co. vs. H. J. Harrington, judgment for plaintiff for possession and 1 cent damages.

SCROFULA

Is that impurity of the blood which produces unsightly lumps or swellings in the neck; which causes running sores on the arms, legs, or feet; which develops ulcers in the eyes, ears, or nose, often causing blindness or deafness; which is the origin of pimples, cancerous growths, or "humors;" which, fastening upon the lungs, causes consumption and death. It is the most ancient of all diseases, and very few persons are entirely free from it.

How Can It Be CURED

By taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, which, by the remarkable cures it has accomplished, has proven itself to be a potent and peculiar medicine for this disease. If you suffer from scrofula, try Hood's Sarsaparilla.

"Every spring my wife and children have been troubled with scrofula, my little boy, three years old, being a terrible sufferer. Last spring he was one mass of sores from head to feet. We all took Hood's Sarsaparilla, and all have been cured of the scrofula. My little boy is entirely free from sores, and all four of my children look bright and healthy." W. B. ATHERTON, Passaic City, N. J.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

CONTINUATION OF THE GREAT DISSOLUTION SALE!

Many thousands of dollars' worth which we had no time to bring forward last week will be thrown upon our counters at 25c to 50c on the dollar. It will be impossible to find elsewhere such bargains as we offer. When you remember that we paid only **54c on the dollar** for one of the cleanest stocks of Dry Goods ever sold in any closing sale, the truth of this will be evident.

Penny and Gentles

Will bring forward every dollar's worth of this stock, and will make this the last chance of securing

THESE BARGAINS.

This week the following lots of L. J. SINGER'S portion of

Joseph Emmanuel & Co.'s

Stock of FIRST-CLASS DRY GOODS will be closed out:

SILKS.

At 25c.

Lot of Plain, Colored and Fancy Silks; Dissolution-sale price, 25c; regular price, 50c and 75c.

At 37½c.

Lot of Fancy and fine quality Glace Silks; Dissolution-sale price, 37½c; regular price, 60c.

At 49c.

Lot of Fancy Silks, Colored Silks and Colored Satins; Dissolution-sale price, 49c; regular price, 85c to 95c.

At 69c.

Lot of Colored Gros-grain Silks, fine quality; Dissolution-sale price, 69c; regular price, $1.

At 63c.

Lot of All-silk Black Satin Rhadame; Dissolution-sale price, 69c; regular price, $1.

At 89 and $1.19.

Lot of fine quality Black Gros-grain Silks; Dissolution-sale prices, 89c and $1.19; regular prices, $1.15 and $1.25.

CLOAKS!

At $1.95 and $2.95.

200 Ladies' Astrachan Cloth and Stockinette Jackets; Dissolution-sale prices, $1.95 and $2.95; regular prices, $7 to $9.

At $4.95.

53 Short Wraps, handsomely trimmed, also Plaid Newmarkets; Dissolution-sale price, $4.95; regular prices, $9 to $10.

At $12.50 and $13.50.

29 Short Plush and Astrachan "Modjeska" Short Wraps at $12.50 and $13.50; regular prices, $20 to $25.

At $29.50.

17 finest Silk Seal Plush Sacques, gotten up in best style and guaranteed, $29.50; regular price, $50.

73 Ladies' Suits in Brocade, Cashmere and Combinations, $2.95, $4.95 and $6.95; just 50c on the dollar.

Fine IMPORTED JERSEYS, 50c ON THE DOLLAR; Children's and Misses' Gossamers, 50c. Boys' Jersey Suits, heavy cloth, 4 to 10 years, $2 to $3; not 50c on the dollar.

BLANKETS.

Large White Blankets, $1.19; regular price, $1.75.

11-4 All Pure Wool White Blankets, $3.49; regular price, $5.50.

Closing out Soiled Blankets at half price.

Dress Goods.

At 25c.

40-inch ALL WOOL Check Suitings, 40-inch Ladies' cloth and 40-inch Plaid Cheviot Suitings; regular price, 50c; Dissolution-sale price, 25c.

At 39c.

Lot real French "Foule Cloth," 40-inch wide and ALL WOOL, imported to sell at 65c; Dissolution-sale price, 39c.

At 49c.

32 pieces real French "Fantazie Cloth," 42-inch wide, ALL PURE WOOL, cost to import 83c; Dissolution-sale price, 49c.

At 35c.

Lot imported Heather-mixed Suitings, in plain and plaids; regular price, 60c; Dissolution-sale price, 35c.

At 17½c.

30 pieces ALL WOOL Habit Cloth, worth 30c; Dissolution-sale price, 17½c.

At 10c.

3750 yards of Dress Goods, in Crepes, Cable Twills, Armures and Beiges, worth 20c; Dissolution-sale price, 10c.

At $3.75.

40-inch all-wool Combination Dress Patterns; former price, $7.50 and $10; Dissolution-sale prices, $3.75.

Our 1c Table.

At 1c.

Paper best American pins, card hooks and eyes, 11-in. whale-bone, best twilled cotton tape, 3-in. celluloid hairpins, 1 dozen fancy buttons, paper best English hairpins, box shoe blacking, 6-inch brass hairpins, trimming braids, steel thimbles, bone and shell crochet needles.

Black Dress Goods.

At 33 1-3c.

6 pcs All-wool Serge; Dissolution-sale price, 33⅓c regular price, 50c.

10 pcs assorted Grenadines; Dissolution-sale price from 15c to 65c; regular price from 35c to $1.25.

15 pcs All-wool French Armures and Brocades; Dissolution-sale price, 49c; regular price, 85c.

8 pcs All-wool French Satin Damier, Satin Jacquard and Satin Berber; Dissolution-sale price, 59c; regular price, $1.

5 pcs Satin Striped French Novelties; Dissolution-sale price, 75c; regular price, $1.25.

Linens and Domestics

At 19c.

50 dozen Knotted Fringe Towels; Dissolution-sale price, 19c; regular price, 30c.

At 22c.

75 dozen 23x46 Wash Huck Towels; Dissolution-sale price, 22c; regular price, 35c.

At $4.00.

Damask Table Sets, cloth, 3 yards long, with one dozen Napkins to match; Dissolution sale price, $4; regular price, $6.50.

At $2.50.

20 dozen Double Damask Napkins, size ¾; Dissolution-sale price, $2.50; regular price, $4.

At 59c.

5 pieces 70-inch Cream Damask; Dissolution-sale price, 59c; regular price, 75c.

At 35c.

10 pieces 58-inch Genuine Turkey Red Damask; Dissolution-sale price, 35c; regular price, 60c.

HOSIERY

At 10c.

28 dozen children's solid colored Cotton Hose, full regular made; sizes, 5, 5½, 6 and 6½; Dissolution-sale price, 10c; regular price, 30c.

At 15c.

33 dozen children's solid colored Cotton Hose, full regular made; sizes, 7, 7½, 8 and 8½; Dissolution-sale price, 15c; regular price, 35c.

At 15c.

17 dozen misses' fleece-lined Fancy Cotton Hose, embroidered knees, all sizes; Dissolution-sale price, 15c; regular price, 40c.

At 20c.

15 dozen children's all-wool Ribbed Hose, all sizes; Dissolution-sale price, 20c; regular price, 35c.

At 25c.

25 dozen children's all-wool Cashmere Hose, all sizes; Dissolution-sale price, 25c; regular price, 45c.

At 35c.

40 dozen ladies' all-wool Cashmere Hose, black and colored; Dissolution-sale price, 35c; regular price, 60c.

At 19c.

18 dozen ladies' black all-wool Cashmere Hose; Dissolution-sale price, 19c; regular price, 35c.

GLOVES.

At 15c.

Lot ladies' all-wool Cashmere Gloves; Dissolution-sale price, 15c; regular price, 35c.

At 25c.

Lot ladies' all-wool Cashmere Gloves, fine quality; Dissolution-sale price, 25c; regular price, 40c.

GINGHAMS AND SATTEENS!

At 4c.

32 pcs Shelburne Plaid Ginghams; Dissolution-sale price, 4c; regular price, 10c.

At 5c.

30 pcs Dress Ginghams and Crinkled Seersuckers; Dissolution-sale price, 5c; regular price, 15c.

At 8 1-3c.

29 pcs fine quality American Satteens; Dissolution-sale price, 8⅓c; regular price, 15c.

WHITE DRESS GOODS.

At 5c.

39 pcs white plaid Nainsook; Dissolution-sale price, 5c; regular price, 8⅓c.

At 8 1-3c.

42 pcs fine quality plaid Nainsook; Dissolution-sale price, 8⅓c; regular price, 12c.

At 10c.

28 pcs very sheer satin plaid India Linen; Dissolution-sale price, 10c; regular price, 20c.

Flannels! Flannels!

At 17c.

19 pcs pure indigo blue all wool heavy Twilled Flannel; Dissolution-sale price, 17c; regular price, 25c.

At 25c.

18 pcs fine all wool Basket Flannel; Dissolution-sale price, 25c; regular price, 50c.

At 35c.

17 pcs pure all wool Medicated Scarlet Flannel; Dissolution-sale price, 35c; regular price, 50c.

☛ Last week the crowds were immense. Prices made for this week should bring still greater. ☚

☛ Note—NO samples of these goods can be sent. ☚

PENNY & GENTLES, S. W. COR. BROADWAY and FRANKLIN AV.

PUBLIC WORK.

CONTRACTS FOR OVER A MILLION DOLLARS' WORTH TO BE LET BY THE CITY.

Property Owners Invited to a Conference Concerning Extensive Street Improvements—The Mallinckrodt Vacation Bill—Recorder Williams' Precinct Bill to Become a Law—Relief for the Garbage Contractor—Municipal Matters.

Contracts for public work aggregating over a million dollars will be let for early spring by the Board of Public Improvemnts. During the present week Street Commissioner Turner will report to the Board drafts of ordinances for street reconstructions to cost $593,430, of which amount $65,588 or about 12 per cent will be paid by the city. To-morrow afternoon the Board will meet to hear property owners on another batch of improvements. It is proposed to fully improve the following streets:

Morgan street, between Vandventer avenue and Sarah street.

Bell avenue, from 660 feet west of Grand avenue to Vandeventer avenue.

Obear avenue, between Blair avenue and Twentieth street.

Missouri avenue, between Miami street and Broadway.

Mallinckrodt street, between Twentieth and Twenty-third streets, running north.

Cabanne street, between Olive and Morgan streets.

Adams street, from Jefferson avenue eastwardly as far as opened.

Eads avenue, between California and Todd avenues.

North Market street, from Jefferson avenue to Elliot avenue.

Texas avenue, between Pestalozzi street and Arsenal street.

Belleglade avenue, between Easton and Kennerly avenue.

Second Carondelet avenue, between Sidney and Lynch streets.

Vandeventer avenue from Olive street to Page avenue, with wooden blocks.

Delmar avenue between Sarah and Taylor avenues.

Fall avenue between North Market street and Montgomery street.

St. Ferdinand avenue between Prairie avenue and Vandeventer avenue.

Virginia avenue between Geyer avenue and Russell avenue.

Cabanne avenue between Union avenue and Hamilton avenue.

Pine street, between Boyle avenue and Lay avenue, and between Vandeventer and Boyle avenue.

Palm street, between Nineteenth and Twentieth streets.

Besides these a number of petitions for opening and partially improving streets will be considered.

The reconstruction of a part of North Broadway, already under contract, and additional reconstructions on that highway will be begun in the course of the next two months. These public works and the extension of the low-service of the water-works to the Chain of Rocks will furnish employment to thousands during the year.

Fine Work in the House.

No bill introduced in the Municipal Assembly during the present session has been so actively lobbied for as the Main street vacation bill, which will come up to-morrow night in the House of Delegates for action on the Mayor's veto. Main street between Salisbury and Mallinckrodt street is now used by the Mallinkrodt Chemical-works exclusively and has been for a long time. When the Merchants' Terminal Railway Company was selecting a route they proposed to use this street. The chemical company opposed the grant of the right-of-way along Main street at that point and the route was finally changed. The Mallinckrodt Company then introduced a bill giving them legal possession of the street. This was passed, but subsequently vetoed by the Mayor, whose opposition, its advocates claimed, was earned by the conduct of the company in opposing the merchants' bill. The bill was sent back to the house, where its consideration has been postponed by some fine parliamentary work. It will come up to-morrow night as unfinished business, when an attempt will be made to pass the bill over the veto, if the necessary nineteen votes can be secured. If not, the consideration will probably be deferred again by adjournment, as its advocates have sufficient strength to carry such a motion as long as the docket is kept clear of other bills in which the delegates have conflicting interests.

To Become a Law.

The bill drawn up by Recorder of Voters Williams, reducing the number of voting precincts from 244 to 153, will be returned from the House of Delegates to the Council to-morrow evening for concurrence in two amendments, one of which consolidates two precincts in the Fourteenth ward and another changing the boundaries of one precinct in the Twenty-eighth ward. There is very little opposition to the bill, and as Recorder Williams has, in anticipation of the passage of the bill, made the consolidations, everything will be in readiness for the charter election in February. The bill has an emergency clause attached and will become a law at once.

Municipal Matters.

Both branches of the Municipal Assembly will meet to-morrow evening.

The Sanitary Committee of the Council will meet to-morrow afternoon to consider the skimmed-milk bill.

To-morrow evening the Council will vote Slop-Contractor James Hardy $1,000 relief for hardships imposed on him by the removal of the dumping wharf from Harrison street to Clinton street in September, 1884. This change necessitated the employment by the contractor of three extra colored men. He asks to be reimbursed for the additional expenditure.

LAMPS $3.50 TO $20.

☛ See our wonderful reductions this week. Mermod & Jaccard Jewelry Co., 4th & Locust.

THE HORSE TRADE IN IOWA.

A Gentleman From Burlington Gives Some Interesting Facts and Figures.

Mr. H. Hardy, a large stock-raiser of Burlington, Io., in conversation with a POST-DISPATCH reporter said: "Few people outside of the State have little idea of the immense increase in the horse trade of Iowa. A few years ago we exported very few horses, and never could compete with Kentucky, Illinois or Missouri. But since the great growth of the Northwest, our horse trade has increased at least 400 per cent, and the demand for Iowa stock is continually growing. The reason of this change is that experience has proved that the horses bred in States further South cannot begin to endure the severe winters as the Iowa horses can, and are not nearly so useful as our stock anywhere north of the southern line of Minnesota. We do not undertake to raise any fast trotters, or indeed any light carriage teams, confining our attention to horses weighing over 1,100 pounds. By careful breeding and watchful management we have produced a breed of heavy carriage and medium and heavy draught horses that in my opinion can scarcely be equaled anywhere, and our horses bring from $30 to $40 more a head than animals from other States of similar grade. The experience of each winter convinces the Minnesota people more strongly that our horses, for their use, are the best in the country, and this year there has been a most active demand from Dakota. The result has been a very large increase in the acreage devoted to stock-raising, the importation of a large number of blooded horses, and a general prosperity among the stockmen. We today practically monopolize the Northern market, a most excellent one and where prices are very high, but we do not intend to rest satisfied with this, but are going to turn our attention to the Eastern and Western markets and endeavor to breed fast driving stock. A number of fine horses have been bought in Missouri and Illinois, and within three or four years Iowa will take a foremost position as a horse-breeding State.

ALBUMS $3 TO $12.

☛ See our wonderful reductions this week. Mermod & Jaccard Jewelry Co., 4th & Locust.

Mysterious Murder.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., January 23.—The body of John McNish was found in the Holston River, near Newmarket, Tenn., yesterday afternoon. The indications are that death occurred only a few days ago, although McNish was last seen at the Steel-house in Newmarket six weeks ago. There is strong evidence that the deceased was murdered.

Obituary.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

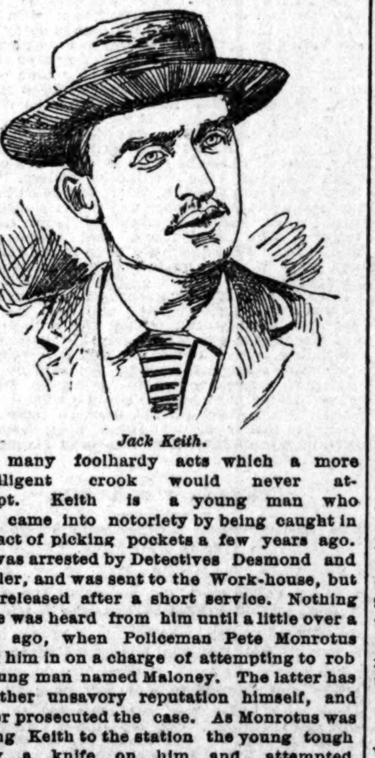
GREENVILLE, Ill., January 23.—William Burns, father of James C. Burns, Principal of the public schools, died last night at 8:30, of cystitis. The remains will be taken to Graysville to-night for burial. Mr. Burns was 75 years old and came here in November for the benefit of his health.

A TOUGH'S CAREER.

JACK KEITH, A FOOLHARDY CROOK, CAPTURED BY THE POLICE.

His Record in St. Louis—Two Attempts to Kill Policemen—Petty Offenses He Has Committed—Attempt to Hold Up a Cab-Driver Yesterday—Three Warrants Issued Against Him To-Day.

Three warrants were taken out to-day against Jack Keith, who was arrested at 5:45 o'clock yesterday morning by Policeman Pat Hannon at Seventh and Spruce streets. Keith is not a smart criminal, but is probably the most daring and reckless one in the city. His very lack of smartness leads him to commit many foolhardy acts which a more intelligent crook would never attempt. Keith is a young man who first came into notoriety by being caught in the act of picking pockets a few years ago. He was arrested by Detectives Desmond and Lawler, and was sent to the Work-house, but was released after a short service. Nothing more was heard from him until a little over a year ago, when Policeman Pete Monrotus took him in on a charge of attempting to rob a young man named Maloney. The latter has a rather unsavory reputation himself, and never prosecuted the case. As Monrotus was taking Keith to the station the young tough drew a knife on him and attempted to cut the officer. Monrotus was too quick, however, and wrested the weapon from him. Keith's record was well commenced them. Soon after his release he was arrested by Detectives Burke and McGrath on suspicion. He was turned loose, rearrested again and fined $500 in the Police Court for vagrancy and given hours to leave the city. He left and returned again last December. On the night of January 2 Policeman Monrotus saw him and another man, who proved to be Robert Murphy, watching a house at Twenty-third and Eugenia streets. He watched them and they moved up into the saloon under the Euterpe Hall, Jefferson avenue and Walnut street. Up to this time he did not know them. As he entered the place one of the fellows darted out. He



Jack Keith.

SAW IT WAS KEITH

and pursued him. The young man darted through a vacant lot at Twenty-third and Eugenia streets, and as Monrotus followed fired two shots at the policeman. Keith jumped the fence of the church yard at Twenty-third street and Clark avenue and gave the officer the "slip" by doubling on him. Monrotus went back to the saloon and captured Murphy, who was wanted on a charge of assaulting and attempting to rob Thomas Conroy, a grocer at Fifteenth and Poplar streets. At 2 o'clock Sunday morning, January 8, Patrolman Downey met Keith and his brother in a saloon on Chouteau avenue. When he was told it was Keith he attempted to arrest him, but Keith fired at him and ran, making his escape by jumping a fence. In his flight the young hoodlum dropped his revolver. Since then the police have watched his house at Nineteenth and Poplar streets constantly, but have never been able to catch a glimpse of him. Yesterday morning Keith and a companion attempted to hold up and rob Joseph Edwards, a negro cab driver, at Seventh and Spruce streets. Keith grabbed the reins of the horse while his companion ordered Edwards to hold up his hands and be searched. The thoroughly frightened negro cried "Murder!" and "Police!" and jumping from his cab ran into a saloon. Both highwaymen ran up Spruce street, Keith running right into Patrolman Hannon's arms. Hannon caught hold of him and there was a brief struggle, which terminated by the officer felling him with a blow of his club. At the Four Courts Keith gave the name of John Down, but Clerk Fogarty recognized him and received a violent tongue-lashing from the prisoner for his pains.

THE POLICE ARE JUBILANT

over the capture. They think that after Keith's trouble here with Officer Downey he went to Kansas City. He is known to have been there in December. On the 27th of that month J. A. Hanley of No. 225 West Eleventh street, that city, was held up and robbed of a gold watch. Four other highway robberies were committed on that night. L. E. Lewis, R. S. Hawkins, Mrs. Huth and two daughters and two colored barbers were held up. The Kansas City police say these robberies were committed by a gang led by "Jack Keefe," an ex-convict, who came to St. Louis next morning. This is supposed to be Keith, who did return at that time. The description of the man answers Keith exactly, except as to age. He is 22 years, while Chief Speers of Kansas City gives him as from 32 to 35 years. Another crime Keith is suspected of being in there is the attempted robbery and murder of Allen M. Hynson on Tenth and Tracy streets on the night of January 12. It was committed by two men. He denies having been in Kansas City at all and does not like to talk about the place.

OF THE WARRANTS

taken out against him to-day here, two are for assaults to kill Policemen Monrotus and Downey and one for attempted highway robbery on Edwards. If any case can be made against him in Kansas City he will be sent there. Several years ago Keith was arrested in Kansas for highway robbery, convicted and sentenced to ten years in the penitentiary at Leavenworth, Kans. After serving three or four years he was released on account of extreme youth. He admits shooting at the officers here to kill and says he did so because he did not want to be captured and sent to the Workhouse on that old execution.

CHANGE OF TIME AND THROUGH CAR SERVICE,

Via Missouri Pacific Railway.

Train leaving St. Louis at 9 a. m. has a Pullman Parlor Car to Kansas City and a Pullman Buffet Sleeping Car to Galveston, Tex. Train leaving St. Louis at 8:20 p. m. has a Pullman Buffet Sleeping Car to Kansas City, a Pullman Buffet Sleeping Car to St. Joseph and a Pullman Buffet Sleeping Car to Wichita, Kan., shortening the time to Southwest Missouri and Southern Kansas points. Train leaving St. Louis at 9:15 p. m. has a Pullman Buffet Sleeping Car to San Antonio, Tex., a Pullman Buffet Sleeping Car to Denison, Tex., and a Pullman Buffet Sleeping Car to Kansas City via Lexington, Mo.

A BIG SAND-BAR

Which Threatens to Cut the North St. Louis Wharf Off Entirely.

The indications are that the channel of the river this winter has shifted so as to leave a big bank of sand all along the river front, from Bremen avenue down to Harrison street. This result threatens to cut off direct communication with the wharf, except such as there may be in the average body of water in the river. Along that portion of the river front is the Eau Claire Lumber Company's Landing, where every season 40,000,000 feet of lumber is handled, and where also I. J. Buckley's landing is located, and also the landing for the Union Stock Yards Company. There is some uneasiness among the lumbermen and others interested. As soon as the ice is carried out a survey of the situation will be made. During the greater part of the past year the channel on the east side of the river directly opposite was in the same position and no communication could be had by river with Venice or the big Venice elevator. The Venice ferry-boat Carlos S. Greeley was forced to land a mile north, and the transfer of cars was carried on at the East St. Louis landings.

12 Toboggans, $3.

Latest Canadian photos made by Scholten.

In Hard Luck.

LANCASTER, Pa., January 23.—The licenses of sixty-six hotel and saloon keepers and nine wholesale liquor dealers in this county expired Saturday night, and the proprietors will be compelled to stop selling until the 1st of April, when the court will grant licenses under the new law.

DESSERT PLATES $2.25 TO $50.

☛ See our wonderful reductions this week. Mermod & Jaccard Jewelry Co., 4th & Locust.

PROHIBITION IN MAINE.

The Supreme Court Knocks Out the Prima Facie Clause.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

PORTLAND, Me., January 23.—The Supreme Court, in a test case made Saturday, has pulled all the teeth from the new "prima facie clause" in the liquor law passed last year. In the case of the State against one barrel of brandy (C. H. Guppy, claimant), which was tried in the Superior Court of Cumberland County, the presiding Judge instructed the jury, as a matter of law, that the fact of the payment of the United States liquor tax, unless explained, was conclusive evidence that the person paying it was a common seller of intoxicating liquors. To this instruction the defendant excepted. Judges Walton, Peters, Virgin, Libby, Foster and Haskell concur in the opinion just filed upon the point raised in this exception. Discussing the prima facie clause, they say: "Does it impose upon the court the duty of instructing the jury, as a matter of law, that proof of such payment will make it their duty to find the defendant guilty whether they believe him to be so or not? It is a sufficient answer to say that a jury cannot be so instructed in any criminal case. The right of trial by jury is given by the Constitution, and it is not within the province of the Legislature to enact a law which will destroy or materially impair the right. The very essence of 'trial by jury' is the right of each juror to weigh the evidence for himself, and in the exercise of his own reasoning faculties determine whether or not the facts involved in the issue are proved, and if this right is taken from the juror, if he is not allowed to use his own reasoning faculties, but, on the contrary, is obliged to accept the evidence at the weight which others have affixed to it, and to retain and affirm a verdict which he does not believe to be true, or of the truth of which he has reasonable doubts, then very clearly the substance, the very essence of 'trial by jury' will be taken away, and its form only will remain. And if the enactment under consideration must be construed as having this effect, then very clearly it is unconstitutional and void. But we do not think it is necessary so to construe it. We have many similar statutes, in some of which the words used are 'prima facie evidence,' and in others the words are 'presumptive evidence.' We cannot doubt that these phrases are intended to convey the same idea. Thus the possession of a dead bird at certain seasons of the year and the possession of a mutilated, uncooked lobster are declared to be prima facie evidence that the former was unlawfully killed, and that the latter was less than 10½ inches long when taken, while the possession of a salmon less than 9 inches in length, or of a trout less than 5 inches in length is declared to be presumptive evidences that they were unlawfully taken. Similar provisions exist with respect to the possession of the carcasses of moose and deer at those seasons of the year when it is unlawful to hunt or kill them.

"Can it be doubted," says the court, "that these provisions all mean the same thing? We think not, and we are not aware that either of them has ever been construed as making it obligatory upon the jury to find the defendant guilty whether they believe him to be so or not. They mean that such evidence is competent and sufficient to justify a jury in finding a defendant guilty provided it does, in fact, satisfy them of his guilt beyond a reasonable doubt, and not otherwise. It would not be just to the Legislature to suppose that by any of these enactments they intended to make it obligatory upon the jury to find a defendant guilty, whether they believed him to be so or not. It is a well-settled rule of construction that if a statute is susceptible of two interpretations, and one of the interpretations will render the statute unconstitutional and the other will not, the latter should be adopted. If it be thought that these statutes and especially the one now under consideration, if construed as above indicated, add nothing to the weight of such evidence, it will be well to remember that declaratory statutes are not uncommon and are not always useless. They often serve to remove doubts and to give certainty and stability to a rule of law which it did not before possess, and that in these places the act under consideration may be regarded as a wise and useful enactment. The ruling of the Justice of the Superior Court being in harmony with this interpretation of the statute, the exceptions must be sustained and a new trial granted.

Needs Help.

A case that is worthy of the attention of charitable people is that of Mrs. Garvey, living in the rear of 1328 North Eighth street. She is in a destitute condition with two young children, one of them born this morning and the other seriously ill. Mrs. Garvey has not heard from her husband, who left last November and can get no work.

MUSIC BOXES 75 CTS. TO $450.

☛ See our wonderful reductions this week. Mermod & Jaccard Jewelry Co., 4th & Locust.

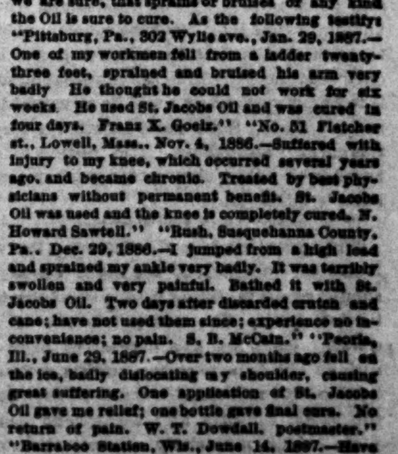
ONLY NATURAL.

The Female Railroad President a Target for Letter-Writers.

DOVER, N. H., January 23.—Up to the appearance in the papers of Wednesday last of the picture and sketch of Mrs. Mary E. H. G. Dow, President of the Dover Horse Railroad Company, her average amount of mail received was about twenty pieces a week. On Friday she received seventy-three pieces and Saturday 111. One-third of the matter each day was business circulars from car and steel rail manufacturers, horse dealers, etc. Of the letters received many were from schoolmates and old-time friends long-forgotten and many supposed to have been dead. They offered profuse congratulations. Ten letters were from type-writer manufacturers and seventeen from those desirous of being private secretaries or clerks. Then there were letters from poor distressed people who wanted the new President to send them some relief. One clergyman in Long Island wanted a check for any sum to help along his struggling Sunday school. The cranks were also heard from. One of them, writing from New York City, sent a poetic effusion congratulating through Mrs. Dow the woman suffragists of the country on her election and prognosticating a female President of the United States by the year 1900. Mrs. Dow has to call on her young lady friends to help her wade through this heavy pile of correspondence. Mrs. Dow rather seems to enjoy the attention the public is now paying her, but it will not prevent her keeping an eye to the business of the road.

NEXT Sunday the Grand Lodge of the District of Missouri, F. S. of I., an influential Jewish secret and benevolent organization, will convene at Druids' Hall, Ninth and Market street. The delegates will stop at the Southern.

A FUNNY WORLD.



The hardest "tough" in the city lay nigh to the throes of death, and the pains which twisted his muscles were enough to shorten his breath. And another came to console him, but called him a "hardened wretch," and the "tough" reached down for a boot-jack and "caught him an ugly fetch." And strange as the story seemeth, the first 'scaped deadly toil—while the other was killed with the boot-jack—he was cured by St. Jacob's Oil. So the Oil was true to its mission, but it's rather a sing'lar fact that a wretch should live in spite of all and a good man go to rack. We know not why these things should be, but of one thing we are sure, that sprains or bruises of any kind the Oil is sure to cure. As the following testify: "Pittsburg, Pa., 302 Wylie ave., Jan. 29, 1887.—One of my workmen fell from a ladder twenty-three feet, sprained and bruised his arm very badly. He thought he could not work for six weeks. He used St. Jacobs Oil and was cured in four days. Franz X. Goelz." "No. 51 Fletcher st., Lowell, Mass., Nov. 4, 1886.—Suffered with injury to my knee, which occurred several years ago, and became chronic. Treated by best physicians without permanent benefit. St. Jacobs Oil was used and the knee is completely cured. N. Howard Sawtell." "Rush, Susquehanna County, Pa., Dec. 29, 1886.—I jumped from a high load and sprained my ankle very badly. It was terribly swollen and very painful. Bathed it with St. Jacobs Oil. Two days after discarded crutch and cane; have not used them since; experience no inconvenience; no pain. S. B. McCain." "Peoria, Ill., June 29, 1887.—Over two months ago fell on the ice, badly dislocating my shoulder, causing great suffering. One application of St. Jacobs Oil gave me relief; one bottle gave final cure. No return of pain. W. T. Dowdall, postmaster." "Barraboo Station, Wis., June 14, 1887.—Have not felt the least effects from my hurts since I was cured three years ago. I fell from my engine and struck my back; thought the life was knocked out of me. S. W. Dixon." And so the list goes on to show innumerable cases that have been promptly cured, and it is a funny world that it has not found it out.

St. Louis Post-Dispatch,

PUBLISHED BY
THE DISPATCH PUBLISHING CO.,
JOSEPH PULITZER, President.

[Entered at the Post-Office at St. Louis, Mo., as second-class mail matter.]

TERMS OF THE DAILY.

One year, postage paid, every afternoon and Sunday morning..........$10 00
Six months..........5 00
Three months..........2 50
By the week (delivered by carrier)..........20
Sunday Edition, by mail, per year..........2 00

Subscribers who fail to receive their paper regularly will confer a favor upon us by reporting the same to this office by postal card.

THE WEEKLY.

One year, postage paid..........$1 00
Six months, postage paid..........60

All business or news letters or telegrams should be addressed
POST-DISPATCH,
515 and 517 Market street.

TELEPHONE NUMBERS.

Editorial Rooms..........501
Business Office..........558

London Office, 32 Cockspur Street, Charing Cross.

HIGH-WATER MARK, 54,420.

The circulation of the DAILY POST-DISPATCH in the City of St. Louis is larger every week than that of any other newspaper in the City.

MONDAY, JANUARY 23, 1888.

AMUSEMENTS TO-NIGHT.

OLYMPIC—"Harbor Lights."
GRAND—"Still Alarm."
PEOPLE'S—"Dead to the World."
POPE'S—Prof. Bartholomew's Horse-Show.
STANDARD—"Kit, the Arkansas Traveler."
CASINO—Novelty Company.

MATINEES TO-MORROW.
CASINO—Novelty Company.

The indications for twenty-four hours, commencing at 3 p. m. to-day, for Missouri are: Colder, fair weather; light to fresh northerly winds.

THE Thoebe contest is a fraud and should be disposed of without ceremony.

THE Pennsylvania pig-iron men should now howl for protection against Alabama iron.

THE President is a pretty big man even in Pennsylvania, and nobody has learned the fact more thoroughly than Mr. RANDALL.

PRESIDENT CORBIN of the Reading road has condescended to tell the public a part of the truth about the mismanaged Reading Railroad & Coal Company.

THE Blair educational bill has now reached the point where it proves a public benefit by blocking the progress of other surplus-spending schemes.

PRINCE FERDINAND is not as secure on his throne as he was a few months ago. The Bulgarian throne is getting to be as hard to sit on as the trick-mule in a circus.

BOSS PLATT is rapidly becoming the Mahone of New York, and he may soon try the plan of compelling candidates for the Legislature to give pocket pledges before permitting them to be nominated.

THOUGH the English neglected to celebrate the birthday of Lord BYRON it was duly commemorated in Greece, where the poet's efforts in behalf of Grecian independence are still fresh in the minds of the people.

EDITOR O'BRIEN'S sojourn in Tullamore jail has not affected his power as a campaign speaker, and he has shown himself still able to make it uncomfortable for Mr. BALFOUR and the Tory Government in Ireland.

SOME of the political cranks of the hour want to maintain the war tariff because it is one of the "fruits of the war," and they want to abolish the internal revenue system for the same reason This is a fair specimen of war-tariff logic.

"THE defeat of Mr. RANDALL," says the Philadelphia Inquirer, "may cost the Democratic party the loss of the next President." This statement is open to objection, both as to grammar and prophecy. The defeat of Mr. RANDALL may cost the Democrats Pennsylvania, but they have learned how to spare Pennsylvania in presidential elections.

THE recent severe cold weather has been a hard test to the newly-finished Citizens' Cable plant and to the patience and good nature of the thousands who patronize that line. But the sensible view to take of it is that the inconvenience is only temporary, while the improvement is to be permanent and will be so valuable as to more than compensate for any temporary annoyance. The people who have tried cable cars never wish to go back to horse power.

THE appeal made in the Saturday POST-DISPATCH in behalf of the Light Cavalry should result in filling up the company to its full limit. The heavy expense of a cavalry company has heretofore been a serious obstacle to such a militia organization, but now the Government supplies the arms, uniform and equipment complete, which materially reduces the expenses. The Armory furnishes a very fine arena for mounted drill and stabling for the horses, and taken altogether there is probably no other city in the Union which offers as many inducements to "join the cavalry." A crack cavalry company would give St. Louis a great deal of prestige in militia circles, and there is certainly no lack of young men to fill the rolls.

GOV. LARRABEE of Iowa urges the State Legislature to enact more statutes prohibiting the railroads from doing various things. But Gov. PATTISON of Pennsylvania is the only Governor who has ever yet suggested the means of making railroads refrain from doing prohibited things. So long as their officers and agents can evade or violate laws without being held for criminal prosecution and punishment it will be found impossible to secure a strict observance of law from the railroads. We put bank officers in the penitentiary for illegal acts far less injurious to the public than many of the violations of law which in railroad officers are not even indictable as misdemeanors.

THE new patent "economizer" to beat the meter seems to be offered too late for effective use. The Trust, from the appearance of the street lamps last night, has surely got in ahead of that patent with an "economizer" that operates in harmonious collaboration with the meter to beat the consumer. The Trust's "economizer" performs the double feat of increasing the registering speed of the meters and helping the Gas Inspector's tests to credit sixteen-candle power to a poor little yellow tallow-dip flame. On Sunday night, when the myriad burners of the business houses and factories were turned off, and when, if ever, the increased pressure should have given a good light in the street lamps, they were about as luminous as a six-bit Buckeye lantern burning a half-inch coal-oil wick.

THE Democratic State Committee of Pennsylvania has been wrested from RANDALL'S control by Congressman SCOTT of Erie and has adopted a resolution warmly approving the President's tariff reform position. That such a revolution has been wrought in the stronghold of monopoly and subsidy influence, and by one of Pennsylvania's millionaire manufacturers, too, is a proof that common sense on the tariff question is getting a pretty good foothold even in Pennsylvania. Another cheering evidence of this is an article in that earnest protection advocate, the Philadelphia Times, warning the sincere friends of American industry that, if they would protect protection, "they must promptly separate it from the extortion of trusts and monopolies." Citing the steel rail trust as an example of the abuse of protection for the exclusive benefit of a robber combination, the Times says that such arbitrary restraint of trade and oppression of consumers would not be tolerated even in despotic Russia. There was a time when every step towards reforming this oppression was howled at in Pennsylvania as mere "free-trade hostility to American industry," and when the light of tariff reform begins to glimmer even there we may rest assured that it is broad day everywhere else.

METROPOLITAN PRESS.

What the Editors of the New York Journals Are Saying This Morning.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

NEW YORK, January 23.—The WORLD says: "As a matter of history, Mr. Carlisle's majority in his district has been greater than the entire vote cast for Mr. Thoebe, when a real contest has been made. At the election last year there was no contest, but no portion of Mr. Carlisle's majority of 825 has ever been impeached by any evidence worthy of the name. The contest was manufactured by a fee-hunting attorney, who pretended to be able to command the assistance of rich protectionist Democrats and their Republican sympathizers. If the Democratic members are not on hand to-day to confirm their Speaker's right to his seat, they deserve to be beaten and made ridiculous."

THE TRIBUNE.

The Tribune says: "The Carlisle case still hangs fire in the House, but the Democrats hope to be able to make an end of it to-day. As it stands, the situation must be a decidedly unpleasant one for a man like the Speaker. If his sense of honor were as keen as has sometimes been supposed, he would insist on the most thorough investigation possible."

THE TIMES.

The Times says: "The information given to the Government that we are to be favored with the arrival on the Pacific coast of sundry graduates from the penal colony of New Caledonia, will enable the people of California to sympathize more appreciatively with the complaints made against the French settlement by various islands in the South Seas, little and big. It does not appear whether it is with or without the connivance of any responsible officials in the colony that this contribution is offered to our population, but forewarned is forearmed, and it is quite certain that with the precautions already taken, the would-be visitors will not be able to land. Decisive action in the matter is the best safeguard against repetitions of the experiment."

ANSWERS TO CORRESPONDENTS.

SUBSCRIBER.—No time has been fixed for the next civil-service examination for carriers.

R. W. COCHRAN, Antioch, Ark.—There is no such paper as the Weekly Press printed in this city.

TEXAS SUBSCRIBER.—Write to the paper which contained the article to which you refer.

M., Hannibal, Mo.—We cannot give you the quotations on French coins. Consult a dealer.

S. F. L., Beebe, Ark.—There is no difference in the surface covered by "a square yard" and by "a yard square."

ST. LOUIS CRANKS.—There are four cases in the German language, viz:. nominative, genative, dative and accusative.

SUBSCRIBER.—The population of the cities you name is as follows according to the latest figures obtainable: New York, 1,500,000; Philadelphia, 1,043,696; Chicago, 850,000; Brooklyn, 757,755; Boston, 425,000; Baltimore, 480,000; St. Louis, 500,000; San Francisco, 305,000; Cincinnati, 280,000; New Orleans, 263,000.

Destroying One Man's Appetite.

From the Detroit Tribune.

"For ten years past," said the new boarder, "my habits have been regular as clock work. I rose on the stroke of 6; half an hour later I sat down to breakfast; at 7 I was at work, dined at 12, ate supper at 6 and was in bed at 9:30, ate only hearty food and hadn't a sick day in all that time."

"Dear me," said the deacon, in sympathetic tones, "what were you in for?"

MR. W. C. STEIGERS
Will call on merchants wishing to contract for advertising in POST-DISPATCH. Telephone 558.

IN SOCIETY.

ITEMS OF INTEREST ABOUT PERSONS WELL KNOWN IN ST. LOUIS.

A Trio of Weddings Which Will Be Solemnized Next Wednesday—Society Notes, Personals and Gossip.

Miss Paige of Iowa has arrived to visit Bishop and Mrs. Tuttle.

Mr. and Mrs. D. P. Bailey are spending a month in the East.

The Paragon Club have issued invitations to their annual masquerade.

Miss Louie Thompson of 4147 Washington avenue is entertaining Miss Wilson of Boston.

Mrs. James O'Fallon is entertaining at Hotel Beers her niece, Miss Cuzet, of Newport, Ky.

Miss Minnie Russell is at home again after visiting friends at several points in the interior.

Miss Mary Tate is expected home the latter part of the week from Keokuk, where she has visited friends.

Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Bascom and son left on Saturday night for the East, to be absent only about a fortnight.

Mrs. O. H. Peckham is entertaining her mother from Geneva, N. Y. She gives a reception on Thursday.

Miss Annie Lewis will return from Louisville, where she is making a short visit, before the Lenten season sets in.

Miss Winston of Lexington, Ky., is spending the gay season with her aunt, Mrs. Wm. G. Day of Washington avenue.

Dr. and Mrs. P. G. Robert give a large reception this evening from 8 to 12 o'clock complimentary to Bishop and Mrs. Tuttle.

The marriage of Miss Kitty Thierauf to Mr. George Senot will take place February 1 at the residence of Miss Sarah Symes in Chicago.

Miss Lulie Keller leaves to-day with her father to spend the remainder of the season at the South, visiting New Orleans and Florida.

Mr. and Mrs. James Bannerman have given up their house on Lucas avenue and gone to the Southern Hotel again to reside there.

Mrs. Dr. Cooper of Jefferson, Tex., who has been visiting Mrs. Edgar Fleming, left on Saturday to visit her old home at Carrollton.

Mr. and Mrs. Alvin Bryan have gone to the Sandwich Islands for an absence of six weeks, having sailed from San Francisco ten days ago.

Mr. Aaron Prince of Cincinnati, who has been spending the past fortnight with his mother and sisters on Laclede avenue, returns home to-day.

Miss Carrie Cook, who is spending the season delightfully with Miss Louise Taylor, at Jefferson Tex., will not return home before the early spring.

Mrs. Samuel C. Clubb, who has been with her sister in Cincinnati for several months, returns about the 1st of February to her home on Lucas avenue.

Miss Celeste Speck has recovered from the effects of her fall on the ice and is out again, wearing a becoming ribbon band about her hair as a souvenir.

Mr. and Mrs. Socrates Newman left on Tuesday for the South to be absent several weeks. Miss Mimi Newman did not accompany them, but will go about the 1st of February.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles F. Hintze of 3919 Washington avenue will celebrate the second anniversary of their marriage on Thursday evening. There will be about seventy-five guests in attendance.

Mrs. Harry Thompson has returned to Kentucky after a delightful visit of a couple of months to her father's family. She had many delightful entertainments given in her honor while here.

Miss Marie Puegnet of Franklin avenue gives an evening party to-night to a company of seventy-five ladies and gentlemen, from 8 to 12 o'clock, complimentary to her guest, a young lady from Lexington, Ky.

Mrs. James Green leaves to-day for St. Paul, to spend some weeks with her sister and enjoy the ice carnival. Afterward she will go South, visiting several points while absent. Miss Laura Green will not accompany her mother.

Miss Mamie Clark of Montgomery City has arrived to accompany her aunt, Mrs. Bathurst Smith, to Florida. Mrs. Smith has suffered from the rigors of our northern winter, and though now convalescent, will be obliged to spend the remainder of the season in the South.

The Monday Musicale met this afternoon at the residence of Col. and Mrs. McLlaran of Lindell and Grand avenues, entertained by their daughter, Mrs. Joseph De Forest, who is one of the active members. Handel and his works formed the subject of discussion and programme for to-day.

A new progressive euchre club has been organized in the West End, with the following members: Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Thompson, Mr. and Mrs. Truman Riddle, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Riddle, Mr. and Mrs. Lester Hall, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Lyle, Mr. and Mrs. Will Hills, Mr. and Mrs. George Riddle, Miss Wilson and Miss Louie Thompson. They will meet every fortnight.

Wednesday's Weddings.

There are three weddings underlined for Wednesday.

The first will be the marriage of Miss Emma Adams, daughter of Mrs. G. M. Adams, to Mr. John Murdock Dickson, which will take place at St. Alphonsus Church at 11 o'clock in the morning with nuptial mass.

The second will be that of Miss Annie Larkin, daughter of Mrs. Mary C. Larkin, to Mr. Wilbur Noel Beal, which will be solemnized on Wednesday afternoon at 5 o'clock at the Church of the Immaculate Conception, and followed by a reception at the family residence on Chestnut street.

The third wedding of the day will be that of Miss Blanche Meyerson, daughter of Mrs. L. G. Meyerson, who will be married to Mr. Jerome Karst on the same afternoon, Wednesday, the 25th, at 5 o'clock, at the Church of the Annunciation, followed by a reception.

JULY, AUGUST AND WINTER.

The Three Seasons Enjoyed by the Resident of Duluth and Thereabouts.

Wm. H. Ainsworth of Duluth arrived in this city this morning and registered at the Laclede. "We have had a very severe spell of weather lately," said Mr. Ainsworth to a POST-DISPATCH reporter, "but nothing like so trying as that further West. We get the cold, but not the winds, and while the thermometer has sunk very low not a single death from exposure has been reported. I think that the country at large should be informed of the difference in climate between the lake country and that lying west of us, as we have already suffered greatly from the bad reputation of the Northwest in general, and most unjustly, for our climate is not nearly so severe as that of Central and Western Minnesota and all Dakota. As a proof of this I can mention the fact that scarcely a lumberman has been frozen to death during the last five years, although they are exposed continually to the inclemencies of the weather and are without shelter for several days at a time. We have really a fine climate, the only objection to it being, as a friend of mine once said, that we have but three seasons, July, August and winter. But the winters are healthy and men, women and children go about the streets during every day of the year, a thing that is impossible in many sections that show a far higher mean temperature. To be sure, ice can be found in sheltered spots until the middle of June, but life is safe on the bitterest winter day, and our people really think little of the cold. If people only understood the difference between our climate and that of Dakota our already large immigration would be very considerably increased."

Death of Felix Coste.

Felix Coste, Secretary and Treasurer of the Westliche Post Association, died yesterday at his residence, No. 10 Nicholson place. Mr. Coste has been ill for some time and his death was not unexpected. Mr. Coste was born in Berlin, December 12, 1820. In 1848 he came to St. Louis, where he spent all the rest of his life. He was at one time engaged in the real estate business and has been a member of the State Senate, President of the School Board, Collector of the Port and United States Marshal. He leaves a large family. His funeral will take place from his late residence to-morrow at 10 o'clock.

Two Failures.

NEW YORK, January 23.—M. & E. Solomon, tobacco dealers at 85 Maiden lane, made an assignment to-day with preferences aggregating $61,892. The assignment schedules of John Thompson, dealer in beads, fancy goods, etc., show liabilities, $165,026; nominal assets, $98,725, and actual assets, $14,062.

A REIGN OF TERROR.

The Opponents of Temperance in Ontario Resorting to Extreme Violence.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

KINGSTON, Ontario, January 23.—The agitation in the counties of Leeds and Renfrew, in the eastern part of Ontario, regarding the Scott act, which is something similar to Maine's liquor law, has become alarming, the liquor dealers and their friends having resorted to violence against those who support the act. In two places named in Leeds County, building after building was fired by incendiaries until eleven were consumed, and as the owners were all friends of the Scott act, a united effort to capture the incendiaries was successful. Five men were arrested and two sent to the penitentiary for ten and twenty years. One of the buildings destroyed was the Methodist Church at Kemptville, whose pastor was a vigorous temperance man. The Rev. Mr. Lawson, a Methodist, was also assaulted, knocked down and brutally kicked about the head and several constables were so roughly handled while doing duty that they resigned their positions, and one of them who was severely beaten with bricks was in a critical condition for some time. The torch was applied to the tannery, which was quickly consumed. As threats have been made to destroy several other churches, watchmen are being placed in the edifices. The Rev. S. D. Chawn, a leader in the temperance movement, has received a letter giving him the choice of leaving the place at once or going to "glory" when he least expects it. Dr. Ferguson, M.P., who is a warm temperance man, and three other prominent residents have been warned that they will be shot if they keep on in their present course. The deacons of the Methodist Church in Spencerville have been ordered to either dismiss their clergyman or they will surely have the church burned.

THE GREATEST EXCITEMENT EXISTS in Kemptville, Irish Creek and Spencerville, and the probabilities are that affairs will be still worse, as one side has become more determined and the other desperate. In Renfrew County the excitement is intense. No local men can be secured to serve as Scott act constables. The temperance people were so desperate that special officers were imported to do duty, but as they were shot at by persons in ambush and assailed on every opportunity, they decamped, and now the opponents of the Scott act have it all their own way. There are a number of Poles at work there, and as they want liquor and are desperate men no one cares to oppose them. A Renfrew journalist who was among the assaulted is still writing in favor of the act, and claims that in a short time it will be successfully enforced. The whole trouble arises from the fact that the Government, while allowing the temperance people to submit the act to a popular vote, will not provide machinery for enforcing it where carried. The friends of temperance, therefore, have to look after its enforcement, thereby earning the bitter enmity of the liquor dealers. Kingston is the only place in the district in which the act was defeated and it has thus become a sort of liquor depot, people in other places having liquor shipped to them from here. The act will be submitted here again in the spring and as several prominent men have identified themselves with the movement it is probable that it will be carried. A Prohibition club has been formed and it will bring out a Mayoralty candidate every year.

A PECULIAR CASE.

Mrs. Fisher Falsely Swears to Murdering Her Husband.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

ROCHESTER, Minn., January 23.—About a week ago a man named Wm. H. Fisher was arrested in this city on complaint of an amateur detective from Michigan. Fisher formerly lived in the woods near Monitor, Mich. There he met a fellow-woodsman named J. W. Wallace and allowed him to make his home in the Fisher mansion. On November 4 Fisher left his home. He claims there was no unusual intimacy between Wallace and his wife, who bade him an affectionate good-bye, but it has been ascertained that his send-off was a peculiar one. Fisher, Wallace and Fisher's eldest son went to the officer at Bay City in charge of the county poor, where Wallace represented himself as being the head of the family; that Fisher was stopping with him; that he could not keep him any longer and that if the officer would pay Fisher's fare to Chicago Wallace would contribute $6 toward it. The officer, seeing a chance to get rid of a prospective county charge, took Wallace's $6 and went out and bought the ticket and Fisher started. Soon the suspicion became general that Wallace and Mrs. Fisher had made away with him and they were both arrested on the 3d of this month. At the preliminary examination held at Bay City Mrs. Fisher testified that she murdered Fisher in the house by pounding him on the head with a hammer, and she told of washing away the blood, the stains of which were found on the floor and walls, and are still there. The boy Charley testified that he was present, and saw his mother murder his father with the hammer; that he helped Wallace to carry the dead body to a place in the woods about half a mile from the house, and that his mother went along, carrying two spades, with which Wallace and the boy buried the murdered man. Mrs. Fisher, Wallace and the boy were committed to jail to await trial for murder.

A few days ago a letter was received at Bay City by Mrs. Fisher, the writing on which was believed to be the same as that in a contract that had been written by Fisher. The letter was from Kendall, Wis. James Gilbert, an intelligent farmer, who was well acquainted with Fisher, went to Kendall and from there tracked him to Winona and thence to Rochester. Marshal Kalb soon found Fisher and took him in custody. He was readily recognized by his neighbor, Gilbert. Fisher seemed greatly surprised to learn that he was a murdered corpse, and said he had not even been struck by his wife and could not account in any way for the bloodstains in the house. His wife and son had lied without the least apparent reason. He said he was trying to make his way to Carrington, Dak., where he had been told he could probably get work. Mr. Gilbert did not seem to have any use for Fisher after finding him, beyond getting an affidavit from him as to his movements since leaving home.

CHARLES W. MOULTON.

The Distinguished Lawyer and Ex-Soldier Dying in New York.

NEW YORK, January 23.—Gen. W. T. Sherman was called from his rooms at the Fifth Avenue Hotel Saturday night to the bedside of his brother-in-law, Charles W. Moulton, who is dying. Col. Moulton has been staying with his family at the Arno, at West Twenty-eighth street and Broadway, and has been ill for some time. He was not expected to live through the night. Col. Moulton is a member of the law firm of Moulton & Levy of Cincinnati. In 1880 he established a branch of the firm in this city. He was born in Cuyahoga County, O., December 16, 1830, and was educated in the common schools, at the Brooklyn Academy near Cleveland, and in a select school at Medina. Subsequently he studied law while clerking in the dry goods store of C. C. Carleton to help pay expenses. An offer of a partnership in the merchant's business did not shake his determination to follow the law, which profession he had chosen. In 1854 he was admitted to the bar and began his legal practice in Toledo, with George C. Haynes as partner. In June, 1861, he was appointed Quartermaster of the Ohio Volunteers, and served under Gen. McClellan in West Virginia and afterwards served under Gens. Reynolds, Fremont and Pope. In March, 1863, he was transferred to the regular army and ordered to Cincinnati as assistant to Supervising Quartermaster-General Swords. A year after he was made Lieutenant-Colonel and put in charge of the army purchasing department at Cincinnati. His responsibilities at this time were great, the disbursements amounting to $6,000,000 per month. During this time Col. Moulton supplied the clothing and equipments to the Southwestern armies under Gens. Grant and Sherman, and continued to do so until the close of the war. He resumed the practice of law in Cincinnati in partnership with Judge H. M. Tilden in 1865. Warner M. Bateman was his next partner until that gentleman became United States District Attorney. Then the present firm was established. Col. Moulton's practice has been very extensive in the Federal Courts, especially in revenue, insurance and admiralty cases. The tobacco ring, whisky tax and plank-road distillery causes were among the celebrated cases in which he was engaged. Col. Moulton married Miss Frances Sherman, the youngest sister of Gen. W. T. Sherman. He has three daughters and one son, who is a partner in the law firm. Two of the daughters are married and live in Glendale, O. They are Mrs. Probasco and Mrs. W. Haideman. A third is the wife of Col. C. H. Rockwell, recently Quartermaster at West Point, now stationed in the Indian Territory.

A NOVEL SUICIDE.

FRANZ KENTLING, A MEDICAL STUDENT, TAKES HIS OWN LIFE,

Leaving Behind a Remarkable Document Full of Strange Requests and Bequests—His Body Goes to the Medical College Where He Studied—A Man Who Sought His Own Death Very Deliberately.

The police received notice to-day that Franz Kentling, a medical student, 29 years of age, had died suddenly at 3 a. m. at his boarding-house, No. 2651 Olive street. A letter left by him addressed to Thomas Douglas, a fellow-student, shows it to be a case of suicide. Kentling was a German and married, and came here from Christian County, where his wife and two children reside, to study medicine. He has been attending school at the Missouri Medical College. It is said that his progress in his studies has not been satisfactory and this is believed to be the cause of his suicide. The letter left by him is a strange one, and in it he makes his will and donates his body to the Missouri Medical College for scientific purposes. There was $29.35 found on him. His letter is as follows:

A QUEER DOCUMENT.

"ST. LOUIS, Sunday, 22d January, 1888.—'One struggle more and I am free.' Life is but a dream. Man is snatched away on his brightest, sunniest day without a moment's warning. Therefore I will die now, as I am ready. Man feels sad when he is about to leave the loving and beloved; but love and sadness are not to be expressed by cold words and tears. True love is mute and serene and tears are pardonable weakness—they are sweet. Farewell to my wife and children, to my mother, dead father; to my brothers and sisters, my connections and my friends. Peace be with them. They have a dead man's blessing. Here is my will:

"1. To my wife I leave my real estate and other property in Christian County for her support and the education of my two children Rex and Maud. No money is to be spared to give them a good education. If it takes house and home, educate them! My deposit in the Ozark bank I also turn over to my wife, and the money found on my body, except such amount as I will make provision for in this article, I direct to be sent to her.

"2. My estate from Germany, if any, shall be used for the higher education of my children, and I desire to have them, if possible, receive a part of their education in Germany under the auspices of my folks there.

"3. My clothing is to be sent to my brother-in-law, Nevin Hayes, Highlandville, Christian Co., Mo.

"4. The books I have at home I will to my friend Graham as a token of friendship.

"5. All my books in this city and my watch and chain, knife and compass I will to my friend and room-mate, Thomas Douglas, and I appoint him to see that the provisions of this will are carried out.

"6. To Mr. Blackwood, the needy student, $5, to be taken out of the money I have on my body.

"7. I will the Missouri Medical College my body, to be used for any scientific purpose.

"These are commands of a dead man. They must be carried out to the letter, and upon him who dares to wrong the widow and orphans I call down the curse of the Supreme Ruler and the detestation of all mankind!!!

"FRANZ KENTLING."

"I do not owe any one anything, except as follows:

"Mar, Fox & Co., $8 or $10, or maybe more, as a balance on clearing land, splitting and hauling rails at home. I paid them $20 on job. I direct my wife to pay them the remaining part.

"I have sent this evening a check for $6 on the Christian County Bank to John C. Rogers to pay my dues to the Odd Fellows' lodge at Ozark, Christian Co., Mo.

"My wife's post-office address is Highlandville, Christian Co., Mo.

"Turn my body over to Dr. Todd as soon as possible.

"Cause of death—Hydrocyanite acid poisoning.

"Diagnosis, prognosis, treatment—dead.

"St. Louis, January 21, '88.

"*Christian County Bank, Ozark, Mo.:*

"Pay to Tulie A. Kentling all money due me from your bank. FRANZ KENTLING."

A CANARD.

The Reported Death of W. S. Bissell, the President's Former Law Partner.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

BUFFALO, N. Y., January 23.—It was reported at the Genesee Hotel yesterday afternoon that Wm. S. Bissell, formerly President Cleveland's law partner, had dropped dead in the Fifth Avenue Hotel, New York, at noon. By the middle of the afternoon the report was in wide circulation on the streets, in the hotels and at the Buffalo and City Clubs, in both of which Mr. Bissell is a member. The newspaper offices were telephoned for news every few minutes, and a score of inquiring dispatches were sent to New York. Ex-Judge Frank M. Brundage, Mr. Bissell's partner, telegraphed at 3:30 o'clock, and had received no reply at 6. Herbert P. Bissell, a nephew of Mr. W. S. Bissell, also telegraphed for news. Collector Arthur Bissell, a brother, was in a feverish state of anxiety at 6 o'clock. Last evening at the churches there was more discussion as to the truth or falsity of the report than of the sermons. Mr. Bissell's large size was taken by many as tending to confirm the report that he had died of apoplexy. After 9 o'clock last night an answer came to Herbert P. Bissell's telegram, and the news was quickly communicated to newspaper offices that Mr. Bissell was at the Hoffman House alive and well.

When the POST-DISPATCH correspondent called last night at the Hoffman House Mr. Bissell had retired. "There have been about forty inquirers this evening by telephone, telegraph and personal call, in regard to Mr. Bissell's health," said the night clerk. "There is not the slightest ground for any rumor that he is even sick, and he himself has been as much surprised by the inquiries as any one. He arrived here Friday afternoon, the Hoffman House being his regular abode when in the city, and is as well to all appearances as he ever was. The false report in regard to his health seemed to have originated in Buffalo."

The clerk at the Fifth Avenue Hotel was the most astonished man around town when he heard the story.

The Electric Light Company and the Guernsey Assignment.

In our issue of yesterday there was a serious error in the statements made referring to the Excelsior Electric Company. The Excelsior Company is not by any means out of existence, nor has it in any way been connected with the Guernsey Furniture Company for some time past. There is an electric light plant in the basement of the furniture building, used for lighting the building, and also the power station of Sprague electric motor.

The plant of Excelsior Electric Company is located at 211 Locust street in a well adapted building. It is one of the best arranged and most complete electric light stations in the city. It is lighting many of the principal retail and wholesale stores, also our own new building on Olive street. It is also connected with the Cable Electric Company, which lights the St. Louis Cable & Western Railway.

S. B. Pike, General Manager of the Excelsior Electric Company, states that Mr. D. W. Guernsey's failure in no way affects his company, which is at present doing a large and growing business.

Late Trains.

Trains still continue to come in late at the Union Depot. Both Iron Mountain trains were late, the Californian express forty-five minutes and the Memphis, Houston & Galveston train due at 7:30 a. m. did not get in until after 11 o'clock. The Wabash Western was the worst sufferer, however. Their Kansas City train, which should have arrived at 6:40 a. m., got in after noon, being six hours late. Their Omaha train was over four hours late. Another very late train was the Mobile & Ohio, which was almost five hours behind time. The New York train of the Indianapolis & St. Louis, due at 7:30 a. m., was three hours late. Again the Vandalia fast mail missed connections getting here at 3:25 a. m. instead of 3:45 a. m.

Death of Hon. J. T. Allen.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

AUSTIN, Tex., January 23.—Hon. J. T. Allen, at one time Treasurer of the State, died here at his home yesterday. He had no family. He was quite wealthy and left all of his property to the city of Austin for public school purposes. He was originally from Scotland.

AMUSEMENTS.

"Harbor Lights" at the Olympic—Other Attractions—Amusement Notes.

"Harbor Lights," Sims and Pettitt's romantic nautical drama, was presented at the Olympic last evening to an excellent audience, which was, however, mainly placed on the upper floors.

The drama has as much claim to newness and originality as any English melo-drama of recent years can put forward. They are made up of essentially the same material and characters, and if there is freshness and ingenuity in the scenery and in the stage effects and in the development of thrilling situations, the author has done all that is required of him. In "Harbor Lights" the author has worked over the old materials cleverly and while the crime, the villain, the hero, the heroine, the comedian and his sweetheart and the queer old women are somewhat familiar, yet they appear in new garb under new names and in varying circumstances.

The story deals with the romantic attachment of Lieut. David Kingsley, a gallant young naval officer, and Dora Vane, an adopted daughter of Capt. Nelson of the life-saving service. Nicholas Morland, a cousin of the profligate 'Squire Morland of Redcliffe, has a grudge against Kingsley for giving evidence which had him dismissed in disgrace from the navy and attempts to ruin him and also ruin the girl to whom he is engaged. Capt. Nelson has a daughter Lina who is a victim of the 'Squire. Dora is enticed to the 'Squire's hall at night in the hope of saving her sister, but in reality to blacken her reputation. Lina is already there and is followed by a former lover, Mark Helstone. Dora is saved by Kingsley, who threatens to kill Squire, and after they leave Helstone in a jealous fury shoots the Squire. This gives Nicholas Morland an opportunity to accuse Kingsley of murder and to attempt the ruin of Dora's character. He gives Helstone the money to escape and take Lina with him. Kingsley rescues Lina from the sea and Helstone, who is fatally injured, makes a dying confession which reveals Morland's villainy, and the tables are effectually turned.

The under plot is furnished by the checkered courtship of Quartermaster Tom Dossiter and Peggy Chudleigh, whose mother is a terror, and by Bridget Maloney, Capt. Nelson's servant.

The play is essentially one of plot and action, so that little opportunity is given for character work. It deals with crime, brutal passion, which is rather too plainly shown, and one thrilling situation follows another with such rapidity as to scarcely give the audience time to breathe. As a melodrama purely, dealing with melodramatic subjects in a melodramatic way, depending on plot, situation and scenery, quick change and incident for its interest, the play is a big success. If anything else is expected there will certainly be disappointment. The comedy is not finished and delicate and sometimes borders on the foolish, but there is plenty of it, it is amusing and it is well done.

The company is an excellent one throughout, including many of the clever people who appeared here in "Hoodman Blind" last season. E. H. Vanderfelt made a sensible, manly, forcible Lieut. Kingsley. Augustus Cook had hardly the scope given him as Mark Leggard, but his work was characteristic and strong. Sidney Howard's Tom Dossiter was a capital comedy effort, and F. M. Burbeck as 'Squire Morland, W. J. Leonard as Capt. Nelson, A. R. Whytal as Mark Helstone, and M. B. Snyder as Capt. Hardy were entirely satisfactory. The same even excellence was observable in the female characters. Perhaps the least satisfactory parts were the two principals, Dora Vane and Lina Nelson, which still were nicely handled by Helen Weathersby and Madge Carr. Rose Snyder made plenty of fun for the audience as Mrs. Chudleigh, and Lizzie Conway was clever as Bridget. Peggy Chudleigh was neatly taken by Jennie Ellison, and the minor roles were in good hands.

The scenery was not handled as well as it might have been last night, but the piece is handsomely staged, with a wealth of illustration and of effects which with a better adjustment to the stage cannot fail to be effective. The audience was enthusiastic, and called the principals before the curtain after every act. The view of Radcliffe-on-the-Sea, the old hall, quay, the deck of the Britannic, with a cutlass drill by the sailors, and the bay at night were all striking and effective.

⁂

"The Still Alarm" opened its second week with a fair audience and with the enthusiasm which has marked every performance. The company, the quartette, the engine and horses and the play received warm approval. The play will run for the remainder of the week.

⁂

Sid C. France furnished an abundance of sensation to a fair audience at the People's last evening in his new play, "Dead to the World," in which Mr. France impersonated three characters, a gallant young Southerner, a faithful old negro man and a negro woman, making a change from black to white face in fifteen seconds. The play was introduced by an olio in which there was a brief comedy, "Turning the Tables," Nina Bach sang several selections, DeWitt Cooke gave character sketches, and Bryan, Edwards and Kerr, the electric trio, appeared in their specialty act.

⁂

Any lover of fine and intelligent horses cannot fail to be delighted with the exhibition given by Prof. Bartholomew at Pope's. The exhibition is genuine from beginning to end, and is one of the finest demonstrations of the length to which horse intelligence can be developed that have ever been given in St. Louis. The twenty fine animals which—one is tempted to say "who," in referring to them—trot on the stage at the rise of the curtain do wonderful feats. Prof. Bartholomew speaks to each one quietly and his request or command is obeyed at once. The horses bring different objects at command, open desks, rub out the figures on a blackboard, and show thorough and wonderful training. A horse named Cæsar turns to right or left, backs, goes forward, makes a figure eight or circle to the right or left at mere motions of a whip-handle. They dance, play leap-frog, play music on the bells, form tableaux, march and drill, fight a mimic battle and do other things just as remarkable without a blunder through two hours and a half.

⁂

Chanfrau in "Kit, the Arkansas Traveler," drew one of the big Sunday night audiences at the Standard last evening, and kept it in a state of enthusiasm over the thrilling situations of the popular old drama and laughing at the oddities of the old sports. Mr. Chanfrau makes a clever Kit, and his support is satisfactory.

Mrs. McCullough Dead.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., January 23.—Mrs. Letitia McCullough, widow of John McCullough, the tragedian, died this morning at her residence, 219 East Thompson street. The immediate cause of her death was a cancer in the left breast from which she suffered for nearly three weeks. Mrs. McCullough was the daughter of the late John McLain, a well-known Philadelphian in his day, and was born in 1832. In 1849, when in her 17th year, she married the great tragedian, by whom she had two sons, one of whom, William Johnson, died in 1886, soon after his father. Mrs. McCullough's estate, which is estimated at $50,000, has been left to her counsel, Mr. Johnson, in trust.

Amusement Notes.

Adele Purvis' Parisian Beauties will open at the Casino to-night in an attractive programme.

One of the events promised for next season will be the reappearance on the stage of Mrs. Henrietta Chanfrau, who will be associated with her son Henry T. in the production on a splendid scale of the Corsican drama, "The Oath."

THE BOOK OF MORMON.

The Last of the Three Witnesses to Its Truth Dying.

RICHMOND, Mo., January 23.—David Whitmer, the last one of the three witnesses to the truth of the "Book of Mormon," is now in a dying condition at his home in Richmond, Mo. Last evening he called the family and friends to his bedside and bore his testimony to the truth of the "Book of Mormon" and the Bible. He is past 83 years of age. Mr. Whitmer is an old citizen of this town and is known by every one here as a man of the highest honor, having resided here since the year 1838. He is not and never has been a believer in polygamy. He left the Mormon Church in 1838 on account of their departing from the faith, as he believes. His mind is still clear. He is in no pain whatever, but is gradually sinking and death is expected any hour.

Died at 105 Years.

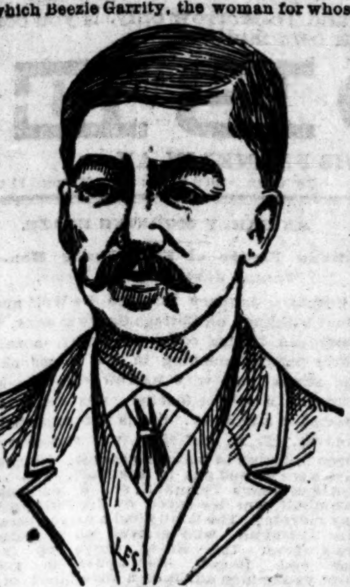
LITCHFIELD, Ill., January 23.—Wm. G. Porter, aged 105 years, died at his home here this morning. The deceased had lived here since 18[illegible], and was considered one of the oldest citizens of the State.

DRISCOLL'S DROP.

THE "WHYO CHIEF" EXPIATES HIS CRIME ON THE GALLOWS.

Dan Driscoll Hanged in the Tombs Prison, New York, Early This Morning—The Leader of a Hardened Gang of Criminals Kills His Mistress, Beezie Garrity, While Trying to Murder a Former Pal.

NEW YORK, January 23.—Dan Driscoll, the "Whyo Chief," was hanged at 7:29 o'clock this morning. The Tombs was surrounded by 150 policeman under command of Capt. Williams and they had plenty to do in keeping order among the groups of young men whose faces told that they were remnants of the once famous Whyo gang. Among them were some of the brazen-faced young women of the class to which Beezie Garrity, the woman for whose life Driscoll was to pay the forfeit, belonged. Driscoll went to sleep at about midnight but awoke at 3:40 and from that time until he was taken to the gallows he was engaged with the priests. He walked to the scaffold with a firm step, and just before the trap was sprung he cried out in a loud voice: "Jesus have mercy on me!" His neck was broken and the end came without a struggle.

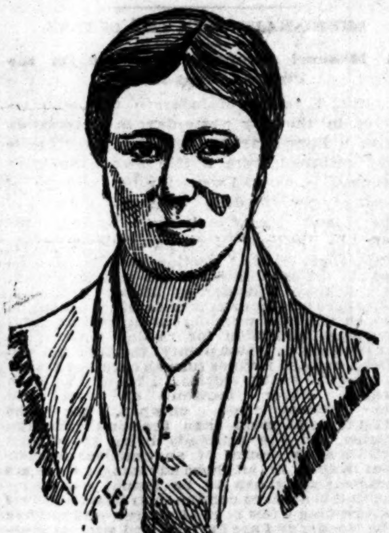


Dan Driscoll, the Murderer.

Commodore Elbridge T. Gerry, Chairman of the legislative committee appointed to recommend the most humane method of executing criminals, was a member of the Sheriff's jury at the hanging of Dan Driscoll this morning. He expressed himself as much pleased with the quickness of death, but said that in view of the numerous bungling hangings the recommendation of the use of electricity would be persisted in.

DRISCOLL'S CRIME.

The crime for which Dan Driscoll was executed was the killing of Elizabeth Garrity, or Beezie Garrity, as she was generally called, at 4 'clock on the morning of June 26, 1886. It was the closing exploit of a series of crimes that had won Driscoll an evil notoriety among his associates and won him the position of Chief of the "Whyos," one of the worst of the many gangs of law-breakers that infest the city. Driscoll was born in 1858 in the old "Bloody Sixth" Ward, and grew up to manhood there. When only 17 years old he was arrested for picking pockets and sentenced to the penitentiary. A few months after serving his time he was convicted under the name of George Wallace, of the theft of a watch, and was again sent to the penitentiary. Another theft earned him a third term and made the time he spent in the penitentiary seven years in all. About this time the "Whyos" came into unenviable prominence through their many crimes. The gang was composed of young men, already hardened in crime, who lived by stealing, and were ever ready for any deed of violence. As a desperado Driscoll excelled his companions and was recognized as their leader. He was always armed and was concerned in numerous shooting affrays. Shortly after he served his third term in the penitentiary he and Pat Flaherty, a burglar, quarreled in a saloon at the Five Points. Driscoll was shot in the body by Flaherty after he had shot Flaherty in the arm. Driscoll and Flaherty both escaped punishment, as they refused to make complaints against each other. Not long after Detective Wood attempted to arrest Driscoll on Chatham street. The Whyo shot at the officer but missed him. He was arrested, but escaped punishment. On September 27, 1884, he shot John Oliver in the leg. After being locked up for two months he was discharged. On November 20, 1883, he had a shooting affray with Pat Green in the latter's saloon in Pell street. Each shot the other, but neither would make a complaint. Another of his exploits was the shooting of a peddler and his wife, in Christie street, for some fancied affront. For this crime he also escaped punishment. During the latter part of 1885 Driscoll went to Texas and opened a bar-room in San Antonio. He had not been there long when he got into a free fight in his saloon and was badly slashed with a sword. He left Texas and came back to New York. He had a young wife, who is said to be a respectable young woman, and one child. In the same house lived his mistress,



Beezie Garrity, the Murdered Woman.

BEEZIE GARRITY, A DRUNKEN WOMAN.

They were both frequenters of a disreputable den at 163 Hester street, kept by John McCarthy, whose reputation was no better than Driscoll's. Early in June, 1886, McCarthy ejected Driscoll from his den, and the latter swore to have McCarthy's life in revenge. Early on the morning of June 26 Driscoll and Beezie Garrity were on a carouse, driving a coupe from den to den in the Sixth Ward. Fired by liquor and remembering his grudge against McCarthy, he resolved then and there to have his revenge. He made his purpose known to the girl, who approved of it. It was 4 o'clock in the morning when they reached McCarthy's. Beezie entered a room on the first floor, where McCarthy was seated. She entered first. McCarthy, on seeing Driscoll, sprang up and threw his against the door to bar him out. Driscoll succeeded in pushing open the door. McCarthy drew a revolver and the woman, grasping him by the arms, begged him not to shoot Dan. Driscoll drew a heavy 44-caliber revolver and fired at his enemy, but missed him. McCarthy again pushed the door to, and fastened it, shutting Driscoll out, while Beezie was within. The girl escaped to the hall by another door, and as she emerged Driscoll, mistaking her for McCarthy, fired, and the bullet entered her abdomen. Infuriated by the mistake the "Whyo" threw himself against the door and forced it from the hinges. When he entered McCarthy had escaped, having jumped through a window. The sound of the pistol shots attracted the police, who arrested McCarthy as he gained the street. Driscoll dashed from the house and was pursued by the police to the tenement house No. 128 Baxter street, where his mother lived. He was found in a vacant room in the adjoining house with his hat and coat off. He pretended that he had been asleep and that he had not been out of the house during the night. His mother corroborated his story. The revolver was missing and has never been found. An ambulance meanwhile had been summoned to take the unfortunate Beezie Garrity to St. Vincent's Hospital. Driscoll was brought before her, but she said it was not he, but McCarthy who had shot her. McCarthy's revolver was examined, but it had not been discharged. It has been contended by Driscoll that McCarthy had another revolver with which the shooting was done. After Beezie Garrity had been taken to the hospital and her wound pronounced mortal Driscoll was taken there, but she still said that McCarthy and not Driscoll had shot her. His mother visited her and to her, as the mother testified on Driscoll's trial, she admitted that

DRISCOLL DID SHOOT HER.

Driscoll was tried in the Court of General Sessions before Recorder Smyth and was convicted of murder in the first degree. On October 6, 1886, he was sentenced to be hanged on December 3, 1886. His counsel carried the case to the general term of the Supreme Court and afterwards to the Court of Appeals, the conviction being affirmed in both instances. The appeal operated as a stay and the day for the execution had gone by. On November 28, 1887, Recorder Smyth again sentenced Driscoll to death, fixing January 20 as the day of execution. His counsel claimed to have new evidence to the effect that Carrie Wilson, a girl who witnessed the shooting, had admitted that she swore falsely in testifying that Driscoll shot Beezie. Recorder Smyth denied the motion made for a new trial and the Court of Appeals, to which application was made last week, also denied the motion. Executive clemency was sought, but all that was obtained was a respite of three days. Driscoll clung to hope up to three days ago. During his imprisonment in the Tombs he turned a deaf ear to the priests and sisters, who besought him to repent, and it was only during the last few days since he became convinced that no hope remained to him, that he showed any disposition to seek consolation in religion. He has been a very troublesome prisoner. A year ago it was found that he had obtained a key that would open his celldoor and that he had planned an escape. A couple of months ago it was learned that he and Dan Lyons had secured steel bars with which they had been at work prying a passage from their adjoining cells through which they expected to escape. About two weeks ago, according to Warden Walsh, Driscoll obtained a knife with the avowed purpose of murdering the warden. It is said he was induced by a Sister of Charity to surrender the knife. It is asserted by Driscoll's wife that in 1886 Walsh, the present Warden of the Tombs, entered into a plot with Driscoll to aid him to escape, his object being to discredit Warden Finn's management of the Tombs and render it easier for him to secure the position of warden, which he was seeking. Of course Walsh denies this. While Driscoll was under sentence of death his wife gave birth to a child. The Tombs officials claimed that Driscoll could not be the father of the child, but he asserted that he had a key which gave his wife admission to his cell without the knowledge of the keepers. Both the mother and wife of Driscoll were devoted in their attentions to him while a prisoner. The old companions of Driscoll tried hard to save their leader, and at various times raised sums aggregating upward of $1,500 with which to fight his legal battle.

NO NEED to take those big cathartic pills. Dr. J. H. McLean's Little Liver and Kidney Pillets are more agreeable and effective.

THE FROZEN RIVER.

Danger Apprehended by the Boatmen—The Outlook on All Sides.

As predicted in the POST-DISPATCH on Friday afternoon, the river became ice bridged at this point yesterday and last night. The foundation for the block here is the gorge at Carondelet, which formed there on Saturday. It is not simply a gorge here but a solid blockade from Carondelet up, and is perhaps stronger if anything than the previous gorge was. The back water held by the Carondelet gorge has raised the river up here to over twelve feet and the ice is covered with water from three to five inches deep. The ice is piled up in fantastic shapes along the river as it was left by the crowded water and it presents quite a picturesque scene.

The crowding ice along the lower levee yesterday afternoon shoved the City of St. Louis and City of Vicksburg out on the bank, but did no further damage.

The steamboatmen are apprehensive of danger when the ice lets go, and are doing everything possible to prevent disaster.

BRUSH AND COMB SETS, $2.25 TO $50.

See our wonderful reductions this week. Mermod & Jaccard Jewelry Co., 4th & Locust.

Snow and Cold Weather.

Col. Philip Gruner, Jr., President of the Philip Gruner & Bros. Lumber Company, came down this morning from the Wisconsin pine lumber regions. He says that to-day a week ago in the neighborhood of La Crosse the temperature went down to 56 deg. below the zero mark. The reports of the cold from that region have not been, he says, at all expanded. The weather on that day was the coldest ever known in that part of Wisconsin. The snow Col. Gruner reports as three feet on a level in the woods and logging operations are going forward very slowly.

MANICURE SETS $1 TO $15.

See our wonderful reductions this week. Mermod & Jaccard Jewelry Co., 4th & Locust.

North St. Louis.

Grace Girard donated a bundle of clothing to the poor of the Third District this morning.

The Willemsen Belting Company, partly co-operative, held its annual election to-day. No change in officers was made.

There is some talk of an independent German school being started in the vicinity of Twentieth and Salisbury streets.

The Northwestern Gesangverein will give a masquerade ball at North St. Louis Turner Hall on the evening of February 4.

The Broadway Workingmen's Building and Loan Association held a meeting Saturday night at the real estate office of Oscar Wiegmann, 3611 North Broadway.

On Monday night, January 30, a musicale and dramatic entertainment will be given at Stolle's Hall, Thirteenth and Biddle streets, for the benefit of the Oblate Sisters of Providence.

The A. O. U. W. Singing Society will meet again February 2 at 8 p. m. at Lafayette Hall, Seventeenth street and Cass avenue. The Society will be fully organized and officers elected.

The Young Ladies' Sodality of St. Patrick's Church now has $400 in its Mutual Benevolent Association. The ladies expect to get up an entertainment about Easter time for the benefit of the Association.

The Comus, a recently organized company of wealthy North End young folks, gave its first hop at the North St. Louis Turner Hall on Saturday. The big hall was elegantly decorated. The affair was an entirely select one, and about one hundred couples were on the floor during the night. Mr. Julius Weber was in charge as master of ceremonies.

There were sixteen cases in the Second District Police Court this morning, six of them being fined as follows: Riley Rodgers, for indecency, $15; Geo. Dexter, lounging, $10; Cornelius Mahoney, trespassing, $15; Barney Coltius, rambling, $10; Kate Hurley, drunk on the street, $10, and John Donnelly, disturbing the peace, $5. The remaining ones were continued or discharged. Geo. Dexter and Kate Hurley were sent to the Work-house.

At 2:55 o'clock this morning an alarm from box No. 518 called the fire department out to extinguish a blaze in a one-story frame building owned and occupied by August Soelser as a blacksmith shop. The flames spread rapidly through the building and by the time the fire department got the engines in good working order the building was consumed. The loss on building and stock is estimated at $1,000; insured in the Hanover Insurance Company for $800. The blaze is supposed to have been of incendiary origin, as no other cause could be discovered.

Toboggan Photos.

Have your photo taken on Scholten's toboggan slide, the latest Canadian novelty.

MUST CALL THE DOG.

THE SECOND BAPTIST COMMITTEE MUST GO HUNTING AGAIN.

Rev. Dr. Hoyt Declines to Come to St. Louis—The Philadelphia Influence Too Strong—Progress of the Preliminaries—Chairman Cole Sees a Silver Lining—A Big Offer Made the Minister.

"We are just where we started," said Mr. William Randolph this morning.

Mr. Randolph is Secretary of the Committee on selecting a pastor of the Second Baptist Church, and lament was called out by a telegram received from Rev. Wayland Hoyt, D. D., of Philadelphia, stating that he could not consider a call to the Second Church.

The telegram was received yesterday by Mr. Nathan Cole, Chairman of the Committee, and read as follows: "Notwithstanding strong personal leanings toward the church in St. Louis strong influences here constrain me to decline."

The word "decline" does not mean that Dr. Hoyt had received any call from the church, as the negotiations with him had not proceeded any further than overtures from the committee, which, if Dr. Hoyt had been willing, would have presented his name to the church for its consideration. So in his dispatch Dr. Hoyt in using the word "decline" meant that he would decline to let his name go before the church. This was, however, tantamount to declining a call, as the sentiment of the church was almost unanimous in his favor, and would have given an unqualified indorsement to the committee's selection.

THE COMMITTEE

which is sent out into the woods to hunt over the same ground has been pretty busy the past ten months since Dr. Boyd went away to Newark. It is composed of Messrs. Nathan Cole, chairman; C. W. Barstow, M. C. Teasdale, F. H. Ludington, Judge Phillips, A. M. Averill, George T. Cram, T. H. West and Joseph Bascom. Under the eyes of this body have passed in review the qualifications of the American Baptist ministry, and one can't tap a member of the committee without getting a flood of clerical history. Dr. Hoyt is the second pastor the committee has been unfortunate with. Last summer, in the face of almost a certain refusal, Dev. Dr. Broadus of the Louisville Seminary was called by the church. He declined, and then the committee began to discuss Dr. Hoyt's availibility. Twice the latter has preached here in the past six months, the last time during the holidays, when he brought his wife with him to St. Louis. So favorably had the preliminaries proceeded that the committee last week was confident it would get Dr. Hoyt's permission to present his name. His last letter was almost an acceptance. In it he declared that in his canvassing of the situation there were just two things that stood in the way. One was the employment of a missionary for parish visitation and the other was the comparative cost of living in St. Louis. The committee at once replied that the missionary would be engaged, and gave the necessary information regarding the other question. These suggestions of Dr. Hoyt being answered so promptly, the committee was very hopeful, and the telegraphic declination was a great disappointment.

There is a feeling that Mrs. Hoyt's disinclination to come West strongly shaped her husband's decision. The committee has as yet no other minister in mind.

WHAT THE CHAIRMAN THINKS.

"Pretty tough luck, isn't it, Mr. Cole?" said a POST-DISPATCH reporter to the chairman of the committee this morning.

"Well, no," was the reply. "I am like the girl who believed when her lover married another that there are as good fish in the sea as ever were caught. Dr. Hoyt is a very fine man, and we would have liked to secure him as our pastor. There is no question about his ability as a preacher, but his telegram of course takes him out of the field of probability."

"Is there any truth in the church papers' story that you offered Dr. Hoyt $10,000?"

"Not a bit. But I will say personally, and not speaking for the church or committee, that we will probably never again offer another man what we offered Dr. Hoyt. Our church has had a way of bringing several ministers into national prominence by its way of standing by them in solid phalanx, as it were. Dr. Galusha Anderson of Beloit, who came here during the war, came into national prominence as a preacher. On account of his ill health we gave him a trip to Europe. But eventually his ill health compelled him to quit active preaching. Then Mr. Boyd, the church stood by during his controversy with his brethren, which at one time became quite bitter. Mr. Boyd was right and the church was too wise or thought too much of him not to stand by him. His triumph was a victory for him, the church and true Baptist principles, and gave him much prominence.

"Say one thing," concluded Mr. Cole. Say that the church had not called Dr. Hoyt. The church among Baptists is Democratic and always must vote on such things; probably not as often as other Democrats, but at least once."

BANQUET LAMPS, $4.75 TO $15.

See our wonderful reductions this week. Mermod & Jaccard Jewelry Co., 4th & Locust.

OUR NEIGHBORS.

Items of Interest and Gossip From the Adjacent Towns.

Mexico, Mo., January 21.—Miss Annie Patterson, who has been visiting in Kentucky for the past three months, has returned home.—Miss Julia Ross, who is spending the winter east, is now in Washington and attended Mrs. Cleveland's reception on the 21st inst.—Messrs. C. D. Rodgers and Austin Smith gave a party Tuesday evening at the residence of Mrs. Brown. About sixteen couples were present and the evening was spent very pleasantly.—Two runaway couples were married here Friday. M. R. Osburn of Randolph and Miss Minnie Osburn of Saline, Fletcher Wachten and Miss Mary Sears of Glasgow, Howard County.—Miss Lena Johnson entertained the Junior Club Friday evening. About fifteen couples were in attendance.—There will be a public installation of A. O. U. W. officers Monday night. Grand Master Workman Rodgers of St. Louis will deliver an address. After the installation a banquet will be held at the Windsor Hotel.

New Florence, Mo., January 21.—Another cold wave struck this vicinity on Friday and again everything is cased in ice. Slight snow fell on Saturday.—The death of Mr. William Windsor was a sad bereavement to his family. Another old pioneer is gone, and soon all who were identified with the first settlement of this county will have passed away, and events of those early times will be known only in history.—Mrs. J. H. McClure gave a birthday party to her daughter, celebrating her thirteenth birthday. A merry party of little folks assembled in the evening and the fun and frolic continued to about 9:30 o'clock, when the supper was announced. After the supper the children left for their homes. Quite a number of handsome presents were brought by the little friends to their playmate.—Misses Kate Rosenberger and Mary Puckett of High Hill took advantage of the pleasant weather on Thursday and visited friends here.—Mrs. Arch Hatchett has just returned from her visit to relatives at Los Angeles, Cal., and is much pleased with that State and its delightful climate.—Mr. C. E. Stewart, who has also been making a tour of California and other parts of the West, with a view to locating, has returned much pleased with his trip. Dr. J. C. Ford, who went at the same time, will remain in Sacramento, Cal., until spring.—Mr. M. L. Gray, an artist in crayon, has just completed a number of fine portraits of some of our citizens.—Mrs. Lora Edney, wife of John Edney and the daughter of John Hunter, died very suddenly of hemorrhage at the home of her sister, Mrs. Ella Thornhill, on last Wednesday morning.—Mr. Joe Rosenberg and bride, from Montgomery City, spent Wednesday with their cousin, Louis Philippe.—Arrangements are being made to have Prof. J. P. Blanton of Kirksville Normal School lecture here in the near future.—Rev. B. F. Logan of the C. P. Church at this place preached in Independence last Sunday.

Fredericktown, Mo., January 21.—Last night while a number of ladies and gentleman were coasting on the hill in the northern part of town, there were several collisions and turn overs, but no serious damage. Mrs. Dr. Goff went down with a crash into a ditch and struck her head into the bank receiving some bad cuts.

Fairfield, Ill., January 21.—Last night Special Deputy N. Nancy, assisted by C. E. Wolfe of the Flora Journal and Judge Hoff, all of Flora, Ill., instituted Fairfield Lodge, No. 38, I. O. O. F., at this place. The lodge starts off with eighteen good members and in good condition. The following officers were elected: D. M. Walker, N. G.; T. L. Cooper, V. G.; John Keen, Jr., Secretary, and J. T. Fleming, Treasurer.

Corning, Ark., January 21.—Another blizzard struck this place yesterday. The thermometer registered 10 above zero at 6 o'clock this morning.—R. H. Cantwell is the champion hunter of Corning. Since September 15, 1887, until January 20, 1888, he has killed twenty-five deer and forty wild turkeys.

Greenville, Ill., January 21.—Miss Ida Northam, State Lecturer of the Band of Hope, is doing considerable work in this neighborhood.—George Grafe, son of our soda manufacturer, fell while coasting and broke his collar-bone.—Through the efforts of County Judge Lindly the next meeting of the Farmers' Institute, Eighteenth Congressional District, is to be held here next January.—Installation of officers of Colby Post, No. 301, G. A. R., was as follows: J. C. Sandersen, Commander; Wm. M. Evans, S. V. C.; T. B. Wood, J. V. C.; C. W. Causey, O. D.; A. L. Gridley, Chaplain. The post has eighty members and is in a flourishing condition.—Mr. and Mrs. Jno. L. Wise, nee Ridgway, of Pocahontas have settled down to housekeeping and gave an elegant reception, [illegible] young people of the city.—Fire in one of the rooms in the coal mine at Smithborough, four miles east of here, did considerable damage besides throwing the hands out for a day or so.—The "Drys" have organized an anti-saloon army and are making other preparations for a big campaign against saloons in the spring. The "Wets" are also doing considerable and the fight promises to be exciting.—Frank Tatham, son of the editor of the Advocate, returned from Kansas after an absence of several years.—Peter Menger, a prominent citizen and retired merchant, was buried Sunday at Millersburg. The funeral was largely attended. He was formerly Postmaster, which position his daughter now holds under appointment of President Cleveland.—The wheat crop is considered doubtful, some declaring it killed, while others say it is all right.—Peter Salle is buying all available hogs, poultry, etc., and shipping it in refrigerators to Rochester, N. Y.—Emire Gullick, son of ex-Sheriff Gullick, has accepted a position in the Samuel Cupples Hardware Company.—John D Reid, son of Postmaster Reid, has opened an abstract office at Carlyle.—Jim Lee, the negro, who stabbed an old man by the name of Pierson, has been released from jail on a $200 bond.—Several attempts have been made by outside parties to release the two prostitutes confined in jail on a charge of grand larceny, but have been frustrated by the vigilance of Jailer Wright.

Vandalia, Mo., January 21.—The Eye, a paper published at the little town of Farber, five miles west of this city, has been sold to Belt & Hill, late editors of the Perry Pioneer. They will remove it to Perry and publish it under name of The Perry Telephone.—Petitions are now in circulation for the purpose of raising funds to organize a District Fair Association to be known as the Northeast Missouri District Fair, composed of the Counties of Audrain, Ralls, Pike and Montgomery, to be located in this city.—For some time past the citizens of Jasper Township, Ralls County, about twelve miles north of this city, have been greatly excited over the appearance of what is supposed to be a panther in that neighborhood. Several parties have heard its screams and say they sound like that of a woman, but no one has ever seen it as yet.—A large and enthusiastic railroad meeting was held at Perry by the citizens of Salt River Township, Ralls County, last Thursday night for the purpose of devising means to secure the right of way through that township for the proposed Chicago, Hannibal & Springfield Railroad. A committee was appointed, and they will set to work at once to secure the right of way. A railroad is badly needed through that section, and the citizens of Perry are jubilant over the prospects of securing this road.

Columbia, Mo., January 21.—Dr. Campbell of the St. Joseph Presbyterian Church will begin a series of meetings in this place on next Monday evening.—C. B. Sebastian is in Jefferson City this week on legal business.—Mrs. Turner McBaine and children have returned from a visit to Kansas City.—On Saturday night a concert will be given at the Opera-house for the benefit of the poor.—The State Board of Agriculture, which met here on Tuesday, after a thorough discussion of all differences of opinion, came to an amicable adjustment. A resolution was unanimously adopted declining to further prosecute the mandamus proceedings now before the Supreme Court, and directing their dismissal. It was thought best to give the State the benefit of the doubt concerning the appropriation of the much disputed $8,000, though the legal right of the Agriculturul College to the same was evident.—Eld A. H. Carter is in Cincinnati.—C. C. Harris is visiting in Mexico.—Dr. Turner of Mexico was here on a visit this week.—Mrs. J. A. Klass is visiting friends in Springfield.—Mrs. J. H. Brown has returned from a visit to Illinois.—Mrs. Lemen of California is visiting her neice, Mrs. Frank Peck.—Prof. C. C. Cline is spending several days in Cincinnati on business.—Mr. E. A. Henderson of Louis spent a few days with his brother, G. W. Henderson, this week.

St. Charles, Mo., January 20.—Mrs. Rudolph Goetel, wife of the photographer, invited a number of friends to assist in celebrating, on Friday, the anniversary of her husband's 53d birthday. Mr. Goetel has been a resident of St. Charles since 1856, and is well known in town and county. Among the guests were Mr. and Mrs. Will Gross, Mr. and Mrs. Gutt, Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Alexander, Mr. Weber of Clayton, Dr. and Mrs. Garrett, Mrs. Miller and other from St. Charles, also Mr. and Mrs. Cramer, Mrs. Bluike and others from St. Louis. Mrs. Goetel, assisted by her two beautiful daughters, filled the part of hostess admirably. She possesses the faculty of making her guests forget for the time the cares of this world in the enjoyment of her hospitality.—Several accidents have been caused by coasting down our hills. Mrs. Crismer's son broke his leg at the knee Thursday night, while another little fellow cut a deep gash in his thigh.—Mr. Henry Weber of Clayton is here visiting friends and relatives.—Miss Sue Temple entertained a number of her friends at the Galt House this week in honor of Miss Sallie Blackburn, who is visiting here.—Mr. R. F. Luckett, special agent for the Springfield (Mass.) Fire Insurance Company, left here today for Columbia and Rockport.—Miss Charlotte Shaw has been ill for some time, but is now convalescing.—The Sacred Heart Convent intends giving its semi-annual concert about the first of February.—The Eintracht Society has reorganized with J. H. Gruenberg as President, and Mr. F. H. Beckle as Vice-President. They will, after a short time of practicing, give one of their delightful concerts at the Odd Fellows' Hall.—Father Gleinski, assistant pastor of the German Catholic Church, on Clay street, leaves his charge here and will go to St. Louis, Father Lange succeeding him.—The Social Club will be entertained by Mr. George Redmon, Saturday evening.

Carlinville, Ill., January 2.—Miss Jessie Dain of Brighton is visiting Miss Kate Metcalf.—Mrs. R. B. Shirley is visiting relatives in St. Louis.—Will Metcalf of Lamar, Mo., is visiting in the city.—Chester Miller has returned from an extended visit in Chattanooga, Tenn.—Preparations are being made for a grand mask ball at the St. George Hotel, to take place February 10.—J. W. Lumpkin and Hon. D. Gore will deliver addresses at the Farmers' Institute of the Seventeenth Congressional District at Shelbyville February 14.—Leap Year sleighing parties are all the rage.—Mrs. George Seaman died at her residence in this city Tuesday evening after a short illness.—Charles E. Glass of Mason City is visiting his mother and sister here.—Miss Annie Gwin is visiting her brother, C. B. Gwin, at Lee's Summit, Mo.—Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Snyder of York, Neb., are visiting L. W. Mounts and family.—Mr. Henry Sharp of Taylorville has been visiting Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Montgomery of this city.—Sheriff Murphy's mother, aged 82 years, died at his residence in this city Wednesday night. The remains were taken to Rock Island for interment. Mr. A. M. Richards, division superintendent of the C. & A. Railroad, was in the city several hours Thursday.—Mr. and Mrs. Chas. T. Woodward will shortly commence housekeeping.—A number of the young ladies of the city will give a leap-year ball at Krommer's Hall, Wednesday evening, January 25.

Vincennes, Ind., January 22.—Mrs. Henry S. Badollet of this city has been for two weeks attending at the bedside of her aged mother, Mrs. Mary Clapp, at Lawrenceville, Ill.—Mr L. A. Goddard of Marion, Ill., is visiting Henry Bridenthal, this place.—The Circuit Court, W. A. Bicknell, Acting Judge, of New Albany, has adjourned until the first Monday in February.—The ladies of St. James' Episcopal Church, this city, are preparing to open a sewing school for young girls.—Miss Lizzie Joice has returned from a fortnight's visit to relatives at Mt. Carmel, Ill.—Representative Mason J. Niblack, member of the Indiana Legislature from this city, is visiting his brother, Wm. C. Niblack, at Chicago.—Ed Shepard left yesterday to enter the Commercial College at Quincy, Ill.—Joseph E. Lanning, a Lawrence County, Ill., farmer, was on Sunday married in this city to Miss Elsie Lane.—Miss Nellie Jernand of Danville is visiting her sister, Mrs. Geo. W. McCoy, this city.—James Wineman of Harlan, Io., is the guest of his sister, Mrs. Frank Richie, this city.—Dr. R. B. Jessup left to-day on a tour through Texas to Los Angeles, San Francisco and other Pacific slope cities.—Geo. G. White and wife left yesterday for Ogden City, Utah, where Mr. White will re-enter the railroad business.

Staunton, Ill., January 22.—About 11:45 Saturday night fire was discovered in mine No. 6 of the Consolidated Coal Company. A number of men were summoned at once who fought the fire until about 8 o'clock this morning before they got it under control. It is supposed that gas caught fire from the flames of a shot which had been fired and ignited the coal.

Steelville, Mo., January 21.—A remarkable and unusual sale of real estate will take place at the Crawford County Circuit Court during the third week of March next, in the shape of over 20,000 acres of timber and mineral land under judgments for back taxes.—Notwithstanding the extreme severity of the weather, farmers generally report the wheat crop as promising, the young wheat, so far, being in good condition.—County-Clerk Herman Ferguson left here this week for St. Louis for surgical treatment. He has been suffering for months from internal abscesses.—Wm. Van Houten of Cuba, in this county, who was run over by the cars at Sullivan, on Thursday, and who suffered amputation of both legs, died from hemorrhage to-day.—An effort is being made by citizens of this county to secure the fish hatchery proposed by Senator Cockrell, on the Ozark range, at Blue Springs, in this county. These springs are among the purest and most beautiful in the world, and are conveniently located near Bourbon on the 'Frisco line.

Taylorville, Ill., January 22.—Company B, Fifth Regiment I. N. G., has decided to become a Zouave Company, after the style of the "Buschs." This company won the championship of the State at Jacksonville in 1886, and gave the crack companies of St. Louis reason to remember the "Taylorville Guards."—Died in this city at the home of his grandparents, the only son of Mr. and Mrs. Harry Baker of Cleveland, O. Mr. Baker and his wife are in Texas for the benefit of Mrs. Baker's health.—Prof. Andrews, who was injured Saturday by being thrown from a sleigh, it is feared is injured internally, breathing causing him intense agony.—G. W. Range, engineer at the city waterworks, is very low with lung fever. His place is temporarily filled by T. B. Kraft.

Sandoval, Ill., January 21.—Mrs. Dr. J. T. Pace and daughter of Carlyle are visiting friends in this city.—Mrs. Tillie Tracy of Clinton, Ill., is here on a visit with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. O'Brist.—Mr. and Mrs. James Power of St. Louis have returned home, after a week's visit with friends here.—Mrs. M. Z. Tinker and son, Bert, of Evansville, Ind., returned home yesterday, after a four-weeks' visit with Mr. and Mrs. Hurd and other friends here.—Arrangements are being effected here for the early erection of a tomato and fruit canning factory, to be operated by home capital.—The farmers' organization of Marion, Clinton, Jefferson and Washington counties are holding a meeting to-day in Shattuc, four miles west of this place.—Twenty tons of steel slabs arrived in the city yesterday to be manufactured into rolling coulters. The factory has been in litigation for two years, but recently everything was settled and the works will start up Monday with an order for 12,000 coulters to start with.—John Tharp, a farmer residing a few miles southwest of here, severed his thumb from the left hand by the fall of an axe from his shoulder, which he thoughtlessly endeavored to grasp during its fall.—The Roller Skating Rink in this city, the only one in the State possibly that has been in active operation from its erection to date, is to be converted into a massive ten-pin alley with six tables.

Salem, Ill., January 21.—Mrs. S. Hussey is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Harry Kelso, at Seymour, Ind.—J. H. Merritt, senior editor of the Herald-Advocate, is still in a very critical condition. He has been confined to his bed for the past eight weeks.—Misses Carrie Morgan and Nellie Copenhaver of Stevenson visited the Misses Kagg this week.—Mrs. H. C. Feltman was the guest of relatives in Iuka this week.—Mrs. C. A. Storment of Ohio visited her brother, J. M. Morrow, this week.—The Young Married Folks' Club met at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Bach, Friday evening, and were royally entertained.

KNOW ye that Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup costs only 25 cents. It cures instantly.

DOINGS IN THE COURTS.

A VERDICT OF $1,500 FOR M'GARRY AGAINST THE MISSOURI PACIFIC.

The Result Elicits Loud Applause in Judge Barclay's Court To-Day—Exemplary Damages for Malicious Prosecution Growing Out of the Railroad Strike—A Divorce Denied to Some Church People—Proceedings Under the Dome—New Suits Filed.

The sealed verdict rendered by the jury in the McGarry damage suit against the Missouri Pacific Railway Company was opened this morning in Judge Barclay's court. All the jurors having assembled in the box the Court directed the clerk, Mr. Chas. B. McEntire, to read out the verdict, and there was a hush in the crowded court-room as the jurors stood up to hear it announced. The jury gave Mr. McGarry a verdict against the railroad company in the sum of $1,000 and $500 for exemplary damages, a total sum of $1,500. The verdict was signed by W. J. Gilbert, the law publisher, foreman. The amount had scarcely been announced when the audience in the rear of the court-room set up a round of ringing applause, which the Sheriff promptly suppressed.

McGarry's friends gathered around him, offering their congratulations, and several minutes elapsed before perfect order was resumed in court. The trial commenced last Tuesday morning, and it occupied the attention of the court for the remainder of the week. McGarry several months after the labor troubles in the spring of 1886 was prosecuted by the Missouri Pacific people for conspiracy to destroy the railroad property in the yards and interfere with the running of trains, etc. A nolle pros. was subsequently entered in the Court of Criminal Correction by the MacDonalds, R. S. and Marshall F., and ex-Judge Laughlin, who were the attorneys specially engaged to prosecute the Knights of Labor and others figuring in the strike of 1886. After the dismissal of the McGarry case he entered a suit in the Circuit Court against the Missouri Pacific for malicious prosecution, and John D. Johnson, with his brother, Charles P., appeared for him at the trial.

The proceedings were watched with a great deal of interest and the Jay Gould representatives here made every effort to build up a defense of probable cause for the prosecution. The Furlong detective department was turned loose upon the witness-stand and the MacDonalds were both called to testify. The closing speeches on Saturday attracted a large crowd and there was a great deal of speculation as to the result of the trial. After the motion for new trial has been passed upon the Missouri Pacific Company will ask for an appeal to the Court of Appeals.

A Milk Vendor's Damage Suit.

The trial of the damage suit of N. Lewis against the St. Louis Dairy Company commenced before a jury to-day in Judge Barclay's court. Mr. Lewis was in the employ of the company as a driver of a milk-wagon from the 8th of August, 1885, until the 21st of June, 1886. He left the company's employ of his own accord, and the following day entered the service of the Illinois Milk Company under an agreement for wages at the rate of $45 per month and $1.50 for the first gallon of milk or cream sold to a new customer. He complains that the St. Louis Dairy Company, through its manager, caused a large number of circulars to be issued among consumers of milk in the district served by him, in which he was referred to as a striker, and there were innuendoes of an injurious character as to the system of supplying the milk which affected the sales in the neighborhood and injured the plaintiff's reputation. He asks for damages in the sum of $5,000.

Cannot Cast Her Off Now.

Judge Valliant to-day rendered a decision in the divorce case of Gerhart H. Plogstert vs. Caroline L. Plogstert. The plaintiff alleged two grounds for divorce, desertion and indignities. The evidence showed that the parties had been separated for nearly twelve years. It also appeared that each had a good character. They both belonged to the same church, German Lutheran, and were highly esteemed by the members, who seemed to know them well and to regard them both as moral and honest. The evidence left it not very clear as to which of the two was to blame in the beginning for the separation, but it did show that shortly after the wife left home she wanted to return, but her husband refused to take her back. The mutual friends of the parties at the church, at the wife's own solicitation interceded with the husband in her behalf, but he was persistent in his refusal to let her return. For that reason he is not entitled to a divorce on the ground of desertion.

As to the indignities alleged they occurred twelve years ago, and it was therefore not strange that the evidence offered on that ground was not satisfactory. At all events the Court holds that the charges are now too stale to be received with favorable consideration in a court of equity, even if the testimony in support were clearer. It would not be right to condemn the wife for what she is alleged to have done so many years ago and allow her husband to cast her off now, in her old age, and be discharged himself of all legal obligation to support her. The bill is dismissed.

Mutuality in Contracts.

A decision was rendered to-day by Judge Valliant in the suit brought by L. Wall and others against Gen. Fullerton. This was a suit to compel the General to specifically perform his contract to buy some real estate. The court found the petition defective because it did not state that the plaintiffs from whom the defendant agreed to purchase the property were themselves the owners of it. The inference was that they were not the owners of it but in the contract of sale acted only as brokers. The contract, therefore, lacked the element of mutuality as to the remedy sought. Specific performance of a contract cannot be enforced against one party for his breach unless it could also be enforced against the other party if he had violated it. Since the plaintiffs did not own the title to the land when they made the contract they were in a position in which they could at any time defeat a suit against them for specific performance by answering that it was not in their power to perform it. Therefore, since the contract by its own force would afford the defendant no such remedy if broken by the plaintiffs, it can afford them no such remedy if broken by the defendant.

The Supreme Court holds that whenever the absence of the essential element, mutuality, is ascertained to exist on the part of one party, and for that reason is incapable of being enforced against him, that party is equally incapable of enforcing the contract against the other, although no difficulty should attend its execution in the latter way. The demurrer is sustained.

The Espenchied Estate.

Letters of administration have been granted to James Green on the estate of Louis Espenchied, valued at $150,000; likewise on the estate of Katharine Espenchied. The estate is valued at the same amount.

An Attachment Suit.

An attachment suit was filed to-day in the Circuit Court by Herman Gilbert against Henry Gilbert to recover $2,500. The plaintiff is in the employ of the defendant.

Judge Valliant's Decisions.

Judge Valliant to-day, in addition to the matters mentioned above, decided the following:

Lavelle vs. Stifel; motion to strike out parts of amended petition sustained except as to one item relating to the railroad car.

Schwab Clothing Company vs. Allan-West Commission Company; motion to dismiss garnishment sustained.

Wilbor's Cod Liver Oil and Phosphate of Lime, Soda and Iron, Cures Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Debility, Wasting Diseases and Scrofulous Humors. To the Consumptive—Wilbor's Compound of Cod Liver Oil and Phosphates, without possessing the very nauseating flavor of the article as heretofore used, is endowed by the Phosphate of Lime with a healing property which renders the Oil doubly efficacious. Remarkable testimonials of its efficacy can be shown. Sold by A. B. WILBOR, Chemist, Boston, and all druggists.

AMUSEMENTS.

OLYMPIC

To-night, During the week. Matinees Wednesday and Saturday.

The greatest of modern dramatic successes.

HARBOR LIGHTS,

WITH ALL ITS MARVELOUS SCENIC CHANGES.

Monday, January 30—Lotta in her new play, Pawn Ticket No. 210. Benefit of P. Short.

GRAND OPERA HOOSE.

To-night and during the week, re-engagement of Mr. JOSEPH ARTHUR'S New York Success,

THE STILL ALARM

AND MR. HARRY LACY

Supported by the NEW YORK CAST.

Wednesday and Saturday MATINEES.

Next week—Rag Baby.

The Triumph of the Nineteenth Century.

POPE'S. TO-NIGHT.

Prof. Bartholomew's Equine Paradox

20 Educated Horses—20. They do everything but talk. Gala Souvenir Matinee Wednesday.

Next Sunday Matinee—Deacon Brodie.

STANDARD.

Nightly at 8. Matinees Wednesday, Saturday and Sunday. Special engagement of

SCHANFRAU

And his excellent company, in KIT, THE ARKANSAS TRAVELER. See the Judge and Major, the Old Boat, the Levee Scene.

Next week—J. J. Dowling in NEVER SAY DIE, introducing the great Water Tank Scene.

PEOPLE'S THEATER.

TO-NIGHT, Matinees Wednesday, Saturday and Sunday, Immense Hit of SID C. FRANCE, and his Big Double Company in the New Sensational Play, DEAD TO THE WORLD, Mr. France appearing in his great and unapproachable impersonation making a complete change from Black to White Face in Fifteen Seconds.

Sunday Night, January 29—My Geraldine, with Mrs. Dion Boucicault in the cast.

CASINO.

Fourth street, opposite Southern Hotel.

Next week, commencing Monday Evening, January 23, an army of New Specialty Artists. Two sensational surprises,

ADELE PURVIS' PARISIAN BEAUTIES AND MISS MAUD.

Admission 25 and 50 cents. Matinees Tuesday, Thursday and Sunday; admission 25 cents.

THIRD ANNUAL

Firemen's Ball

AT MERCHANTS' EXCHANGE HALL,

Wednesday, January 25, 1888

TICKETS, $2.00.

You can buy Music Boxes, Clocks, Vases, After-Dinner Coffees, Placques, Dessert Plates, Brass Tables and Mirrors, Pocket-Books, Albums, Card Cases, Manicure Sets, Brush and Comb Sets, Very, Very Cheap at the Sacrifice Removal Art Sale of the MERMOD & JACCARD JEWELRY CO., Cor. 4th and Locust.

Also, 1,000 Silk Umbrellas at Very, Very Cheap Prices ($2.50 to $12.00).

DIED.

BUETELL—At the family residence, No. 3608 North Twenty-third street, Sunday, January 22, at 3 p. m., MARY KRUEGER, eldest child of Edward and Pauline Krueger Buetell, at the age of 9 years 1 month and 1 day. Interment private.

Waterloo, Peoria (Ill.), Jackson (Tenn.), and New Orleans papers please copy.

COSTE—After a lingering illness, FELIX COSTE, in his 68th year of age.

Funeral will take place from the family residence, 10 Nicholson place, Tuesday, January 24, at 10 o'clock a. m.

HALL—January 22, after along and painful illness, WM. L. HALL, aged 47 years 4 months.

Funeral Tuesday, January 24, from his late residence, No. 2127 Sidney street, at 2 o'clock p. m. Friends invited.

Wheeling (W. Va.) and New Bedford (Mass.) papers please copy.

HOFMANN—January 23, at 1 o'clock a. m., MARY, beloved wife of Peter Hofmann, at the age of 81 years and 5 months.

Funeral will take place Wednesday morning, January 25, at 9 o'clock, from the residence of her daughter, Mary Auerbacher, 1608 Hickory street, to Calvary Cemetery. Friends of the family invited to attend.

Louisville (Ky.) and Leavenworth (Ind.) papers please copy.

MAHONEY—On Sunday, January 22, 1888, MATTHEW EDWARD, beloved son of Denis J. and Ellen Mahoney, aged 22 years and 3 months, R. I. P.

Funeral from family residence, No. 2221 Biddle street, Tuesday, at 2:30 p. m., to St. Bridget's Church, thence to Calvary Cemetery. Friends are invited to attend.

SMITH—On Saturday, January 21, THOMAS SMITH, in his 50th year.

Remains will be taken from his late residence, 2607 Market street, to-morrow morning to Mexico, Mo., for interment.

SMITH—Monday morning, January 23, 1888, in the 83d year of her age, MRS. MARY C. SMITH.

Funeral Tuesday, 24th inst., at 2 o'clock p. m., from her late residence, 1520 North Grand avenue.

WADE—January 22, JAMES WADE, aged 50 years.

His funeral will take place Tuesday, January 24, at 2 o'clock p. m., from his late residence, 2600 Bacon street, to St. Theresa's Church, thence to Calvary Cemetery. Friends of the family are invited to attend.

Chas. T. Whitsett, Undertaker.

Superior services, modern methods, reasonable charges, 1304 Olive st., opposite Exposition. Telephone 473. Residence, 2919 Lucas av.

PROFITABLE PREACHING.

Closing Up Saloons—Fur Store Destroyed by Fire—Missouri Matters.

KANSAS CITY, January 23.—Sam Jones had a service yesterday afternoon for men only. A collection was taken up for the revivalist's special benefit, and it amounted to $3,800.

BONNE TERRE, January 23.—A law and order league was organized yesterday to assist the Prosecuting Attorney in the enforcement of the law relating to the closing of saloons.

SPRINGFIELD, January 23.—The Hirsch fur and produce store was destroyed by fire yesterday morning.

TEXAS EXPRESS,

Via Missouri Pacific Railway.

Leaves St. Louis at 9:05 p. m. with through Pullman Buffet Sleeping Cars, etc. [illegible]

THE ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH

EVERY EVENING AND SUNDAY MORNING.

SEVEN ISSUES FOR 20 CENTS,

Delivered by Carriers in all Parts of the CITY and SUBURBS, and in all the principal TOWNS in Missouri and the surrounding States.

BRANCH OFFICES IN THE CITY.

At the following LOCATIONS BRANCH OFFICES have been established, where WANT ADVERTISEMENTS and SUBSCRIPTIONS will be received and where the PAPER is kept for sale:

BENTON ST.—1501	O. Sutter
BROADWAY—2001 N	O. D'Amour
BROADWAY—4132 N	W. J. Kohrumel
BROADWAY—2613 S	E. Geisler
BROADWAY—3907 S	F. Hemm
BROADWAY—7631 S	L. F. Waibel
CARR ST.—1328	Lion Drug Store
CARR ST.—2201	Crawley's Phar
CASS AV.—1000	Cass Avenue Phar
CASS AV.—1827	C. W. Tomfohrde
CHOUTEAU AV.—1500	H. F. Spilker
CHOUTEAU AV.—2354	C. Schaefer
CHOUTEAU AV.—2837	W. E. Krueger
CLARK AV.—2136	D. Nake & Bro
DODIER ST.—2248	A. & B. Vogt
EASTON AV.—3180	F. C. Pauley
EASTON AV.—4161	Fischer & Co
EAST GRAND AV.—1923	T. T. Wurmb
ELEVENTH ST.—3701 N	T. T. Wurmb
FINNEY AV.—3837	P. E. Fiquet
FRANKLIN AV.—1600	C. Klipstein
FRANKLIN AV.—3340	J. B. Baseler
GAMBLE ST.—2631	A. Braun
GARRISON AV.—1016	Harris & Raymond
GRAND AV.—1400 N	F. Sohn & Co
GRAND AV.—1926 N	W. D. Temm
GRAND AV.—2745	Thos. Layton
HICKORY ST.—800	Ferd. W. Sennewald
LAFAYETTE AV.—1800	Philip Kaut
LAFAYETTE AV.—2601	C. E. Neubert
LUCAS AV.—1700	W. S. Fleming
MARKET ST.—2031	C. G. Penney
MARKET ST.—2846	St. L. Phar
MORGAN ST.—3930	J. S. Procter
NINTH ST.—2625 N	O. Claus
OLIVE ST.—1500	R. Riley
OLIVE ST.—2800	J. L. Royston
OLIVE ST.—3201	Louis Schurk
OLIVE ST.—3500	A. B. Roth
PARK AV.—1937	G. H. Andreas
SALINA ST.—2870	A. P. Kaltwasser
SIDNEY ST.—1958	E. DuFour
TAYLOR AV.—1900	G. H. Wagner
WASHINGTON AV.—1328	Primm's Phar
WASHINGTON AV.—2338	T. S. Glenn

SUBURBAN.

KIRKWOOD	L. P. Hemm
WEBSTER GROVES	Livery Stable
EAST ST. LOUIS	O. F. Kresse
BELLEVILLE, ILL	Kaercher & Stolberg

TO ADVERTISERS.

Owing to the early departure of the fast-mail train, advertisements for the SUNDAY MORNING POST-DISPATCH must be in the office before 9 o'clock Saturday night to insure insertion

Parties advertising in these Columns and having the answers addressed in care of POST-DISPATCH, will please ask for check, to enable them to get their letters, as none will be delivered except on presentation of check. All answers to advertisements should be inclosed in envelopes. Parties answering advertisements must have their replies directed to their own POST-OFFICE address.

LODGE NOTICES.

HALL of Mound City Lodge, No. 276, I. O. O. F. Members of this Lodge are earnestly requested to attend meeting this (Monday) evening at 7:30 sharp to make arrangements for burial of Bro. Wm. M. Hall; also other important business to transact. Visiting brothers invited.
GEO. J. HESS, Sec. PHILIP RILEY, N. G.

HALL of Mound City Encampment, No. 19, I. O. O. F.—Patriarchs you are requested to meet at our hall, cor. Broadway and Benton st., on Tuesday afternoon, January 24, at 1 o'clock sharp, for the puapose of attending the funeral of our late patriarch, Wm. M. Hall. E. W. KEMPIN, Scribe.
FRED HANDLEY, Chief Patriarch.

MEMBERS OF EQUALITY LODGE, 342, A. O. U. W., are requested to meet at their hall at 1 p. m., Tuesday, the 24th inst., to attend the funeral of Brother James Wade. JOS. T. LUPTON, M. W.
Attest: JOHN W. HARPER, Recorder. 33

STELLA COUNCIL, Legion of Honor, meets every Tuesday at their hall, corner of Broadway and Benton. Visitors are fraternally invited. A. W. SMITH,
C. H. PELLET, Recorder. Chancellor.

LAFAYETTE COUNCIL, No. 392, American Legion of Honor, will hold a regular meeting every Tuesday evening, at 8 o'clock sharp, southwest corner of 9th and Franklin av. Companions of sister councils courteously invited By order W. H. ADAMS,
Attest: ROBT. TERRY, Commander.
Secretary. 33

LAFAYETTE DRILL CORPS—Attention! You are hereby ordered to assemble at hall Tuesday evening, January 24, 1888, at 8 o'clock sharp, for the purpose of electing officers. By order of
Attest: ROBERT TERRY, First Lieut.
W. H. ADAMS, Sec.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALES.

Stenographers.

ADVERTISE your wants in "Sunday Morning Post-Dispatch."

WANTED—To exchange dictation with stenographer for practice. Address drug store, 9th and Montgomery. 41

WANTED—Competent stenographer 3 years' experience in general office work, is open to engagement; first-class reference. Add. R 58 this office.

Boys.

ADVERTISE your wants in "Sunday Morning Post-Dispatch."

WANTED—Situation by a boy in private family. 1716 Morgan st. 42

WANTED—A boy 17 years old wishes to learn the plumber trade. Address 2723 Rutger st. 42

Miscellaneous.

ADVERTISE your wants in "Sunday Morning Post-Dispatch."

WANTED—Situation by a young man of 24; speaks English and German; willing to do anything; can give reference. Address S 61, this office. 43

HELP WANTED—MALES.

Book-keepers.

CONSULT your interests by advertising in the Sunday Post-Dispatch.

THE Bryant & Stratton

BUSINESS, SHORTHAND AND ENGLISH TRAINING SCHOOL. OPEN DAY AND NIGHT, corner Broadway and Market st., St. Louis. Graduates are successful in obtaining employment. Send for circular. 53

Clerks and Salesmen.

ADVERTISE your wants in "Sunday Morning Post-Dispatch."

MARTIN & HAYWARD'S

Shorthand and Business College, 618 and 620 Olive. Send for catalogue. Day and night session. 54

SHORTHAND

Thoroughly taught by a reporter of twenty years' experience in St. Louis courts. Special postal instructions $10 for course. Positions secured all graduates when competent. Night school now open. BARNES, 210 and 212 N. 4th st. 54

The Trades.

IF you want a good place the Sunday Post-Dispatch will secure it for you.

WANTED—One blacksmith-helper. 15th and St. Louis av. 58

WANTED—Laster on turn work at once. Hamilton-Brown Shoe Company. 58

WANTED—A machinist, immediately. Inquire P. B. Mathiason & Co., 5310 N. 2d st. 58

HELP WANTED—MALES.

Laborers.

IF you want work, advertise in the Sunday Post-Dispatch.

WANTED—100 men to harvest ice at Smith's Bay. Apply to James A. Smith & Son's I. & F. Co., 817 N. 7th. 59

Boys.

IF you want work, advertise in the Sunday Post-Dispatch.

WANTED—A boy to wash dishes. Apply at side entrance 1706 Lucas place. 61

Miscellaneous.

ADVERTISE your wants in "Sunday Morning Post-Dispatch."

WANTED—Two wide-awake young men; call at once at 1424 Franklin av. 62

WANTED—A man of temperate habits, located outside leading cities, to represent, in his section, an established house. Monthly salary $100 if suited; references. Manufacturer, Lock Box 1585, N. Y. 62

WANTED—For January 23, five young men to engage with Union Telegraph Company and learn telegraphing on our lines, and take situations paying from $65, $75, $85, $95, $100 to $125 per month. Apply to Supt., 102 N. 3d. 62

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALES.

Clerks and Saleswomen.

ADVERTISE your wants in "Sunday Morning Post-Dispatch."

WANTED—A position as cashier or saleslady. Call at Woman's Christian Home, 1814 Washington av. 44

Stenographers.

THE Sunday Post-Dispatch will secure you the best of help—for 5c. per line.

WANTED—Competent stenographer having type-writer would like to secure work at home evenings. Add. P 60, this office. 45

General Housework.

THE Sunday Post-Dispatch will secure you the best of help—for 5c. per line.

WANTED—A situation by a girl to do light housework. 2018 Cass av. 48

WANTED—Situation by German girl to do general housework. 1720 Bacon st. 48

WANTED—Situation to do general housework in small family, city or country. Call or address 1307 N. 15th st. 48

WANTED—Situation by a German girl to do general housework in small family; no postals. Call at 1234 N. 14th st. 48

WANTED—Situation by young educated widow from country, in small family for light housework. Call at 1519 Clark av. 48

STOVE REPAIRS!

For every stove or range made in the United States to be had at A. G. Brauer's, 219 Locust st. 48

Cooks, Etc.

ADVERTISE your wants in "Sunday Morning Post-Dispatch."

WANTED—Situation as cook, city or country; best references. 821 N. 8th st., in rear. 49

WANTED—By a colored woman a situation as cook in a first-class boarding-house; best references. Call at 1609 Olive st. 49

Nurses.

ADVERTISE your wants in "Sunday Morning Post-Dispatch."

WANTED—A girl wishes a situation as nurse or to do housework. Inquire 318 Carroll st. 50

WANTED—A young girl wants a situation as nursing and sewing; good reference, if required. Call at 816 N. 20th st. 50

Laundresses.

THE Sunday Post-Dispatch will secure you the best of help—for 5c. per line.

WANTED—Situation by a woman to do washing and ironing at home. 3225 Park av. 51

WANTED—By a woman, family or gents' washing to take home. 613 S. 6th st., 4th floor. 51

WANTED—Woman wants washing to take home, or go out by day. 814 N. 20th st., up-stairs. 51

Miscellaneous.

IF you want a good place the Sunday Post-Dispatch will secure it for you.

WANTED—By a good girl a situation as a chambermaid. 1308 Biddle st. 52

WANTED—Situation by colored girl as chambermaid or dining-room girl. 1239 Linden st. 52

HELP WANTED—FEMALES.

General Housework.

ADVERTISE your wants in "Sunday Morning Post-Dispatch."

WANTED—Girl for general housework at 2609 Laclede av. 66

WANTED—A young girl for light housework, at 1514 N. 25th st. 66

WANTED—A good girl for general housework. 4416 N. 19th st. 66

WANTED—A German girl for general housework. 1129 Penrose av. 66

WANTED—A German girl for general housework, at 1107 Dolman st. 66

WANTED—Situation to do general housework. Call at 3918 Easton av., rear. 66

WANTED—A good girl to do general housework. Apply 1123 Chouteau av. 66

WANTED—A girl for general housework. Inquire at drug store, 800 Morgan st. 66

WANTED—A good German girl for general housework; two in family. 907 Hickory st. 66

WANTED—A German girl in small family to do housework and cook, 231 S. Jefferson av. 66

WANTED—A competent housegirl; German preferred. Apply at once. 3019 Chestnut st. 66

WANTED—Girl for general housework, between 16 and 18 years old. Call at 108 S. Channing av.

WANTED—A good girl to do general housework in small family. Apply at once at 3036 Franklin av.

WANTED—A good girl for general housework in a family of two; must understand cooking. 1615 Dolman st. 66

WANTED—Girl about 14 years of age to assist in general housework in family of three; no washing. Apply at 2647 Caroline st. 66

Laundresses.

ADVERTISE your wants in "Sunday Morning Post-Dispatch."

WANTED—White laundress by the day. Call at 2612 North Market st. 67

WANTED—A first-class laundress; references required; two days of each week; apply immediately. 3144 Pine st. 67

Cooks.

IF you want a good place the Sunday Post-Dispatch will secure it for you.

WANTED—Colored cook at 120 N. 13th st. 68

WANTED—A good cook in a private boarding house. 2100 N. 11th st. 68

WANTED—Girl to cook and assist with washing and ironing. 924 Hickory st. 68

Dressmakers and Seamstresses.

IF you want work, advertise in the Sunday Post-Dispatch.

WANTED—Girls to sew on custom pants; learned need to apply 815 Carr st., 3d floor. 69

Nurses.

ADVERTISE your wants in "Sunday Morning Post-Dispatch."

WANTED—A nursegirl at 1327 St. Ange av. 70

Miscellaneous.

IF you want work, advertise in the Sunday Post-Dispatch.

WANTED—A chambermaid. Apply 1705 Park av. 71

WANTED—A good kitchen girl at 1002 Mississippi av. 71

WANTED—Girl to work in lodging house. 1019 N. Third st. 71

WANTED—No. 1 girl to do dip work in candy factory. 813 N. 6th st. 71

WANTED—A good dining-room girl; fair-looking; no Sunday work. 518 Pine st. 71

WANNED—For January 23, five young ladies to engage with Union Telegraph Company and learn telegraphing on our lines and take situations paying from $65, $75, $85, 95, $100 to $125 per month. Apply to Supt. 102 N. 3d. 71

DRESSMAKING.

ADVERTISE your wants in "Sunday Morning Post-Dispatch."

WANTED—Engagements by an experienced dressmaker; best references; satisfaction guaranteed. Address F 63, this office. 72

MONEY WANTED.

WANTED—$200 to $2,000—Persons having small sums of money to loan can obtain a good rate of interest, with first-class security. Apply to J. B. Follett, 313 N. Third st., grade floor. 25

PERSONALS.

Advertisements under the head of "Personal" are received subject to revision or rejection entirely. The money paid for rejected advertisements will be refunded when address is given, or by calling at this office with ticket. All personals not of a business nature, ten cents a line; nothing less than two lines.

PERSONAL—Can't meet you Tuesday. Will see you Tuesday week. W. X. Y. Z. 1

PERSONAL—M.: We will meet you at 1:30 or 6 o'clock to-morrow at same place. Crabb. 1

PERSONAL—Virginia: I received yours the same day I met that party; can explain all. Iowa. 1

PERSONAL—A lady of means, 40 years old, wishes to form the acquaintance of a gentleman of about 27 or 28. Object social amusement; must be good company; send photograph. Address this office, C 63.

PERSONAL—Rebecca L. Ady, M. D., 1422 Olive, electro-magnetic hand baths. See personal sundries

PERSONAL SUNDRIES.

UNFORTUNATES look in the Sunday Post-Dispatch for those who can relieve them. 74

BEN J. KOCH, the finest hair-cutter in the city. 203 N. 6th st. Be sure and call for Ben. 74

IF you need a suit of clothes call and see the fine misfits at Dunn's Loan Office. 74

NOTICE TO HOUSEKEEPERS—Parties declining housekeeping and wishing to sell their household goods for cash would do well to call on or address 74 R. U. LEONORI, JR., & CO., 1005 Olive st.

1,000 BUSINESS cards for $1. H. B. Crole & Co., printers, 813 Locust st. 74

DR. D. I. JOCELYN of Colton Dental Association, who introduced the use of gas in St. Louis for the painless extraction of teeth, gives it his personal attention. Gas always pure; operations safe and sure. All branches of dentistry practiced at lowest prices. Office, 517 Olive st. 74

PERSONAL—A lady giving massage and electricity treatment wishes a few more lady patients; will receive or visit. Apply 1106 Locust st. 74

PERSONAL—Mrs. Dossen, practical and competent midwife; business strictly confidential; attended to with board; charges reasonable. 115 S. 14th st. 74

PERSONAL—Miss Lyons and assistants, hand massage, electric baths and medical treatment. Hours 9 a. m. till 9 p. m. 1021 N. Bway, 2d-floor back. 74

REBECCA L. ADY, M. D., 1422 Olive st., electricity scientifically administered; baths of all kinds a luxury; patrons can have choice of male or female assistants; open day, evenings and Sundays. 74

MRS. G. LUBY,

THE GREAT

FORTUNE-TELLER

Can be consulted on business matters, marriages and losses of every description; tells name and age of sweetheart and future husband, bringing separated together, and causes speedy marriages; gives lucky charms and breaks evil influence, and those who forsake you to return. 502 N. 15th, between St. Charles st. and Washington av. 74

MRS. ROS.

SABINE!

Beyond all comparison the greatest living fortune-teller, business adviser and only genuine spiritual healer. Send for sworn testimonials. 801 N. 15th st., n. w. cor. 15th and Morgan sts. 74

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

ADVERTISE your wants in "Sunday Morning Post-Dispatch."

COAL, 9 bu. $1; 18 bu. $2; 25 bu. $2.75; by the large load 11c per bu., at T. F. Carroll's, 2021 Franklin av. Send postal. 5

FOR SALE—A fine pug dog. Address K 62, this office. 5

FOR SALE—Two nice large female canarys. 1815 Olive st. 5

FOR SALE—Cheap; furniture of three rooms in lots to suit. Address E 63, this office. 5

SINGER Sewing Machines from $5 to $12, all in perfect order, at Dunn's Loan Office, 912 Franklin av. 5

O. K. COAL DEALER delivers coal to any part of the building. Eight bushels, $1. Fourth and fifth floors extra. Order by mail or telephone No. 3181. Office, 922 N. 12th st.
C. F. WUESTENEY, Proprietor.

SKEELE—TIME OR CASH.

Everything to furnish a room, a house or hotel, cheaper than any store in the city, at 210 and 212 N. 7th st., near Olive. Open at night. 5

STORAGE.

STORAGE for furniture, etc.; new warehouse; clean, dry; low rates. Brolaski & Voorhis Financial Co., 111 N. 8th st. Telephone 453. 81

STORAGE—For furniture, pianos, carriages, trunks, etc.; inspection solicited; get our rates; money advanced; careful moving, packing and shipping, etc. R. U. Leonori, Jr., & Co., 1005 Olive st. 81

STORAGE-MOVING!

Furniture, Pianos, Household Goods.

The largest, safest and best storage rooms in the city for furniture, pianos, boxes, trunks and valuable goods of all kinds at lowest rates; cash advances made on same when desired; moving furniture, pianos and household goods from house to house done by experienced men. Packing furniture, pianos, pictures, china, glassware, etc., for shipping a specialty. WM. O. LANGAN & CO.,
81 1003 and 1005 Morgan st.

EVERY want of man or woman is represented in our Sunday want columns.

ALL SORTS.

ADVERTISE your wants in "Sunday Morning Post-Dispatch."

TO BOOT-BLACKS.

On Wednesday, February 1, between 10 and 11 a. m., will be given to every boot-black who applies a 10c box of Miller's French Blacking—the best shoe polish made—also a leather preservative, at Addington's Drug Store, 700 Olive st. 32

BUSINESS FOR SALE.

ADVERTISE your wants in "Sunday Morning Post-Dispatch."

FOR SALE—Post-Dispatch route in North St. Louis, paying $15 weekly. Reason given for selling. Address or apply to carrier 42, this office, between 3 and 4:30 p. m. 4

BOOKS.

ADVERTISE your wants in "Sunday Morning Post-Dispatch."

WANTED—Books—All kinds bought for cash. Call or send address. Book Exchange, 309 N. 9th. 28

HORSES AND VEHICLES.

For Sale.

FOR SALE CHEAP—A good lady's horse and Perry cart 2946 Montgomery street city. 12

FOR SALE—A good gentle horse; cheap. Inquire at 915 Franklin av. H. W. Overbeck. 12

FOR SALE—Top buggies, park, grocery, baker, butcher and dry goods wagons. 1604 N. Broadway.

HAY AND OATS.

Buy on track for cash and save 25 per cent, at R. C. Tunstall, 20th and Poplar sts. 12

READ the want advertisements in next Sunday's Post-Dispatch.

FINANCIAL.

BORROWERS are found by advertising in the Sunday Post-Dispatch. 31

A GENTLEMAN wishing to invest some surplus funds will loan $25 and upwards on household furniture and other security; parties wishing advances will be treated fairly and can secure loans on satisfactory terms. Call at 1017 Morgan st. 31

MONEY loaned on clothing, diamonds, watches, chains, guns, pistols, musical instruments, etc., at Dunn's Loan Office, 912 Franklin av. 31

MONEY LOANED—$5 and upwards, on furniture without removal; also on any good personal securities. My terms are the best in the city. M. E. Dougan, 719½ Pine st., up-stairs. 31

$25 TO $500 loaned on furniture, pianos, without removal; also on horses and wagons; weekly payments taken and interest reduced in proportion; no commission. F. W. Peters & Co., 813 Chestnut st.

CASH loaned from $50 up on furniture, St. Louis real estate, or other good securities, at less than usual rates. Brolaski & Voorhis Financial Co., 111 N. 8th st. Telephone 453. 31

LOANS on furniture in residence, city real estate and all good securities; fair and reasonable terms. Porter & Williams, room 2, 904 Olive st. 31

MONEY loaned on furniture without removal; any amount; lowest rate. John C. King, 813 Morgan.

MONEY loaned on furniture without removal, in sums to suit; business confidential; no commission charged. O. C. Volker, 714 Pine, room 14.

FURNITURE LOANS.

$25 and upward to loan on furniture at residence, without removal; lowest rates; business strictly confidential. C. F. Betts, 208 N. 8th st. 31

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

22 S. 14TH ST.—Large front room, fur., with fire and all conveniences, $10 per month. 13

2111½ N 8TH ST.—Nicely-furnished front room, second floor. 13

504 MARKET ST.—Large furnished room with fire, $10 a month. 13

1004 PINE ST.—Second-story front, suitable for four gents or two; also rooms for light housekeeping. 13

1217 PINE ST.—Nicely furnished front room, suitable for two gents. 13

1316 PINE ST.—Nicely-furnished rooms with fire for one or two gentlemen; very moderate prices. 13

1323 GEYER AV.—A nicely furnished front room suitable for one or two gentlemen. 13

1418 WASHINGTON AV.—Two nicely-furnished rooms for gentlemen. 13

1601 OLIVE ST.—Furnished rooms, 2d and 3d stories, gas, bath and all conveniences; front-hall room, $8 per month. 13

1601 WASHINGTON AV.—Second-story front room, with board; transient accommodations and day board. 13

1801 2D CARONDELET AV.—Two large rooms; 3d floor; water and all conveniences. 13

1811 BIDDLE ST.—Two choice furnished rooms. 13

1907 MARKET ST.—Two unfurnished rooms, first floor; $7 with water. 13

2028 PINE ST.—Nicely furnished 2d-story back room, suitable for gent; gas and all conveniences; private family. 13

2950 DICKSON ST.—Three rooms, first floor, handsomely furnished; steam heat, gas, bath; suitable for light housekeeping; convenient to three lines of cars; private family; references ex. 13

THOSE who wish a wide circulation for their wants should try the Sunday Post-Dispatch.

BOARDING.

10 S. 11TH ST.—Two nicely furnished rooms; board or without. 18

1118 PINE ST.—Nicely-fur. front rooms; board: reas. rates; table boarders and trans. accom.

2113 LUCAS PLACE—Elegantly furnished rooms, first-class board. 18

3056 SHERIDAN AV.—Handsomely furnished rooms, large grounds, first-class board. 18

BOARD—The St. James Hotel will make a very low rate for guests by the week or month; see their rooms and get prices before locating for the winter. 18

WANTED—To board, a child in a family where there are no children in the neighborhood of 20th st. and Franklin av. Call at 826 N. 20th st. 18

BOARDERS are secured by advertising in the Sunday Post-Dispatch. 18

FOR RENT—DWELLINGS.

FOR SALE—Bargain; 9-room detached brick; whitened and papered; stable; all conveniences: front and side entrances; central carline. Ad. D 63, this office.

NEXT Sunday's Post-Dispatch will be the champion Sunday paper of the city.

TIME TABLE

Of Trains Running into the

Union Depot.

ST. LOUIS TIME.

*Except Sunday; †Daily; ‖Except Saturday; ‡Except Monday; ¶ Monday.

	Depart.	Arrive.
CHICAGO, ALTON & ST. LOUIS RAILROAD.		
Chicago Express Mail	* 8:30 am	* 7:25 pm
Kansas City Mail	† 8:45 am	† 6:00 pm
Through Chicago Express	† 4:50 pm	†10:35 am
Jacksonville Accommodation	* 6:00 pm	* 2:00 pm
Chicago Lightning Express	† 7:55 pm	† 7:35 am
Kansas City Night Express	† 8:30 pm	† 7:15 am
CAIRO SHORT LINE RAILROAD.		
New Orleans Express	† 7:35 pm	†10:10 pm
Memphis Express	† 7:35 pm	† 8:10 am
Cairo and Jackson Express	† 7:45 am	† 6:45 pm
Cairo and Texas Express	* 3:35 pm	* 6:45 pm
OHIO & MISSISSIPPI RAILWAY. 10 hours to Cin. & Lou. 4 Solid trains. Sleepers to Cin., Lou., Wash., Balt., Phil. and New York.		
Cincinnati & Louisville Accom.	* 6:25 am	* 7:22 pm
Cin'ti, Louisville, Wash., Balt., Phil. & New York	† 8:00 am	† 6:40 pm
Cincinnati Express	† 7:00 pm	† 7:20 am
Cin'ti, Louisville, Wash., Balt., Phil. & New York	† 8:00 pm	† 7:45 am
Salem Accommodation	5:15 pm	8:45 am
MISSOURI, KANSAS & TEXAS RAILWAY.		
Houston & Galveston	† 9:00 am	† 5:35 pm
San Antonio	† 8:20 pm	† 6:40 am
CHICAGO, BURLINGTON & QUINCY RAILROAD.		
St. Paul, Dubuque, Omaha and Denver Express	† 8:30 am	† 5:20 pm
La Crosse, Omaha, Lincoln and Denver Express	‖ 8:30 pm	‡ 6:50 am
ST. LOUIS, KANSAS & NORTHWESTERN RAILWAY.		
St. Paul, Omaha, Denver and Lincoln Express	* 9:20 am	* 6:00 pm
Spirit Lake, Omaha, Cedar Rapids and Denver Express	† 8:15 pm	† 6:30 am
WABASH RAILWAY.		
Chicago Local Mail	* 7:05 am	* 7:30 pm
Chicago Fast Express	† 7:55 am	† 7:30 pm
New York Fast Express	† 7:55 am	† 6:15 pm
Decatur and Jacksonville Accommodation	* 5:05 pm	*11:00 am
New York and Boston Fast Exp	† 7:28 pm	† 7:45 am
Chicago Night Express	† 8:10 pm	† 7:30 am
Peoria Night Express	† 8:10 pm	† 7:30 am
WABASH WESTERN RAILWAY.		
Through Mail and Express	† 8:25 am	† 6:15 pm
Kansas City, St. Joe and St. Paul Fast Line	* 9:00 am	* 7:10 pm
Montgomery Accommodation	* 5:00 pm	* 11:55 am
Omaha, Des Moines and St. Paul Express	† 8:25 pm	† 6:50 am
Kansas City and St. Joseph Express	† 8:35 pm	† 6:40 am
ST. LOUIS & SAN FRANCISCO RAILWAY.		
Through Mail	† 8:15 am	† 6:00 pm
Through Express	† 8:15 pm	† 6:30 am
LOUISVILLE, EVANSVILLE & ST. LOUIS R. R. (The Air Line.)		
Louisville Day Express	†7:20 am	†8:00 am
Louisville Night Express	†7:20 pm	†7:25 pm
LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE RAILROAD.		
Mt. Vernon Accommodation	....	†9:00 am
Southern Fast Mail	†7:20 am	†8:00 pm
Mt. Vernon Accommodation	†5:00 pm	....
Belleville Accommodation	†9:45 am	†12:05 pm
Southern Fast Line	†7:20 pm	†7:35 am
MISSOURI PACIFIC RAILWAY.		
Fast Mail	† 3:00 am	....
Local Expres	† 7:05 am	* 5:35 pm
Washington Acc. Sunday only	8:10 am	7:25 pm
Day Express	† 9:00 am	† 6:00 pm
Fast Line daily	8:20 pm	6:40 am
MOBILE & OHIO RAILROAD.		
New Orleans and Florida Express	† 9:00 pm	† 7:25 am
Cairo and Chester Express	* 8:40 am	* 6:05 pm
VANDALIA LINE.		
Indianapolis Acc. exc. Sunday	7:15 am	5:00 pm
Fast Line, daily	9:00 am	7:30 pm
Chicago Express, exc. Sunday	9:00 am	7:30 pm
N. Y., Balt. & Wash. Exp. daily	8:00 pm	7:00 am
Chicago Night Express, daily	8:00 pm	7:00 am
Effingham Accom. exc. Sunday	5:30 pm	8:00 am
Cincin. Day Exp., exc. Sunday	7:15 am	7:30 pm
Cincin. Night Exp., daily	7:30 pm	7:00 am
ST. LOUIS & HANNIBAL.		
Bowling Green and Hannibal	* 5:00pm	....
Local Accommodation	† 8:25pm	....
St. Charles and St. Louis Mail and Express	....	* 11:55am
ST. LOUIS, IRON MOUNTAIN & SOUTHERN RAILWAY.		
Houston & Galves. L'd Fast Mail	† 8:10pm	† 7:30am
Texas Express	† 9:10am	† 5:25pm
New Orleans, Nashville and Atlanta Express	† 8:15am	† 4:35pm
Memphis Fast Line	† 8:00pm	† 7:05am
California Ex	† 8:30pm	† 6:45am

DOCTOR WHITTIER

617 St. Charles St., St. Louis, Mo.

A regular graduate of three Medical Colleges, has been 15 years longer engaged in the special treatment of CHRONIC, NERVOUS, SKIN and BLOOD DISEASES than any other Physician in St. Louis.

Blood Impurities and Poisoning, with sore mouth, tongue, throat, blotches or bone pains are treated with unparalleled success, on latest scientific principles, Safely, Privately.

Unnatural Discharges Promptly Cured.

Nervous Prostration, Debility, Mental and Physical Weakness, Arising from Indiscretion, Excess or Indulgence, which produce some of the following effects: Nervousness, debility, dimness of sight and defective memory, pimples on the face, physical decay, aversion to the society of females, confusion of ideas, etc., rendering marriage improper or unhappy, permanently cured. Consultation at office or by mail, free invited & strictly confidential.

It is self-evident that a physician paying particular attention to a class of cases attains great skill. In this oldest office in America every known appliance is resorted to and the PROVED GOOD REMEDIES of all ages and countries are used. Charges are as low as can be made, using only the best. Avoid cheap promised cure-alls—they are useless and often dangerous. Every case requires specially prepared treatment. All are treated with skill in a respectful manner, and knowing what to do, NO EXPERIMENTS ARE MADE. If you secure the skill and get a speedy and perfect life-cure, that is the important matter. Call or write Dr. Whittier.

GLOBE PRESENTS

TO-DAY AND TO-MORROW.

One lot of Men's $4 Overcoats	At $1.25
One lot of Men's $7.50 Fur Beaver Overcoats	At $3.95
One lot of Men's $10 All-Wool Cassimere Suits	At $5.65
One lot of Children's $2 Overcoats and Suits	At 75c
One lot of Children's $5 Suits	At $3.00
One lot of Men's Fine Tailor-Made $20 Suits and Overcoats	At $10.00
One lot of Boys' $5 Suits and Overcoats	At $2.45
One lot of Boys' $10 Suits and Overcoats	At $5.00
One lot of Men's $2.50 Stiff Hats	At $1.25
One lot of Linen and Percale Shirts, re-enforced	At 35c
One lot of All-Wool and Flannel Underwear	At 35c
One lot of Boys' Polo Caps	At 9c
One lot of Men's Fine $3.50 Calf Shoes	At $2.50
One lot of Ladies' Fine Kid Button $2.50 Shoes	At $1.50
Odds and ends of Fine Clothing	Cut in half

☞ The above Drives are for To-Day and To-Morrow only. If you come too late it will be your own fault. ☜

GLOBE,

705, 707, 709, 711 and 713 FRANKLIN AV.

Largest Shoe and Clothing Establishment in the West. ☞ Open until 9 p. m.; Saturday until 11 p. m.

LOST AND FOUND.

ADVERTISE your wants in "Sunday Morning Post-Dispatch."

LOST—Pair of mitts, black and red; return to 700 N. 8th st. and receive reward. Geo. Goodwin. 30

LOST—Deed and book in Wash st. cable, 10 o'clock this morning, marked Margaret Killian; no use to any but owner. Please send to 4042 Finney av. 30

LOST—Will lady that sat in section T, seat 8, Standard Theater, last evening, please return gloves to the office of theater and receive reward 30

LEGAL NOTICES.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas, Mrs. Mary Hassbaum (widow), by her certain Deed of Trust, dated the eleventh day of February, 1878, and recorded in the Recorder's office of the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, in book 587, page 212, conveyed to the undersigned the following described real estate, situated in the City of St. Louis, Missouri, to-wit:

A lot of ground fronting thirty-six feet and eight inches (36 ft. 8 in.) on the east line of Nineteenth street by one hundred and thirty-five (135) feet, more or less, in depth, lying in School Survey 380, and being bounded north by the northern line of School Survey 380, east by center line of proposed alley, south by a line parallel to and forty feet south of the aforesaid northern line of Survey 380, and west by said Nineteenth street, together with, all and singular, the buildings and other improvements thereon erected, being the same property acquired by the said party of the first part from William Leffmann, Trustee, at Trustee's Sale in said City of St. Louis, on the 2d day of February, A. D. 1878, which said conveyance to the undersigned was made in trust to secure the payment of certain notes in said Deed of Trust described, and whereas default has been made in the payment of the principal note. Now, therefore, at the request of the legal holder of said notes, and in pursuance of the conditions in said Deed of Trust, the undersigned will, on

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 14, 1888,

between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m., of said day, at the East front door of the Court-house in the City of St. Louis, Mo., sell the above described real estate at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, for the purposes of satisfying said note and the costs of executing this trust.
HENRY LINDHORST, Trustee.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas, Jacob Gittelmann (now more than nine months dead), and Fredericka Gittelmann his wife, by their certain deed of trust, dated November 24, 1885, and recorded in the Recorder's Office of the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, in book 771, page 436, conveyed to the undersigned the following described real estate, situated in the City of St. Louis, Missouri, to-wit:

Lot number eleven (11) in block seventeen (17) of the subdivision of the Lami tract and in block 1998, north of the City of St. Louis, having a front of twelve feet eleven and one-half inches on the western line of Oregon avenue, and of fifteen feet and ten inches on the northern line of Gravois avenue (formerly road), by an irregular depth westerly to an alley, on which said lot fronts twenty-five feet, bounded south by lot 10 and north by lot 12 of said block and subdivision, which said conveyance to the undersigned was made in trust to secure the payment of certain notes in said deed of trust described; and, whereas default has been made in the payment of the principal note; now, therefore, at the request of the legal holder of said notes and in pursuance of the conditions in said deed of trust the undersigned will on

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 14, 1888,

between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m. of said day at the east front door of the Court-house in the City of St. Louis, Mo., sell the above described real estate at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, for the purpose of satisfying said note and the costs of executing this trust.
AUGUST GEHNER, Trustee.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.

THE Iron Mountain Company has this day declared a dividend of twenty dollars ($20) per share, payable February 1. The books will close, for the transfer of stock, at 3 p. m., the 26th inst. and reopen February 1, at 10 a. m.
January 21, 1888. C. C. MAFFITT, President.

TO WEAK MEN suffering from the effects of youthful errors, early decay, lost manhood, etc. I will send a valuable treatise (sealed) containing full particulars for home cure, free of charge. Address Prof. F. C. FOWLER, Moodus, Conn.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

J. L. Vincey was killed in a quarrel with Jno. Bailey at Birmingham, Ala., yesterday.

Spencer Wallace Cone, father of Kate Claxton, died at Larchmont Manor, N. Y., yesterday.

Walter M. Gibson, ex-Premier of the Sandwich Islands, died in San Francisco yesterday of bronchitis.

Socialists tried to hold a meeting in Trafalgar square, London, yesterday, but were prevented by the police.

A portion of the Holyoke Envelope Company at Holyoke, Mass., was burned yesterday; loss about $325,000.

The explosion of the boiler on the tug Znave in New York harbor seriously injured the engineer and fireman.

Albert Peterson, a young Swede, who has been "holding up" and robbing people in San Francisco, was killed by an officer last night.

Charles Parkhurst, who was arrested at Sullivan, Ind., for the murder of Geo. T. Powers at Marshall, Ill., two years ago, confessed that he was guilty.

A suspected train-robber shot and killed a young man named Neil Bray at Montgomery, Ala., who attempted to stop him for the officers he had escaped from.

John A Bailey died at Marquette, Mich., yesterday in his 70th year. He is well known as the builder of several light-houses on the Atlantic coast and the lakes.

P. T. Barnum on hearing the resolution passed by the Western roads regarding the change of freight rates, expressed his determination to take his entire show to Europe next year.

The funeral of Caspar Hermann, a member of Peter Cooper Post, G. A. R., which took place in New York yesterday, was interrupted by the police, who arrested the escort for not having a permit to parade.

An attempt was made to serenade Wilfrid Blunt, the imprisoned Englishman, at Galway, Saturday night, but the police drove the serenaders away. During the night bonfires and beacon lights illuminated the south of Ireland in honor of the release of William O'Brien.

The convention just signed between the United States and Canada makes it possible to send a letter for two cents to any post-office in North America. Superintendent Bell says there will be no postage accounts between the two countries, as each country will retain all the postage it collects.

Yesterday was the centenary of Lord Byron's death, but it was commemorated more on the Continent than in England, where the prudes have set a seal of condemnation upon the poet's life. In London the most significant celebration was at the Greek Church, where the poet was lauded for what he had done for Grecian independence. At Athens the occasion was generally remembered, and at Centretown his statue was covered with flowers. At Vienna there was a representation of "Manfred," and all the leading papers of Austria and Hungary reviewed Byron's life and works.

PIANO LAMPS, $13 TO $35.

☞ See our wonderful reductions this week. Mermod & Jaccard Jewelry Co., 4th & Locust.

An Old Settler Gone.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

LITCHFIELD, Ill., January 23.—B. C. Beardsley, one of the oldest and most respected citizens, died at his home here yesterday of neuralgia of the stomach. The deceased was [illegible] years old and a widower. No children survive him. His remains will be interred in Elmwood Cemetery with Masonic rites to-morrow.

AN EARLY MORNING BLAZE.

Narrow Escape of Four Young Men—An Insane Juror—Illinois Items.

CHICAGO, January 23.—The De Wolf apartment building, on Cottage Grove avenue, was destroyed by fire early yesterday morning. Forty persons sleeping in the rooms above the stores had very narrow escapes. Miss Birdsall, a school-teacher, was nearly suffocated in a hallway. She is not expected to recover. T. D. McKellop was seriously injured in trying to make his escape. Nine families were turned out in the cold. The residence of Perry Trumbull, son of ex-Senator Trumbull, was destroyed by fire early yesterday morning. The family had a narrow escape. Mr. Trumbull, who arrived on a morning train from the East, drove up in a cab and found his house in ruins. Four young men adrift on a huge block of ice had a narrow escape yesterday afternoon on the lake. They were rescued by the police with great difficulty. Finley D. Browne, a Board of Trade speculater, was seriously injured yesterday in trying to escape through a window from the card-room of a club-house. An alarm had been given at the door. Michael Lynch, who shot and killed Police Officer Halloran, was convicted on Saturday night, and his punishment was assessed at thirty-five years in the penitentiary.

CARBONDALE, January 23.—The jury in the Jones poisoning case had to be discharged yesterday on account of a juror developing symptoms of insanity caused by the excitement of the trial.

CARMI, January 23.—The Supreme Court has decided that the August term of the Circuit Court of White County was without authority of law, rendering invalid all the business done at that term, including the criminal convictions.

DELAVAN, January 23.—A little daughter of Rev. Jas. Miller was accidently shot and killed yesterday by her brother, who was handling a revolver.

MARSHALL, January 23.—John Dawson was found yesterday morning nearly frozen to death in a sled. He had gone out under the influence of liquor and had fallen asleep, the horses running away.

PANA, January 23.—John L. King, an old farmer, committed suicide yesterday by hanging to a rafter in the barn. No cause was assigned for the deed.

SHELBYVILLE, January 23.—Mrs. Simon Gallagher, wife of a miller, committed suicide yesterday by hanging in the barn. Domestic trouble was the cause.

SHEEP-RAISING IN THE OZARKS.

A Missouri Company Organized for the Purpose—Goat-Raising.

Alfred T. Oakley of Jefferson City, who arrived in the city yesterday, in conversation with a POST-DISPATCH reporter said: "I have just returned from a trip among the Ozark Mountains, where I went for the purpose of seeing for myself whether much of the land now lying waste cannot be utilized for pastoral purposes. The people of that section seem to have no idea of the capabilities of the mountain land, which they consider as utterly worthless. But there are thousands of acres in that region which although worthless as agricultural land, are most admirable for raising sheep. The grass is good, water plenty, the hills not too steep and the ravines furnish excellent shelter during the winter storms. I know of no place where either mutton or wool can be grown so cheaply, for the land costs no more than that on the Western plains, and the railroads bring the product within a few hours of an excellent market. But in spite of all these advantages there are scarcely any sheep to be found, and the inhabitants seem to confine their pastoral efforts to breeding a few hogs, that run wild through the woods, and are as lean and wiry as greyhounds. This state of affairs will not continue much longer,

AS A COMPANY

has been organized by a number of the richest farmers of Central Missouri, which has secured a large amount of land, and during the coming spring and summer will stock it with sheep. I do not care to give the exact location of the property farther than to say that it is in the Ozarks, as we may very probably find it advisable to increase our acreage and do not care to attract too many competitors. But all arrangements will soon be completed for putting at least 10,000 sheep on the range and the experiment of both wool and mutton-raising will be most thoroughly tested. The majority of the sheep will be nearly pure Merinoes, but two or three thousands Cotswolds, the best mutton animals in the country, will be placed on the lower grazing grounds, and when ready for market will be shipped to St. Louis and Kansas City. We also intend to try to introduce a few

FLOCKS OF GOATS,

of which animals there are now scarcely any in the State. I cannot understand why a prejudice has arisen against both goats' meat and goats' milk. The meat closely resembles venison, while the milk is like the richest cream, and makes most admirable cheese. Goats thrive in spots inaccessible, on account of their ruggedness, to other animals, and in some States, notably in California and New Mexico, herds of many thousands are raised with great profit. I do not know how they will succeed in Missouri, but we intend to make the experiment, and if our venture proves lucrative we will add largely to our flock, as there is a great abundance of land excellently suited to raising goats, and useless for all other purposes."

LOCAL NEWS.

Bessie Klein of 2201 North Broadway was seriously scalded last night.

The funeral of the late Green Erskine was held yesterday afternoon from his late residence, 3025 Locust st.

Two Pulman cars jumped from the track at Union Depot yesterday. The occupants were shaken up but no damage was done.

The building 1312½ Franklin avenue was damaged in the amount of $150 by fire yesterday. R. U. Rubenstein suffered [illegible] loss on stock.

Frank Weddecke, a blacksmith living at [illegible] South Third street, fell down stairs yesterday, injuring his head and face so that he was taken to the City Hospital.

An unknown thief yesterday morning assaulted Ed Reiss in his room at 814 South Broadway and stole two pair of trousers, one of which he dropped in his flight.

Andrew J. Rogers of Greenville, Miss., reported to the police yesterday that he had been robbed of $32.35 while sleeping at the Freeman House at Fourth and Morgan streets.

Matthew E. Mahoney, for some years a compositor on the POST-DISPATCH force, died yesterday. The funeral will take place from the residence of his father, 2221 Biddle street, to-morrow.

At a meeting held at Central Turner Hall yesterday a Woman's Turner Society was organized. It numbers twenty-five members. A committee of five was appointed to prepare a constitution and by-laws. The next meeting will be held February 9.

At a meeting of the Fanny Parnell League yesterday, at 1308 Olive street, the following officers were elected: President, Miss Ellen Le Bean; Vice-President, Miss Maggie Murphy; Corresponding Secretary, Miss Alice Gallagher; Treasurer, Mrs. P. E. Payne; Financial Secretary, Miss Annie Kennedy.

THE RAILROADS.

Important Appointments by the Transcontinental People.

The Executive Committee of the Transcontinental Association has filled the two important offices of Vice-Chairmen and representatives on the Atlantic and Pacific coasts. The Vice-Chairmen were selected last week but they were not made public until the gentlemen had made known whether they would accept the positions or not. For representative on the Atlantic coast, with headquarters at New York, a railroad man who has been identified with St. Louis for some time has been chosen. This is James C. Smith, until recently traffic manager of the Wabash, and a man of eminent ability and wide experience in railroad work and management. Mr. Smith has signified his acceptance of the place. For Western representative the committee selected J. H. Hiland at present General Western Agent of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul road at Kansas City, and a man who stands high in railroad circles.

The change of headquarters of the Association from Denver to St. Louis, which will take place February 1, is a move in the right direction. St. Louis has been somewhat overlooked as a railroad center heretofore, notwithstanding its importance and convenient location. Chicago has held the bulk of headquarters, and this move on the part of one of the most important associations in the country will not only be of actual benefit, but will call attention to the advantages of the city in this way.

A meeting of the freight end of the Association was called for 2 o'clock this afternoon, but Chairman J. S. Leeds, who went to Topeka on Saturday and was expected to return at 1 o'clock to-day, was delayed until 2 o'clock, and the meeting was not held until nearly 3. Mr. Leeds has not yet selected the location of the headquarters, but has numerous places in view.

Damaged by the Ice.

The ice on the river is causing considerable damage this afternoon to the boats jawed up by rough blocks. This morning at 9 o'clock the government light-house boat Ivy was broken and sunk by the pressure at the foot of Barton street. The boat is valued in the neighborhood of $20,000 and is a total wreck. Other boats that have suffered more or less from contact with the ice are the City of St. Louis, the Baton Rouge, the Crystal City, the Gen. Meade and the steamer Judith. Several of the city dumpboats have been damaged also to some extent.

A Musician Absconds.

Prof. Michael Woolvert, formerly a teacher of music, disappeared this morning, and with him disappeared $500 which had been given into his keeping Saturday by a nephew. Woolvert was addicted to the use of liquor and his dissipated habits resulted in the loss of all his pupils. He has lately been acting as porter in a saloon on Michigan avenue, Carondelet. The $500 was entrusted to his care Saturday by his nephew, who had received it from Germany.

Woolvert was born in Berlin about 40 years ago. He was a composer as well as a musician.

Berenice Lee's Case.

Mrs. Olivia Lee had a preliminary hearing before Judge Noonan this morning for brutally beating her little step-daughter, Berenice Lee. The charge was assault to kill, but it was amended to assault to do great bodily harm, and the woman was held for the Grand Jury in $1,500 bond. Dr. Tupple testified as to the nature of the child's injuries, the aunt, Mrs. Mowry, told of the little one coming to her house and the child herself testified to the beatings she received. No testimony was introduced by the defense.

Want Whittington.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

MEXICO, Mo., January 23.—A telegram was received this morning from City Marshal Ross of Independence, stating that Drury Whittington, who stole a mule here Thursday and sold it in Fulton, was wanted there on two charges for forgery. Whittington represented himself here as a capitalist and wanted to buy a farm. Nothing has been heard of him since he stole the mule.

Belleville.

The aggregate amount of taxes collected so far by Tax Collector John Winter of Belleville is $4,000.

A marriage license was issued to-day to Nicholas Thoma and Minnie Faulbum, both of this city.

There is a prospect of the Western Nail Mill starting up again in the near future on the co-operative plan.

Sheriff Ragland to-day sold the club-house of the Belleville Rod and Gun Club on an execution. The execution was issued on a judgment obtained by M. M. Stookey for $336 on a note. Mr. Stookey advanced that amount to the club to build a club-house, but when the note fell due the club refused to pay it. The club-house was bought in by Dolph Fleischbein, a member of the club, for the amount of the note. The club is composed of some of Belleville's most prominent citizens.

M. McENNIS to-day exhibited on 'Change a couple of curiosities in the shape of a petrified ham and shoulder. They were found in a cave in Allen County, Ky., and sent to Francis Whittaker & Co. at the request of that firm, who heard of the curious find. The petrifactions excited considerable attention from the members, especially those in the provision trade.

Five freight cars were wrecked in a collision near Columbus, Ga.

The Bridal Bulletin.

The following marriage licenses were granted to-day up to 3 p. m.:

Name.	Residence.
John F. Binch	3152 Brantner place
Nellie B. Twitchell	3529 Pine st
Michael F. Dowling	1227 Blair av
Alice E. Hanson	1112 Biddle st
Chas. W. Carroll	2713 N. 9th st
Margaret Wittrock	3519 Lindell av
Joseph Hug	2922 Chouteau av
Louise Huck	2836 Adams st
Hiram A. Bridges	827 Hickory st
Mary F. Wagner	814 South Tenth st
Arthur C. Brown	1403 North Sixth st
Mary C. Bacon	1403 North Sixth st
Benedict Nassal	Bonfield, Mo
Eva Stein	Bonfield, Mo
Wm. J. Hemker	5217 N. 21st st
Rosa Salg	1204 Lynch st
John M. Dickson	3653 Finney av
Emma P. Adams	3937 Washington av
Joseph H. Behland	311 Primm st
Barbara Schnell	311 Primm st
Frank X. Starz	1622 N. 14th st
Maria Zimmermann	1906 N. 15th st
Gerard G. Everding	2321 Atlantic st
Anna Evers	2349 Menard st
George Mues	723 N. 14th st
Adeline Schmidtke	Morrison av

PURE 18-KT. gold WEDDING-RINGS,
Wedding invitations, the finest, lowest prices.
Mermod & Jaccard Jewelry Co., Cor. 4th & Locust.

Deaths.

The following burial permits were issued by the Health Department up to 3 p. m. to-day:

Maud M. Norris, 3 months, 2114 Howard street; bronchitis.

Virgil Fox, 26 years, City Hospital; gun-shot wound.

Elda Smith, 5 years, 933 North Ninth street; diphtheria.

Thomas Irwin, 15 days, 910 North Eighth street; cyanosis.

Thomas Smith, 49 years, 2607 Market street; apoplexy.

Pauline Hart, 32 years, 2911 North Twelfth street; pneumonia.

Sophia Kraft, 7 years, 4024 North Market street; pneumonia.

Vinzens Helmen, 53 years, 3301 North Broadway; alcoholism.

Nellie Sullivan, 3 days, 2330 North Market street; congenital debility.

Herman Hoeymann, 3 days, 2110 Madison street; congenital debility.

Mary Koetsch, 6 years, 217 Lafayette avenue; bronchitis.

Bridget Maloney, 75 years, 1214 Park avenue; bronchitis.

Charles Leo Kotte, 11 months, 1128 South Fourth street; pneumonia.

Polly G. Gregg, 27 years, 1232 Linden street; heart disease.

Lena Bertha Blattner, 2015 DeKalb street; marasmus.

Stephen Brennan, 41 days, 2607 North Tenth street; marasmus.

Emil Müller, 1 year, 910 Madison street; bronchitis.

Martha Albert, 6 months, 2200 Farrar street; gastro-enteritis.

Julius Ristner, 1 year, 3007 North Twenty-second street; [illegible].

Bertha Wedmar, Montgomery street and railway tracks; decapitation by railway cars.

Frank Henry Blomenkamp, 21 days, 2716 Garrison avenue; pneumonia.

Dan Legger, 50 years, 1322½ Lowell street; consumption.

Rosa Ellis, 36 years, 1445 Collins street; congestion of brain.

Adolph Oberacker, 32 years, 2133 South Second street; consumption.

Elizabeth Walstrom, 21 years, 208 Biddle street; puerperal fever.

Arthur Ostendorf, 1 year, 1857 South Ninth street; diphtheria.

Infant of Henry Cross, 204 Center street; still born.

Nellie Hoagland, 8 months, 20 North Tenth street; bronchitis.

Oliver Schultz, 5 months, 2503 South Jefferson avenue; congestion of brain.

Anastasia Brojinsky, 3 months, 1325 North Eighth street; inanition.

Kreschel Nicholas, 7 months, 1229 North Ninth street; entero-colitis.

Wm. L. Hall, 47 years, 2127 Sidney street; cancer of tongue.

Timothy R. Sullivan, 2 months, 2204 Cass avenue; bronchitis.

Mary Diekman, 63 years, 2013 North Fourteenth street; coremonia.

Sophia Harte, 22 years, 906 Market street; pneumonia.

Births.

The following births were reported to the Health Department up to 3 p. m. to-day:

Charles, son of Charles and Clara Johnson, January 21; Female Hospital.

Francis G., son of Henry and Mary K. Woods, January 15; 2506 Goode avenue.

John, son of Henry and Barbara Schuermann, January 8; 2011 Kosciusko street.

Thomas, son of H. and Ida Braman, January 4; 1518 South Eleventh street.

Geo. J., son of Geo. J. and Kate Fritsch, January 7, 1523 Jackson street.

Louise, daughter of Nickolas and Carolina Pausbach, January 18; 3113 Rapahannock street.

Nellie, daughter of Henry and Mollie Dickerson, January 14; 515 South Sixth street.

Mary, daughter of John J. and Mary Farrell, January 12; 1122 North Twelfth street.

Sede, daughter of John and Josie Sullivan, January 19; 28 North Market street.

Lulu, daughter of Charles and Ida Steinmeyer, January 17; 1846 Menard street.

Frank, son of Ferdinand and Sophie Gunther, January 16; 2702 Market street.

Edward, son of William and Louise Hoffmeister, January 19; 1909 Montgomery street.

James, son of Daniel and Alice Buckler, January 19; 2413 Biddle street.

Herman, son of Herman and Meta Haegamann, January 18; 2110 Madison street.

Charles, son of Jacob and Anna Heiberger, January 21; county road.

James Francis, son of James and Louise Justin, January 13; Marceau street and Ferry avenue.

——, son of Herman and Dorothea Sontag, January 21; 306 West Stein street.

Rosa, daughter of Louis and Carolina Rotot, January 10; 8002 Des Peres street.

Catherine, daughter of John and Dora Benkendorf, January 13; 8408 Vulcan street.

Forbes, son of Antoine and Lizzie Herbert, January 20; Cohn avenue and Seventh street.

——, daughter of Elias and Mary Batzold, January 19; 1126 North Twelfth street.

——, daughter of Charles and Mary Bentrop, January 3; 2612 North Twenty-first street.

Otto, son of Otto and Augusta Vauguerson, January 16; Female Hospital.

Goldie, son of John and Mamie Lewis, January 16; Female Hospital.

Frank, son of Frank and Mina Tosleskie, January 10; 1505 Menard street.

Dora, daughter of Thomas and Lucy A. Harrington, January 19; 3214 California avenue.

——, son of William and Lena Holmes, January 18; 1017 Howard street.

Paul Ferdinand, son of Gustave and Emma Printz, January 17; 1814 North Ninth street.

Elinor, daughter of Daniel and Mary Cole, January 17; 535 Argyle avenue.

Louis Leonhard, son of H. Leonhard and A. Gertrude Kreuder, January 16; 1519 North Seventeenth street.

Ida, daughter of Henry and Minnie Henmann, January 20; 3315 Lemp avenue.

Rosie, daughter of Louie and Lizzie Pashure, January 20; 1504 Blair avenue.

Henry, son of Louie and Mary Dikstein, January 16; 1205 North Seventh street.

Robert Conrad, son of Conrad and Lizzie Schoff, January 20; 1104 Madison street.

Edward, son of Andrew and Emma Kupperer, January 12; 2401 Menard street.

Charles G., son of Fritz and Dora Steger, January 14; 304 Soulard street.

Louis F., son of Ferd and Clara Wentzel, January 12; 1617 South Fifth street.

——, daughter of Henry and Elizabeth Dickury, January 18; 2750 Lafayette avenue.

Willie, son of Johan and Katie Fundel, January 21; 2003 Jackson street.

Norma, daughter of Henry and Mina Huermann, January 18; 1920 Gravois road.

Eliza, daughter of Edward and Maggie Weber, January 20; 2840 Lyon street.

Edna M., daughter of Charles and Ida Merkel, January 20; 913 South Ninth street.

William, son of James and Mary O'Connell, January 8; 1128 North Twentieth street.

——, daughter of Henry and Sarah E. Cross, January 22; 204 Centre street.

Real Estate Transfers.

The following real estate transfers were recorded up to 3 p. m. to-day:

Maria W. Owens et al. to Joseph P. Owens et al., 51½ ft. on Pennsylvania av., quitclaim.	$1
Joseph P. Whyte and wife to Virginia I. Paul, 50 feet on Lafayette av., city block 1312; warranty deed	2,250
Alfred R. Dix to Joseph J. Dix, 33 ft. 4 in. on De Soto av., city block 3352; warranty deed	1,750
Robert W. Hayes and wife to Daniel McCarthy, 50 ft. on Alberta st., city block 2576, and other property; warranty deed	1,550
Daniel McCarthy and wife to Frances Moorhouse, 37½ ft. 6 in. Alberta st., city block 2576, warranty deed	1,450
Marcus A. Wolff and wife to Liggett & Myers Tobacco Company, 109 ft. on Chestnut st., city block 902; warranty deed	6,267
Wm. H. Lee and wife to Liggett & Myers Tobacco Company, 80 ft. on Chestnut st., city block 902; warranty deed	3,600

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SAM'L A. GAYLORD. JOHN H. BLESSING.
SAM'L A. GAYLORD & CO.,
Stock and Bond Brokers,
NO. 307 OLIVE STREET.
Granite Mountain, Small Hopes, Hope and Adams mining stocks bought and sold.

MONEY.

NEW YORK, January 23—11 a. m.—The stock market opened firm this morning, though the gains over Saturday's closing prices were for insignificant fractions only, except in Union Pacific, which was up ⅜. Prices continued firm to strong, and further gains were made throughout the entire list, which, however, amounted to slight fractions. The advance was checked later, however, and a moderate decline in the entire list followed, bringing most stocks back to the opening figures. There was no further change in the market, and at 11 o'clock it was quiet and heavy at about the lowest prices reached.

LIVERPOOL, January 23, 3:30 p. m.—Close—Pork is in fair demand; prime mess Eastern, 67s 6d, firm; do Western, 63s 9d, steady. Lard is in better demand; spot, January, February and March, 38s 9d, steady. Wheat is in poor demand; new No. 2 winter, 6s 9d, steady; do spring, 6s 9d, steady. Flour is in poor demand; 9s 4d, firm. Corn is in fair demand; spot, 4s 11¼d, steady; January, 4s 11d, steady; February and March, 4s 11¼d, dull. Receipts of wheat during the past week from Atlantic ports, 22,500 quarters; Pacific ports, 50,000 quarters; other sources, 48,000 quarters. Receipts of American corn, 26,600 quarters.

Noon—Money is easy at 3@4 per cent. Bar silver, 96⅝c. The stock market was quiet after 11 o'clock and later became very dull, the declining tendency continued and slightly lower prices were recorded for almost everything traded in, the fluctuations, however, being extremely narrow. Manitoba was a marked exception, being strong throughout and gaining 1½ per cent from its 11 o'clock price. The market then became stagnant and at noon it was very dull and steady at about the lowest prices of the morning.

[illegible] m.—The stock market was dull up to near [illegible] o'clock, when there was a marked increase, accompanied by a further decline, Missouri Pacific being most conspicuous. Prices remained steady after 2:15, and the market closed dull and steady to firm, at near the lowest prices of the day.

BOSTON, Mass., January 23.—Mexican 4s, 66½@67; do 7s, 74; stock blank; scrip, 98½@99; Huron, 2 1-16; Alouez, 5@5½; Calumet, 212@215.

LONDON, January 23, 12:30 p. m.—Consols opened at 102 9-16 for money, and 102 ⅝ for the account.

4 p. m.—Consuls closed at 102 9-16 for money and 102⅝ for the account. United States bonds, 4s, 129¼; do 4½s, 111; A. & G. W. 1sts, 38; do 2ds, 7¾; Canadian Pacific, 63; Erie, 28¼; do 2ds, 102¾; Illinois Central, 121½; Mexican ordinary, 52¼; St. Paul common, 77½; New York Central, 110⅜; Pennsylvania, 56⅛; Reading, 33½; Mexican Central, 14½.

4:30 p. m.—Money ⅞ per cent. Refined petroleum, 7⅞@8⅛d.

Stock of Grain in St. Louis Elevators.

	Wheat bu.	Corn bu.	Oats bu.	Rye bu.	Barley bu.
To-day	4,155,829	1,337,389	1,317,770	7,641	71,667
Sat'dy	4,165,457	1,309,171	1,302,494	7,641	76,920
	No. 2 Red.	No. 2.	No. 2.	No. 2.	No. 2.
To-day	2,945,990	1,125,743	1,018,522	4,356	[illegible]
Sat'dy	2,939,[illegible]	1,090,202	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

New York Stock Quotations.

Corrected daily by Matthews & Whittaker, bankers and brokers, 121 North Third st., St. Louis, Mo.

STOCKS.	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	Closing.
Canada Southern	53¼	53⅜	53⅛	53¼
Canadian Pacific	....	....	....	....
Central New Jersey	78¼	78⅜	77¾	77⅞
Central Pacific	31½	....	....	31½
Chic., St. P., M. & O.	39⅛	39⅛	39	39
do pfd	....	....	....	....
C., R. I. & P.	....	....	....	....
C., B. & Q.	....	....	....	....
C., M. & St. P.	75⅛	75⅜	74⅞	75
C. & N. W. com	108⅛	109	107⅞	108⅛
Cotton Oil Trust	33½	33⅝	32⅞	33
Del., Lack. & W	129⅝	129⅝	129⅜	129½
Del. & Hudson	106⅝	106⅝	106⅜	106⅜
Den. & Rio Grande	21½	....	....	21½
East Tenn. com	....	....	....	....
do pfd	....	....	....	....
Erie com	27⅜	27⅜	27⅛	27¼
do pfd	62¼	62½	62⅛	62½
do 2d mtg bonds	98⅞	....	....	98⅞
Ft. W. & Den	41⅛	41⅝	41⅛	41⅝
Hocking Valley	....	....	....	....
Houston & Tex	....	....	....	....
Illinois Central	....	....	....	....
Ind., B. & W	....	....	....	....
Lake Shore	93	93	92½	92¾
Louis. & Nash	61⅛	61½	60¾	61¼
Mich. Central	....	....	....	....
Mo. Pacific	84¼	84½	82⅝	83¼
Mo., Kan. & Tex	17	....	....	17
Mobile & Ohio	....	....	....	....
Manhattan Elevated	89	89	86½	86⅞
New York & New England	37½	37½	36⅛	36⅞
New York Central	107	107	106⅞	106⅞
Norfolk & Western	16¾	17	16¾	17
do do pref	44	44¼	43½	43½
Northern Pacific com	22	22	21⅝	21⅞
do do pref	46⅜	46⅜	45½	46
Ohio Southern	....	....	....	....
Oregon & Transcontinental	22¼	22¼	21⅞	22
Or. Nav. & Trans. Co.	94¼	94¼	94	94
Ohio & Miss. com	23½	....	....	23½
Pacific Mail	35½	35⅝	35⅜	35⅜
Peo., Dec. & Evansville	....	....	....	....
Philadelphia & Reading	65	65⅜	64⅝	65
Pullman Palace Car	141⅞	142½	141⅝	142
Richmond Terminal	60¼	....	....	60¼
St Paul & Duluth com	....	....	....	....
do do pref	....	....	....	....
St. L. & San F. com	36¼	....	....	36¼
do 1st pref	....	....	....	....
do 2d pref	71½	71⅝	71½	71½
St. P., M. & Manitoba	112	114½	112	112½
Texas & Pacific	25¼	25¼	24⅞	24¾
Union Pacific	57¼	57½	56⅜	56⅝
Wabash, St. L. & P	15	....	....	15
do do pref	27	27	25½	26½
Western Union T. Co	77⅞	78	76⅞	76⅞
West Shore Bonds	100⅜	100⅜	100⅜	100¼

New York exchange scarce and firm at 90c premium.

COMMERCE.

LONGS UNLOADING.

Wheat and Provisions Decline Through Bulls Selling Out—Corn Follows Suit.

By Telegraph from Jones, McCormick & Kennet to the POST-DISPATCH.

CHICAGO, January 23, 1 p. m.—Wheat opened very dull this morning. In the absence of new features and business, the market hung at one price for some time, finally exhibiting a weakening tendency brought about by some of the local bulls becoming tired and letting go of their holdings. As a result of the general unloading, mostly in small lots, the price declined to 82½c, at which point the offerings were large, owing to stop-orders. But the limited orders to buy at that price were numerous, so that it proved to be bottom for the morning. The situation shows no material change, although to us the undertone appears to be heavy, and we look for lower markets. Closed easy.

Corn has sold off to-day from its own weight and in sympathy with the other markets, by which it is largely influenced at present. We look for lower prices.

Provisions—The heavy selling to-day was by parties who bought after the great decline of last week. The reaction from that decline was halting at the best, and longs lost confidence. The break to-day was not materially assisted by prominent bears, although there was liberal selling by some bear houses. Closed steady.

Closing Prices—3 P. M.

Reported daily by S. W. COBB & CO., 317 and 319 Chamber of Commerce, St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS:	Closing Saturday.	Highest To-day.	Lowest To-day.	Closing To-day.
WHEAT.				
Jan.	81½	81¼	81¼	80½ b
Feb.	81⅝	81½	81¼	80¾ b
Mch.	82½	82⅜	82½	82⅛ a
April	83½	83	83	83
May.	84¼	84⅛	83¼@⅜	83¼@⅜
June	84⅝	84⅛	83⅝	83⅝
July.	82½	82	81⅝	81⅝
Aug.	82¼	81¾@⅞	81¾@⅞	81½ a
CORN.				
Jan.	47½	....	....	46¾ b
Feb.	47⅝	....	....	47 b
Mch.	48	47¾	47¾	47½ b
May.	49½@⅝	49⅛@½	48¾@⅞	48⅞ a
OATS.				
Jan.	31⅛	....	....	....
Feb.	31½	....	....	....
Mch.	....	....	....	....
May.	32⅛	32	31¾	31½@⅝ a
CHICAGO:				
WHEAT.				
May.	83⅛	83	82⅛	82¼
CORN.				
May.	53¾	53¾	52¾@⅞	52¾@⅞
OATS.				
May.	33⅝	33⅝	33	33 b
PORK.				
May.	14.60	14.65	14.25	14.25@27
LARD.				
May.	7.65@67	7.65	7.55	7.55 b
SHORT RIBS.				
May.	7.80	7.82	7.65	7.65@67

NEW YORK—Wheat—January, 89½c; February, 90⅞c; March, 91⅛c a; April, 92⅛c a; May, 92⅞c a; June, 92⅞c. Corn—January, 60½c a; February, 61c a; March, 61⅛c b; May, 61⅛c a; June, 61c a.

TOLEDO—Wheat—May, 88⅞c a; June, 89⅝c a; July, 86¾c a.

DULUTH—Wheat—May, 81⅝c b.

Movements of Wheat and Corn To-Day.

	RECEIPTS.		SHIPMENTS.	
	Wheat.	Corn.	Wheat.	Corn.
St. Louis	16,350	97,200	10,558	27,172
Milwaukee	15,155	560	4,200	....
Baltimore	1,589	3,489	....	51,426
Toledo	5,073	5,549	1,000	2,400
New York	8,800	50,850	....	1,550
Chicago	18,579	84,385	23,139	49,903
Kansas City	5,000	55,600	500	5,500
Detroit	3,730	1,517	410	7,687
Duluth	1,884	....	....	....
Minneapolis	83,220	....	25,080	....
Philadel'hia	550	11,803	6,179	88,146

St. Louis Markets.

FORENOON SESSION, CLOSING 1 P. M.

Wheat traders had nothing particularly encouraging to bull on this morning, so they gave the market little support in the way of buying, and then shorts were the only purchasers, and there was enough selling to put prices down. Receipts were still small, and the stock decreasing, but moderating weather, dull and weak cables, peaceful news from abroad and easier markets at all points in this country were depressing factors. It was sag, sag, sag to prices almost steadily from the market. The lower they got, too, the more stuff there was for sale. Long wheat come out, emboldened bears sold more freely, and scalpers took the short side. The 887,000 bu decrease in the visible did not affect the market. At the close May was ¾@⅞c lower at 83⅜@½c, it having opened at 84⅛c, which was top, as the close was bottom. Spot No. 2 red was lower, selling at 81⅛@81¼c in St. L., 81¼@81⅝c in C., 81⅝c in D., 81¼c bid for M. and 82c for U. and A., with a demand for all offered.

Corn was affected by the weakness that prevailed at all points and also in wheat, very fair receipts, though nearly 100,000 bu smaller than same day last year, and an increasing stock having some influence. There was not much pressure to sell and the demand easily took care of the offerings early in the session, May opening ⅛c off at 49⅜@½c and for some time afterwards selling in a small way at 49⅛c. The depression in all markets, however, caused prices to give way gradually and the close saw the market down to 48⅞c. Little else was done outside of May. Spot grades were dull and weak. There was only a moderate order demand, and the decline in futures had a restricting effect upon trading. No. 2, 47½c in U., 47⅛c in Valley, 47¼c in E., 47⅝@47¾c in M.; No. 3, 46⅞c bid for U., 47c for St. L., V. and V.; No. 4, 46c in M.; No. 2 white, 51c bid this side, 51½c for U.; No. 3 do., 49c bid thisside.

Oats had quite a long drop this forenoon and was badly depressed, as there was entirely too much for sale for the demand to take care of. The continued large receipts and steady piling up of the stock—No. 2 now over 1,018,000 bu—is creating a bearish feeling, as the question comes up, what will be done with all the probable [illegible] is that the stock on May 1 will not have been reduced very greatly and will then be dumped upon the longs unless they consent to spend the difference between May and more deferred options to pay the elevators to continue carrying it. Sales of May were at 32c down to 31⅝c and later was offered at 31⅝c and then ⅛c below Saturday. The order demand for spot No. 2 would have bought freely, but found little for sale and only a few cars sold at 32c in St. L.; offered regular at 31½c, with that bid for U.; No. 3 in U. and this side had 30c bid.

Rye—No offerings and no bids, but No. 2 worth 66c, at which last sales were made.

Barley sold slowly, but was held firmly at steady rates. Prices ranged as follows: Rejected, 50@55c; No. 3, 55@60c; medium, 65@70c; choice, 80@85c; fancy State, 87@90c; Canada, $1 for No. 2 and $1.05 for No. 1.

Flour dull, and sellers holding for unchanged prices, but concessions necessary to effect sales. Quotations: XX, $2.20@2.30; XXX, $2.50@2.60; family, $2.70@2.85; choice, $3.00@3.20; fancy, $3.50@3.60; extra do, $3.80@3.90; patents, $4.05@$4.25. These prices are for lots on arrival at the depot or levee; order lots higher.

Cornmeal—$2.60@2.65; cream or pearl meal, grits and hominy, $3.75. Foregoing on orders delivered by dealers in lots to suit.

Bran steady at 80c at mill and country point, 81c f. o. b. this and East side; bulk 74c at country point.

Hay was depressed by large offerings, as receipts were heavy and considerable had been carried over from last week. Outside of some fancy well known timothy and prairie, which brought steady rates, little sold, as there was hardly any demand. Prices ranged this side: Prairie, $8.50@12 for common to fancy; mixed timothy, $9@13.50 for common to choice; prime to fancy timothy, $12.50@17. East track stock sells lower than this side.

Provisions were very dull and weak, owing to the adverse advices from Chicago. No up-country meats were offered for sale and there was only a job and order trade. Green hams sold delivered at 9c for run of the house. Loose 20-day dry salt f. o. b. on cash orders—Shoulders, 5¾@6c; longs, 7.55c; c'ribs, 7.65c; shorts, 7.85c; packed bacon—Shoulders, 6½c; longs, 8⅛c; c'ribs, 8¼c; shorts, 8⅜c; loose c'ribs, 8.35c. Standard mess pork, $15; old standard at $14 and irregular new at $14.50. Prime steam lard packed, 7c; fancy leaf, 7.90c; second brand, 7.60c. C. s. c. hams, 11c. Breakfast bacon, 10@11c. Beef, family, $8@9 per bbl; on orders, higher; $4@5.50 per half bbl; dried, 10@12½c; selected, 14c per lb; smoked tongues, $4.25@5 per doz. Tallow—Prime in oil bbls, 4@4⅛c, and choice, 4¼c; choice cake, 4¼c; No. 2, 3¼@3½c; in irregular packages, ¼c less. Grease—Brown and yellow, 2@3c; white, 4½@5¼c. Salt—Domestic, $1.05 per bbl on East and $1.10 this side. Ground alum, $1.10@1.25 per sack; small way higher.

Highwines unchanged at $1.05 in St. Louis, Cincinnati and Peoria; $1.10 in Chicago.

Lead strong, and holders demanding a further advance. No sales were reported, nor have there been for some time; but that lead has been selling right along there is no doubt. Whether it is the sellers sell at one price and quote the market nominally at another lower, of course is not known, but they must have some reason for holding their trades, and that they are doing so is well known. To-day the announcement was made that Corwith of New York had bought a big block of St. Joe lead, and it seems probable the market was once more in the hands of the manipulators and would be squeezed again. The only bid heard of here was $4.75 for soft Missouri. A little common could be bought at $4.72½ and refined at $4.90, but not much of either.

Afternoon Board.

Weak and lower for the grain markets. Heavy selling of wheat and corn.

Cotton.

Liverpool futures showed firmness, and some arrivals closed 1-64d better, but spots dull and unchanged, with sales of 8,000 bales. New York spots quiet and steady, and futures improved a few points and closed 1@3 points above Saturday, though off from top rates. New Orleans firm and Memphis quiet and firm, both at 9 13-16c. Local market quiet and steady. Sales 81 bales.

Net receipts at United States ports for 3 days 30,369 bales, against 41,259 same time last week, and 37,567 last year; exports 29,754 bales, against 80,615 last year; stock, 951,476 bales, against 926,728.

LOCAL SPOT QUOTATIONS — Low ordinary, 7¼c; ordinary, 7⅞c; good ordinary, 9c; low middling, 9½c; middling, 9⅞c; good middling, 10 3-16c; middling fair, 10⅝c; fair, —; stained, nominal.

RECEIPTS, SHIPMENTS AND STOCKS—Gross receipts to-day, 755 bales; since September 1, 1887, 433,018 bales, against 334,926 same time last year; shipments to-day, 961 bales; since September 1, 1887, 354,644 bales, against 268,358 bales same time last year; net receipts since September 1, 1887, 218,704 bales, against 206,029 bales for same time last year; stock in compresses and warehouses to-day, 82,514 bales, against 76,604 bales.

CLOSING COTTON MARKET.

NEW YORK—Middling, 10⅝c.

	Closed Saturday.	Highest To-day.	Lowest To-day.	Closed To-day.
January	10.50	10.55	10.51	10.53
February	10.55	10.60	10.56	10.57
March	10.67	10.71	10.68	10.68
April	10.73	10.78	10.74	10.75
May	10.79	10.83	10.80	10.81
June	10.86	10.91	10.87	10.88
July	10.90	10.94	10.90	10.92
August	10.92	10.97	10.93	10.95
September	10.45	10.48	10.45	10.47
October	10.09	10.05	10.10	11.03
November	9.95	10.01	9.95	9.98
	Dull.			Quiet.
	25,800 bales.			62,300 bales

LIVERPOOL—Uplands, 5⅝d; Orleans, 5 11-16c.

	Closed Saturday.	Closed To-day.
January	5 38	5 38
January and February	5 38	5 38
February and March	5 38	5 39
March and April	5 40	5 30
April and May	5 41	5 42
May and June	5 43	5 44
June and July	5 45	5 46
July and August	5 47	5 48
August and September	5 48	5 48
	Dull.	Steady.

Country Produce.

APPLES—Quiet; $2@2.70 for Western and Eastern per bbl.

DRIED FRUIT—Firm; sun-dried apples, 6@6⅜c; evaporated, 6@8c; cores and peelings, 1@2c. Peaches, 6c for mixed, and 6¼@6½c for halves. Blackberries, 8½@9c per lb.

POTATOES—Steady. Quote at 65@75c for Northern; Utah and Colorado, 90c@$1; Eastern, 85@88c per bu.

ONIONS—Quiet at 90@95c per bu and $2.25@2.50 per bbl for Eastern.

GRASS SEED—Clover, $4.15@4.25; timothy, $2.45@2.50; red top, 30@40c; German millet, $1.15@1.30; common millet, 75@90c; Hungarian, 75c.

FLAXSEED—Prime salable at $1.34.

CASTOR BEANS—Prime firm at $1.30.

BUTTER—Receipts, 59,726 lbs. Light local demand for choice and fancy and prices steady. We quote: Creamery—Good to choice, 25@28c; fancy selections, 29@30c. Dairy—Common to choice near-by, 10@12½c; medium and good, 15@20c; choice and fancy, 22@24c to 25@26c; roll near-by, 12@16c for common to choice, and choice Northern, 18@20c.

CHEESE—Wisconsin full cream, 11½c; Illinois do, 10@10½c; Young America, 12¼c; skim, 5@8c.

EGGS—Receipts, 224 pkgs. Firm. Good fresh, 18½c per doz.

GAME—Steady. Grouse, $4.50 for large, $3 for small; pheasant, $3.50@4; quail, $2.25 per doz; rabbits, $1.10 for drawn, $1 for undrawn; jack rabbits, $2.40; squirrels, 40@50c. Duck—Mixed, $1.50; teal, $2.50; mallard, $3. Snipe, $1.75; wild turkeys, 5c ℔ lb; wild pigeon, 75c; opossum, 10@20c each.

DRESSED POULTRY—Steady. Chickens, $1.25@1.50 for small and bony; $1.75@2.25 for fair to good; $2.50@3 for choice and fancy large and ducks $2.50@3.50, and geese $3@6 per doz.; turkeys, 8c for rough and poor; 9c for choice per lb.

VEALS—Firm; choice at 5½@6c; poor at 4@5c; heretics, 3@3½c ℔ lb.

HIDES—Firm. We quote: Green salted—Cured: No. 1 at 6¾c; No. 2, 5¼c; side-branded, 4c; all uncured 1c ℔ lb less; glue stock, 2½c. Dry flint—No. 1 at 13c; No. 2 at 10c; dry salt, 9c; damaged, 7c; bull and stag-flint, 8c; salted, 6c; glue, 5c.

SHEEP SKINS—Green—Large, 75c; small to medium, 30@60c; shearlings, 10@25c. Dry—Large, 65c; small to medium, 20@50c; shearlings, 5@15c.

DEER SKINS—Prime dry, 37c; damaged, etc., less; antelope, 20c; goat, 25@30c each.

BEESWAX—20c for choice.

BROOM CORN—Sales ranged at 2@3c for fair to 3¼@3½c for choice; crooked and damaged half price.

FURS—Steady and ready sale. Quotations:

	Large No. 1.	No. 1.	No. 2.	No. 3.	No. 4.
Raccoon	70	55	40	25	10
Mink	40	30	25	15	5
Fox	75	60	50	25	10
Otter	5 00	4 00	2 50	1 50	50
Beaver	4 50	3 00	2 00	1 00	25

SKUNK.

Black	70	Short	50
Narrow	35	Broad	15
Opossum	5@15	Pole and house cat	5@10
Muskrat	5@11	Wolf—Prairie	10@90
Muskrat kits	2@3	Badger	10@75
Wild Cat	5@30	Bear	25@88

☞Uncased mink, fox, otter, skunk, opossum, muskrats, cats and badger 10@20 per [illegible]

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK, January 23.—Wheat dull, weak and ¼@½c lower; receipts, 8,800 bu; sales, 24,000 bu No. 2 red January, 90@90¼c; 48,000 bu do February 90⅜@90⅝c; 24,000 bu do April 92½@92 11-16c; 256,000 bu May, 93¼@93⅝c; 24,000 bu do June, 93½c; 8,000 bu do December, 96⅛c. Corn a shade firmer but quiet; mixed Western spot, 60@60½c; do future, 61⅛@61¾; receipts, 50,850 bu; sales, 160,000 bu. Oats steady, but very quiet; sales state 38@44c; Western, 37@46c; receipts, 35,000 bu; sales, 80,000 bu. Beef dull; new extra mess, $8@8.25. Pork steady and quiet; one-year-old mess, $15.25@15.50. Lard heavy and lower; steam-rendered, 7.70c. Butter quiet; generally steady; Western, 15@34c; Elgin creamery, 33@34c. Cheese firm, 11@12½c. Sugar steady; crushed, 8c; powdered, 7⅝c; granulated, 7⅛c. Molasses dull, 50 test 23@23½c. Coffee steady; fair Rio 17⅜c; good do 18c; prime do 18⅛c. Spirits turpentine steady at 41½c. Eggs—Western, 23½@24½c.

CHICAGO, January 23, 11 a. m.—The markets on 'Change opened quiet, with May wheat ¼c lower; May corn unchanged at 53⅜c, and May pork 5c higher at $14.67½. All of the markets developed more or less weakness as the session progressed, and at 11 o'clock the May option was quoted as follows: Wheat, 82⅝@82¾c; corn, 53⅜@53½c; oats, 33⅝c; pork, $14.32½; lard, 7.57½c; short ribs 7.72½c.

1 p. m.—Wheat easier; cash, 76⅞c; February, 76½c; May, 82⅝c. Corn easier; cash, 48; February, 48c; May, 53 1-16c. Oats easy; May, 33⅛c. Rye, 62c. Barley, nothing doing. Prime timothy, $2.46. Flax, $1.44. Whisky, $1.10. Pork easier; cash and February, $13.85; May, $14.25@14.27½. Lard steady; cash, 8.35c; May, 7.55c. Short ribs, 7.42½c January. Butter and eggs steady.

BALTIMORE, January 23.—Wheat, Western a shade firmer and dull; No. 2 winter, red spot, 88¼c; January, 87¾c bid; February, 88¾@89c; March, 90¼@91c; May, 92⅛@93c. Corn, Western, nominal; mixed spot, 57⅞@58c; February, 58@58½c; March, 58¼@59¾c; May, 60¾@61¼c; steamer, 57c asked. Oats, quiet and steady; Western white, 41@42c; do mixed, 37@39c. Rye dull; 68@70c. Provisions steady and fairly active; mess pork, $15.75. Eggs higher; fresh, 20@21c; limed, 10@15c. Coffee, steady and dull; Rio cargos, ordinary to fair, 17¼@17¾c. Receipts, flour, 4,700 bbls; wheat, 1,600 bu; corn, 3,500 bu; oats, 3,000 bu; rye, 300 bu. Shipments—Flour, 400 bbls; corn, 51,400 bu.

NEW ORLEANS, January 23.—Flour quiet; extra fancy, $4.25; fancy, $3.85; choice, $3.45. Cornmeal quiet at $2.70@2.75. Corn, steady; mixed, 64@65c; yellow, 64@65c; white, 64@65c. Oats easy at quotations; No. 2, 41@41½c. Bran quiet and unchanged at $1.05@1.07½. Hay firm at 21@22c, 19@20c; prime, —. Provisions quiet; pork, $15; cut meats, shoulders, 6⅜c; sides, 7.75c; bacon, nominally 8.75c; long clear sides, 8.75c; hams, choice sugar-cured, 11½@12c. Lard, refined tierces, 7⅛c. Whisky firm on basis of $1.05. Exchange on New York, 50 premium; sight, none. Cotton, spot very firm; net receipts, 5,202, gross receipts, 5,701.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., January 23.—Wheat quiet; No. 2, soft cash, 81c asked; May, 81c bid, 82½c asked. Corn weak; No. 2 cash and February, 43c asked; May, 46¾c. Oats—No. 2 cash, 30c asked. Rye nothing doing. Others unchanged.

CINCINNATI, O., January 23.—Flour quiet; family, $3.40@3.60; fancy, $3.90@4. Wheat quiet at 89c. Corn weak and lower at 51@51½c. Oats easier and lower at 34@34½c. Rye firmer at 69@70c. Pork quiet at $14.75. Lard steady at 7.35c. Bulk meats quiet; short ribs, 7.75c. Bacon firm; short clear, 8.87½c. Whisky steady; sales 1,200 barrels finished goods on basis of $1.05.

TOLEDO, O., January 23.—Wheat quiet and lower; cash, 86¼@87c; May, 89¼c; June, 90c; July, 87c. Corn dull; cash, 51c; May, 55c. Oats steady; cash, 34c; May, 35¾c bid. Cloverseed dull and lower; cash and February, $4.07½; March, $4.15; April, $4.20.

DETROIT, Mich., January 21.—Wheat—No. 1 white cash, 87¼c; No. 2 red cash, 86¼c; February, 86¾c; May, 90c; June, 90½c. Corn—No. 2, 50½c. Oats—No. 2, 34¾c; No. 2 white, 36c asked. Receipts—Wheat, 3,700 bu; corn, 400 bu.

BUFFALO, N. Y., January 23.—Wheat—No. 1 hard, unsettled at 91½@92; No. 2 hard Northern Pacific, 90c; winter unchanged. Corn unchanged. Receipts—Wheat, none; corn, 27,000 bu. Shipments—Wheat, 15,000; corn none.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., January 23.—Wheat weak; cash, 76⅛c; May, 80⅞c. Corn quiet; No. 3, 48c. Oats firm; No. 2, white, 34c. Rye strong; No. 1, 66¼c. Barley steady; No. 2, 78½c.

The Butter Market.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

ELGIN, Ill., January 23.—There was a large attendance of members on 'Change. The offerings of butter were large and the bidding slow. The market opened at 30c and sold up to 31c and 32c at the close.

Oil and Petroleum.

PITTSBURG, Pa., January 23.—Petroleum was active and firm. Prices opened at 91c, declined to 88⅞c, on heavy selling at all points, and at 1 o'clock 89⅛c was bid.

CLEVELAND, O., January 23.—Petroleum easy. S. W. 110, 7¾.

WILMINGTON, January 23.—Turpentine firm, 39½c.

Foreign.

LONDON, January 23.—English country markets dull. French country markets quiet, but steady. Wheat on passage dull. Wheat off coast dull and very little inquiry. Corn firm and steady. Mark Lane—English and foreign wheat quiet at 6d decline; Danubian corn quiet and American dull; English and American flour quiet at 6d decline. Antwerp quiet; per 220 lbs, No. 1 California, 19 francs 25c centimes; red winter, 19 francs 12½ centimes. Paris flour quiet.

LIVERPOOL, January 23.—Spot wheat dull and in limited demand; California, 6s 10d; No. 2 red winter, 6s 9½d; No. 2 spring, 6s 8½d. Spot corn quiet, but steady, and limited demand, mixed American, 4s 4d. Flour—Minneapolis first bakers', 24s 9d. Wheat—Futures dull and limited demand; California No. 1, January, 6s 10¼d; February, 6s 10½d; March, 6s 11½d; April, 7s; May, 7s 1d; June, 7s ½d; Bombay No. 1, 6s 9½d; Delhi No. 1, 6s 8½d; Kurrachee red, 6s 2½d. Corn—Futures quiet but steady, and limited demand; mixed American, January, 4s 11¼d; February, 4s 11d; March, 4s 11¼d; April, 4s 11¼d. Bacon dull and limited demand; long and short clear, 39s 9d; Cumberland cut, 39s 6d; l. c. hams, 48s 6d. Lard steady; prime, 38s 9d; futures steady; January, —; February and March, 38s 9d.

LIVE STOCK.

	Cattle.	Hogs.	Sheep.	Horses and Mules.
Receipts	2,302	3,704	742	158
Shipments	783	732	426	376

CATTLE—Trading was largely on local account this morning and the market though not very firm, owing to the liberal receipts, was fairly active and the general situation could hardly be said to have undergone much if any change since last week. Tidy fat butchers' steers, good to choice heavy shippers, and indeed good fat cattle of all kinds were about steady, but thin and common and unmatured stock of all descriptions were easier and unsettled, with prospects that they would sell lower before the close. Eastern shippers were slow to take hold, it being rather early in the week for them, and the bulk of the morning's business was with city butchers and local retailers, the basis for sales being as follows:

Good to choice native steers, $4.00@4.75; fair to medium do, $3.50@3.75; common, $3.00@3.40; fair to good butchers' steers, $3.25@3.65; common do, $2.75@3.00; fair to good cows and heifers, $2.40@3.00; common, $1.50@2.25; fair to good feeders, $2.25@3.25; stockers, $2.00@2.75; bulls, $1.75@2.75; milk cows and calves, $13 to $35; veal calves, car lots, $4.00@8.25 per head; fair to good grass Texans, $2.20@2.75; Texas cows, $1.50@2.25; fair to good corn-fed Texans, $3.20@3.75.

Representative sales:

UNION STOCK YARDS.

Daily report of sales of cattle, St. Louis, January 23, 1888:

No.	Description.	Av.	Price.
10	native steers	1,391	$4 25
43	native steers	1,073	3 25
14	native steers	1,157	3 50
13	native cows	1,293	3 00
10	Southwest steers	1,047	3 10
22	Southwest steers	1,019	3 30
16	Southwest cows and heifers	810	2 87½
17	Arkansas cows and heifers	905	2 87½
16	Southwest steers	1,034	3 35
19	Arkansas steers	1,162	3 50
23	Arkansas steers	1,189	3 50
19	Arkansas steers	1,144	3 50
22	Arkansas steers	1,186	3 50
18	Arkansas steers	1,192	3 40
21	Arkansas steers	1,084	3 40
10	Arkansas steers	1,080	3 25

11 fair native cows and calves, $25 each.
14 good native cows and calves, $33 each.
246 retail from $2.25@4.50.

NATIONAL STOCK YARDS.

No.	Description.	Av.	Price.
13	native heifers	695	$4 75
10	native cows	954	2 60
10	native steers	1,305	3 75
35	native steers	1,122	3 75
22	native mixed	893	3 25
13	native cows	1,100	2 75
20	native cows and heifers	748	2 60
15	Southwest steers	1,054	3 12½
21	Southwest steers	710	2 60
41	Southwest steers	947	3 00
6	Southwest cows	853	2 40
6	Southwest cows	[illegible]	[illegible]
8	Southwest mixed	[illegible]	[illegible]
20	Southwest steers	1,082	3 50
22	Southwest steers	1,035	3 25

HOGS—A strong tone prevailed at the opening of this market and the tendency was largely towards higher prices. Trading was slow and principally with local butchers, who paid from $5.50@5.60 or 5c to 10c higher prices than were to be obtained at the close of last week's market. There was also some demand for best light and medium weight shippers that brought from $5@5.20. Packers were slow buyers at $5.25@5.35, as they claimed that salesmen were demanding prices entirely too high for them to pay, and it was not until they came down a little that the movement began to show any signs of activity. The receipts were much smaller than most traders expected, which was the main cause for the strength displayed during the day.

Representative sales:

UNION STOCK YARDS.

Daily live stock report of sales of hogs, January 23, 1888.

No.	Av.	Price.	No.	Av.	Price.
44	272	$5 50	59	297	$5 50
38	185	5 12½	26	210	5 20
68	138	4 75	62	207	5 25
48	272	5 30	88	204	5 20
42	201	4 90	64	215	5 15
67	231	5 35	62	250	5 40
61	256	5 40	62	164	4 80
81	137	4 40	48	219	5 25
82	199	5 20	54	210	5 20
70	246	5 40	74	169	4 90
56	263	5 45			

NATIONAL STOCK YARDS.

No.	Av.	Price.	No.	Av.	Price.
35	263	$5 60	88	205	$5 10
85	254	5 55	70	228	5 20
26	216	5 55	30	151	4 80
23	223	5 55	51	209	5 15
33	224	5 25	88	213	5 30
61	281	5 60	80	221	5 35
65	215	5 40	10	175	5 10
66	259	5 50	77	207	5 30
35	263	5 60	72	211	5 35
76	233	5 40	48	223	5 35
88	226	5 35	62	217	5 25
32	245	5 45	78	167	4 85
65	265	5 45	20	197	5 25
66	277	5 55	16	236	5 30
85	222	5 35	28	243	5 35

SHEEP—There were only four loads on the market this morning and they were disposed of quickly at strong prices. The demand continues largely in excess of the supplies, and values very strong.

Horses and Mules.

HORSES.

Heavy draft, extra	$175@190
Heavy draft, good	120@165
Drivers, extra	125@175
Drivers, good	85@120
Street car, extra	90@115
Street car, good	75@85
Plugs, good	30@40
Plugs, common	15@25
Southern horses	75@115

MULES.

14 hands, 4 to 7 years old	70@80
14½ hands, 4 to 7 years old	85@95
15 hands, 4 to 7 years old	100@110
15½ hands, medium	110@115
15½ hands, extra	135@145
16 to 16½ hands, extra	160@175

Plugs dull and lower.

Live Stock by Telegraph.

CHICAGO, January 23.—Hogs—Receipts, 16,000 head. Market fairly active and prices 5@10c higher; light, $4.90@5.20; rough packing, $5.10@5.25; mixed, $5.10@5.50; heavy packing and shipping, $5.40@5.80. Cattle—Receipts, 10,000 head. Market weak and lower; inferior to choice, $2.85@5; cows, $1.75@3; stockers, $2@3.40. Sheep—Receipts, 5,000 head. Market unchanged; common to good, $3@4.25; lambs, $4@6.25.

STOCK YARDS, KANSAS CITY, Mo., January 23.—Receipts: Cattle, 777; hogs, 631. Cattle market steady. Hogs strong and 5@10c higher. Bulk, $5.15@5.25; heavy packers and shippers, $5.25@5.35; tops, $5.45; mixed packers, $5.10@5.25.

THE WEATHER.

Local Weather Report.

ST. LOUIS, January 23, 1888.

LOCAL TIME.	Barometer.	Temperature.	Dew-point.	Direction of Wind.	Velocity of Wind.	State of Weather.
5:59 a. m.	30.36	21.0	18	......	......	Cloudy.
1:59 p. m.	30.35	30.0	17	NW	12	Clear.
8:59 p. m.						
Means						

Maximum temperature, 30.0.
Minimum temperature, 20.7.
Normal for the day, 28.0.

V. P. CHAPPEL,
Sergt. Signal Corps.

Weather Bulletin.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
SIGNAL SERVICE, U. S. ARMY,
WASHINGTON, D. C., January 23, 1888.

The following observations are taken at 7 a. m., 75th meridian time:

STATIONS.	Barom.	Therm.	Change in 24 h.	Wind.	Rainfall in 24 h.	State of Weather.
Jacksonville, Fla	30.34	50	....	NE	.04	Cloudy.
Vicksburg	30.32	34	....	NE	.66	Rain.
New Orleans	30.22	52	....	N	.08	Cloudy.
Shreveport	30.30	34	....	E	.02	Cloudy.
Little Rock	30.38	28	....	NE	....	Cloudy.
Galveston	30.26	44	....	NE	.58	Cloudy.
Memphis	30.32	28	....	NE	....	Cloudy.
Nashville	30.32	30	....	Calm	....	Foggy.
Louisville	30.34	26	....	W	.80	Snow.
Indianapolis	30.34	24	....	S	....	Cloudy.
Cincinnati	30.34	26	....	SE	....	Cloudy.
Pittsburg	30.36	18	....	NE	....	Cloudy.
Marquette, Mich	Miss.	....	....	....	....	....
Chicago	30.30	18	....	SW	....	Cloudy.
Duluth	30.30	—2	....	NW	....	Cloudy.
St. Paul	30.34	4	....	NW	....	Fair.
La Crosse	30.30	12	....	SW	....	Cloudy.
Davenport	30.20	16	....	SW	....	Cloudy.
Cairo	30.38	26	....	N	....	Cloudy.
St. Louis	30.36	22	....	Calm	....	Cloudy.
Leavenworth	30.40	6	....	Calm	....	Cloudy.
Omaha	30.42	4	....	N	....	Clear.
Moorhead, Minn	30.58	—20	....	N	....	Clear.
St. Vincent	30.60	—24	....	NW	....	Clear.
Bismarck	30.62	—16	....	NW	....	Clear.
Ft. Buford	30.56	—22	....	Calm	....	Clear.
Ft. Assinaboine	Miss.	....	....	....	....	....
Deadwood	Miss.	....	....	....	....	....
North Platte	30.38	10	....	NW	....	Clear.
Denver	30.20	10	....	S	....	Clear.
W. Las Animas	30.36	16	....	W	....	Clear.
Dodge City	30.36	24	....	N	....	Clear.
Ft. Elliot	Miss.	....	....	....	....	....
El Paso	30.26	34	....	Calm	....	Clear.
Salt Lake City	30.23	32	....	S	....	Clear.
San Francisco	30.06	52	....	Calm	....	Foggy.

Dash (—) indicates trace of rainfall or snow; † indicates rise; - indicates fall; — below zero.

V. P. CHAPPEL,
Sergeant Signal Corps.

Indications.

WASHINGTON, D. C., January 23.—Indications for twenty-four hours commencing at 3 p. m. to-day:

For Missouri—Colder, fair weather; light to fresh northerly winds.

For Illinois—Colder, fair weather; winds becoming light to fresh northwesterly.

For Iowa, Kansas and Nebraska—Colder, followed by warmer, fair weather; light to fresh northerly winds.

The rivers will remain nearly stationary.

THE RIVERS.

Local River Report.

ST. LOUIS, January 23, 1888.

STATIONS.	Above Low Beach-mark.*	CHANGE.		Rainfall.
		Rise.	Fall.	
St. Louis	13.8 ft.	0.0	1.8	0.00
Peoria	6.1 ft.	0.0	0.2	0.00
Beardstown	0.0 ft.	0.0	0.0	0.00
Hermann	0.0 ft.	0.0	0.0	0.00
Grand Tower	0.0 ft.	0.0	0.0	0.00

*T indicates traces of rain or snow.

V. P. CHAPPEL,
Sergt. Signal Corps.

Deck and Deck.

The weather to-day is clear and moderating fast.

A big thaw and rain will be required to set the big blockade afloat again.

Col. Hunter Ben Jenkins, the steamboat agent, is expected back this evening from New Orleans.

An estimate is being made as to the cost of opening the channel between Minneapolis and St. Paul.

The river is blocked up solid. The river is 12 feet, caused by back water from the gorge at Carondelet.

The report is still circulating that the Hudson is to be sold to Capt. D. R. Morrow of the St. Louis and Evansville trade.

River Telegrams.

CINCINNATI, O., January 23.—River 19 feet 6 inches and falling. Cloudy. Thermometer 31. Boats for Memphis and New Orleans receiving. All others tied up on account of ice.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., January 23—Noon.—River falling, 9 feet 5 inches in the canal, 7 feet 3 inches on the falls. Arrived: Paris C. Brown, New Orleans. Cloudy, cold.

CAIRO, Ill., January 23, noon.—Arrived: Ohio, Memphis, 2 a. m. Departed: Ohio, Cincinnati, 3 a. m. River 26 feet 8 inches and falling. Cloudy and cool.

PITTSBURG, Pa., January 23.—River 5 feet 9 inches and standing. Weather cloudy and warmer.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., January 23—Noon.—River rising. No arrivals nor departures. Weather clear.

WHEELING, W. Va., January 23, Noon.—River [illegible] feet [illegible] inches and falling. Thermometer [illegible]

"DELICATESSEN!"
THE POPULAR LUNCH-ROOMS,
118 N. Fourth Street, 712 Olive Street,
716 N. Broadway.

CITY NEWS.

For One Daily Only!!
Tuesday, January 24, 1888.
D. Crawford & Co. will put on sale 1,000 sets ewers and basins (white), Shaw's English goods, at 65c a set!! Sold nowhere under $1.25.

Dr. E. C. Chase,
Corner of 9th and Olive streets. Set of teeth, $8.

PRIVATE matters skillfully treated and medicines furnished. Dr. Dinsbeer, 814 Pine st.

DR. WHITTIER, 617 St. Charles, cures diseases of indiscretion, indulgence. Call or write.

JUDGE LYNCH WAS THERE.

Four Desperadoes Kill a Bank Cashier, but Are Captured by Citizens.

LIMESTONE, I. T., January 23.—Four masked men, all heavily armed, entered the Citizens' Bank Saturday and presenting a pistol at the head of the cashier, W. T. Reynolds, demanded that he turn over the cash on hand. While pretending to comply Reynolds slammed the door of the safe to and turned the lock. He was at once laid out by a bullet from the pistol of one of the desperadoes, which struck struck him above the heart, killing him instantly. The bank was then ransacked and all the money in the cash-drawer, some $2,300, was taken. An attempt was made to open the safe, but in this the robbers were foiled. As the sound of pistol shots was heard, several people came running to the bank to ascertain the cause of the trouble. They were fired upon by three of the men who were on guard and retreated to get arms. In a few minutes the town was aroused and twenty or thirty armed men hurried toward the bank. The robbers were just mounting their horses and a hot fire started in which one of the robbers, Thomas Evans, was killed outright, being shot several times in the head and body. He was identified as a ranchman living near town. In the melee four citizens were wounded but not fatally, two receiving shots through the arms and two others being slightly wounded in the lower extremities. The three surviving robbers then rode away with the booty captured. A posse of pursuers was soon upon the trail of the flying outlaws, who were riding rapidly in the direction of Atoka. After about an hour's hard pursuit they were surrounded, captured and taken to Limestone, where Judge Lynch was called in to hold court. The leader was found guilty of the murder of Reynolds and was forthwith strung up. The other two were placed in charge of a strong guard and started for Fort Washita, where they will be turned over to the United States authorities. The stolen money was recovered.

AFTER-DINNER COFFEES, $3.50 to $45 (doz)
☞See our wonderful reductions this week. Mermod & Jaccard Jewelry Co., 4th & Locust.

RARE PLUCK.

The Montreal Snow-Shoe Club Holds its Steeplechase—Contestants Frozen.

MONTREAL, January 23.—The Emerald Snowshoe Club held its open steeplechase over the mountain Saturday in spite of the intense cold. The thermometer was touching 18 deg. below zero when the club turned out on McGill College grounds and a keen wind was blowing. A track had been marked with stakes, but these were swallowed up in snowdrifts five minutes after they were put down. There were six entries and every man started. Lumden got ahead from the start, but on reaching the gully he had to stop and clear the ice out of his eyes. The judges and starter, who were driving by the road, stopped to pick him up, but the plucky fellow started off again, and when the men entered the gully they were well bunched. The judges now had time to look at each other, and the unpleasant fact was disclosed that every one in the sleigh was badly frost-bitten, and their attention was taken up for the remainder of the drive with rubbing each other's ears, noses and cheeks with snow. On the mountain the thermometer stood at 25 below zero, and of the dozen vehicles they passed on the way every one of the occupants was frost-bitten. On arriving at Donohoes the snow-shoers were were seen straggling down the hill. Ogilvie came in first, in 22:47; Lumden and Malone finished 11 seconds later, and the others several minutes behind. They were all badly frozen, particularly Lumsden, and were so exhausted that in a few minutes more some of them would have perished. The snow-shoers say that this was the worst day they ever experienced.

SILK UMBRELLAS $2.50 TO $15.
☞See our wonderful reductions this week. Mermod & Jaccard Jewelry Co., 4th & Locust.

N. Flemming of 201 South Main street fell yesterday and broke his leg. He was sent to the Hospital.

CUP HORSES.

THE CRACK RUNNERS ENTERED IN THE BIG CONEY ISLAND EVENT.

What California Will Send East—Big Winners of America, England and France—Horse Matters That Will Live in History—Who Is the Champion Light-Weight—Sporting News and Notes.

Black and Blue in the Mail and Express says: Among the California horses which will be seen in the East this season for the first time are J. B. Haggin's Kenney, a 4-year-old son of the Duke of Montrose; D. J. McCarthy's C. H. Todd, winner of last year's American Derby. McCarthy & Bro.'s filly Adeline, said to be very fast; Senator George Hearst's True Briton, son of John Bull and Keely; Mr. Storms' Grover Cleveland and Mr. Haggin's Gray Dawn. All but the last named are in the Surburban Handicap, and all but True Briton are in the Sheepshead Bay Handicap. These are fast performers and will, as usual, win the great bulk of the money offered by Eastern racing associations. The Coney Island Cup has these entries:

Coney Island Cup, $1,500 (value in 1887 $3,100), for 3 years old and upward; a sweepstakes by the following respective subscriptions: For horses which have won a race of $3,000 in 1887, $150 each, h. f., and only $50 if struck out by April 15; for other horses, $100 each, h. f., and only $25 if struck out by April 15; $1,500 added; $500 to second; third to receive $200 out of stakes; one mile and three-quarters; 22 subs.:

W. Gratz' ch. s. Elkwood, 5, by Eolus—Minnie Andrews, and b. s. Dry Monopole, 5, by Glenelg—Peru.

N. W. Kittson's ch. s. Rataplan, 6, by Alarm or Reform—Lady Lumley.

J. Munro's b. c. Fenelon, 4, by Reform—Megara.

Oriole Stable's b. s. Lorrington, 5, by Brigand—Cricket.

E. V. Snedeker's b. c. Esquimau, 4, by Duke of Magenta—Second Hand.

G. W. St. John's b. g. Gallus Dan, 4, by Dan Sparling—Gazelle.

F. Gebhard's b. g. Volunteer (for. Shawnee), 4, by Mortimer—Sly boots.

J. B. Haggin's blk. s. Hidalgo, 6, by Joe Daniels—Electra; b. m. Guenn, 5, by Flood—Glendew, and b. f. Firenzi, 4, Glenelg—Florida.

G. B. Morris' br. c. Sir Dixon, 3, by Billet—Jaconet.

S. S. Brown's b. s. Blue Wing, 5, by Billet—Mundane.

Preakness stable's b. s. Linden, 5, by Longfellow—Linda Lewis.

Dwyer Bros.' ch. c. Hanover, 4, by Hindoo Bourbon Belle, and br. c. Kingston, 4, by Spendthrift—Kapanga.

J. A. & A. H. Morris' b. f. Lizzie Baker, 4, by Longfellow—Bertha B.

J. H. Nuce & Son's ch. s. Headland, 5, by Reform—Artifice.

J. D. Morrissey's b. m. Kaloolah, 5, by Longfellow—Sylph.

Santa Anita stable's br. c. Goliah, 4, by Grinstead—Maggie Emerson, and b. s. Volante, 6, by Grinstead—Sister Anne.

A. J. Cassatt's b. s. The Bard, 5, by Longfellow—Bradamante.

The Big Winners of Three Countries.

The ten largest winners of 1887 in the United States, England and France were as appended. It will be seen that Hanover was the largest individual winner of the lot:

UNITED STATES.	
Hanover (3)	£17,954
Emperor of Norfolk (2)	7,428
Kingfish (2)	6,328
Firenzi (3)	4,876
Terra Cotta (3)	4,701
Los Angeles (2)	4,487
Laggard (3)	4,374
Raceland (2)	3,777
Kingston (3)	3,728
Eurus (4)	3,702
Total	£61,354

ENGLAND.	
Reve d'Or (3)	£10,560
Fr's Balsam (2)	8,660
Ayrshire (2)	6,560
Carlton (3)	6,370
Gloriation (3)	5,770
Kilwarlin (3)	5,000
Briar Root (2)	4,720
Merry Hampton (3)	4,521
Satiety (2)	4,440
Seabreeze (2)	4,120
Total	£60,810

FRANCE.	
Tenebreuse (3)	£11,800
Bavarde (3)	6,800
Monarque (3)	4,400
Brio (3)	3,730
Maxico (3)	3,580
Cambyse (3)	2,940
Gournay (3)	2,800
Krakatoa (3)	2,610
Pythagoras (3)	2,560
Alger (4)	2,470
Total	£43,690

Horse News That Will Live in History.

Joe Blackburn (full brother to the famous Luke Blackburn) was the highest-priced yearling ever sold in America. He sold for $7,500.

Longfellow ran the first three-quarters in a two-mile race in 1.12, the fastest time ever made for that distance.

Ripple sold as a yearling for $60, and two years later he was one of the best performers in the Lorillard stable.

Wanda as a 2-year-old won $36,345, more money than has ever been won by a filly of that age in America.

Tremont won more money as a 2-year-old than any horse in America—$40,085.

Stuyvesant is the only horse that ever won a mile race in 1:40.

Miss Woodford won more money than any animal that ever ran on the American turf—$118,970.

Kentucky, by Lexington, sold for $40,000, the highest price ever paid for a stallion in America.

Hanover won more money as a 3-year-old than any horse on the American turf—$89,827.

The most money ever won by any one racing stable in one year was won by the Dwyer Brothers in 1886—$208,549.16.

Belle Meade Stock Farm, Sumner Co., Tenn., containing 4,000 acres, is the largest thoroughbred breeding establishment in America.

P. Lorillard's sale of thoroughbreds in 1886 was the greatest ever held in America; twenty-seven horses brought $149,050.

Abbottsford was the only horse in the history of the world that won races in America, England and France.

The Peyton stake, worth $41,000 to the winner, was the richest stake ever run in America. It was run at Nashville, Tenn., in 1843, four mile heats.

Dewdrop (dead) was the highest-priced thoroughbred mare ever sold at auction in America—$29,000.

Iroquois is the only American horse that ever won the English Derby.

Fresh Spring Entries.

A number of additional entries in the fixed events for 1889 of the St. Louis Fair Association, seven in all, was received this morning at the office of the Association. The entries were made by Appleby and the Laurelwood Stables of Santa Plara, Cal. They are three in the Derby and two each in the Charles Green Stakes and the Fair Oaks.

Ambitious Beckley.

Secretary George Munson of the Brown Stocking Club has received a letter from Jake Beckley, the Hannibal first baseman and fielder, who has signed with the St. Louis Western League team. Beckley says he is anxious to be given a trial with the Browns in the spring games and thinks he will do well. He will probably be tried before the season opens.

The Champion Light-Weight.

A writer in an Eastern sporting journal says: "Billy Dacey writes me that the address of 'the champion light-weight pugilist of America' is No. 19 East First street, New York City. Mike Daly says: 'It is No. 116 Court street, Boston, Mass.' Jimmy Carroll says: 'Mike, I'll try to change the address when I fight you fifteen rounds February 1.' Jack McAuliffe considers, I suppose, that he still carries on business as 'light-weight champion of America' at the old stand, in Grand street, Williamsburg. Billy Myer of Streator, Ill., speaks up to the effect that he has whipped Harry Gilmore in twenty-eight seconds, while McAuliffe was about two hours doing the same thing. Myer wants to know 'What's the matter with my being a fighter and having my say with you Eastern fellows?' Charles Daly of St. Louis also puts his oar in, asking: 'Don't I come in there somewhere? I have money that says I do.' Billy O'Connell, Martin E. Snee, Jack Hopper, Danny Needham and a light-weight legion chorus their kick: 'We're as good as any one of you. What have you done more than we have? We've just as good a right as any of you to travel with the High School boys.' A few finish fights are requisite to sift out the claimants. The light-weights of undefeated record will have to come together and let somebody take a whipping and give some one of their number a clear lead on the others. There is a big lot now of these fellows of a bigness, and about in a bunch as to records and ability."

Myers and Mike Daly.

Says Macon: "The manner in which Billy Myers has twice defeated Harry Gilmore stamps him a light-weight pugilist fit to cope with any in the ring. Though Gilmore is not renowned for strength he is extremely scientific, and he has fought some of the best men of his weight very hard battles. Myers clearly outfought him in their first contest, while in their last he completely smothered him. It would be interesting to see Myers and Mike Daly come together. The Bangor Boy would be likely to have his hands full then."

Tricky Lou Shaw.

Lou Shaw, the fancy shot billiardist, dropped into the Adams House the other evening, and while watching a game of pool in the billiard room was invited to take a cue, says the Boston paper. There were five other contestants in the game, none of whom knew Mr. Shaw. In the first two games Shaw was defeated, he alone not having a single ball. He was second in order for the third game, and after the first man had broken the balls and failed to score Shaw remarked:

"I'll bet $10 I can pocket every ball on the board."

'I will take the bet," replied one of the players, but the gamekeeper interfered, as public betting was against the rules. But Shaw was not to be deterred from making his play, even if he couldn't bet, and he chalked his cue and held every one of the fifteen balls before his competitors could recover from their surprise.

"Please leave your card on the table," said the young man who had invited him into the game. When they found out his name their interest in the game died out.

Sporting Notes.

The French Jockey Club adds $225,000 to stakes to be run over Longchamps Course at its three meetings, covering twenty-three days, in 1888.

LAST WEEK
BUT ONE OF
FAMOUS
CLEARING
SALE!
IF YOU NEED AN
Overcoat or Suit
FOR
MAN, BOY or CHILD
Don't miss this great opportunity, but come in time.
"Famous,"
CLOTHIERS,
Shoers, Hatters, Furnishers, Millinery and Cloaks,
Broadway & Morgan.

The three-year-old chestnut gelding Rienzi, by Hindoo, dam Mary Lanphier, the property of C. Cornehisen, New York, died at the Brooklyn track Friday morning of colic.

The highest-priced yearling thoroughbred sold at auction in 1887 was by Ten Broeck and out of the dam of George Kinney—the crack race horse of the land two years ago. This colt brought $6,500.

George Le Blanche, the "Marine," says he has received an offer to go to England and fight Toff Wall, the British middle-weight, and that he will accept if he cannot induce Jack Dempsey to put the gloves on with him again.

Jim Fell, the Western pugilist, who has fought forty-four battles and never been defeated, is matched to fight George La Blanche, the Marine, ten rounds with two-ounce gloves some time during the nest four weeks within 100 miles of New York City.

From an interstate standpoint the 912 entries for the Coney Island Futurity stake are divided as follows: Kentucky, 384; Pennsylvania, 128; California, 126; New York, 95; Tennessee, 48; New Jersey, 45; Maryland, 29, Virginia, 19; Missouri, 15; Illinois, 4; Ohio and Alabama, 3 each; Montana, District of Columbia and Canada, 2 each, and Minnesota, 1.

Commodore Kitson has nine youngsters, with which he will do some campaigning this year. They are Also, by Blackwood, Jr.; Rosanna, by Revenue; Minnie Winnie, by Simmons; Asteroid, by Blackwood, Jr.; Reve So, by Revenue; Ruby, by Von Arnim; Von R., by Von Arnim; Renown, by Revenue, and Rolfe, by Revenue. Dan and Jack Woodmansee are handling the youngsters at St. Paul.

The crack Australian colt, The Australian Peer, son of J. B. Haggin's Darabin, followed up his Derby by beating Dunlop, the Melbourne cup winner, in the Canterbury plate, two miles and a half, in 4:45, with 101 pounds, while the 5-year-old carried 132 pounds and was a bad third. All the racing authorities now concede he is one of the greatest race horses that has ever appeared in Australia.

There is some prospect of an international yacht race next fall. This year, however, the contest will be between steam yachts for the International Challenge Cup of the American Yacht Club. Mr. G. L. Watson of Glasgow, Scotland, the British designer, has written for all information concerning the conditions covering the challenge cup, and intimates an intention to challenge on the part of the Scotch syndicate which was the owner of the Thistle.

There is a great deal of talk about Garrison's case. Garrison, it is claimed, is still the owner of the mare Nellie Van, and as she has recently raced at the half-mile tracks in New Jersey, this, under the rule, would disqualify Garrison from riding on the tracks at Jerome Park, Coney Island, Brooklyn, Baltimore or Monmouth Park. Garrison, however, claims that he does not own the mare, and it is improbable that there will be any trouble over it, although there is said to be strong reason to believe he still retains an interest in her.

Records made against time are as valuable, when rules are enforced, as records made in races. The horse that goes against the watch has an honest task to perform and when successful he should receive credit. In trotting against the watch it must be understood that breaks will be penalized just the same as in a race against other horses. If the judges do their duty the speed of the horse will be accurately measured by the time test. When you strike at cup records you strike at Palo Alto through the performances of Wildflower, Hindu Rose and Norlaine; at San Mateo Stock Farm through the 2:18 of Sable Wilkes; at Woodburn, through the 2:08¾ of Maud S.; at Ashland and Hickory Grove, through the 2:10 of Jay-Eye-See; at Fairlawn, through the 2:13¼ of Maxey Cobb; at Walnut Grove, through the 2:11¾ of St. Julien; at Stony Ford, through the 2:24¼ of Elaine, and at Indian Hill, through the 2:14 of Trinkett. As the National Trotting Association has always been the friend and supporter of the great breeding interest, it will not, at the February congress, change its present rule with regard to records.—[Turf, Field and Farm.

PRICES PUNISHED
As stock-taking approaches Clearing-Sale time diminishes.
Already the daylight widens in these—the the late days of January.
'Tis always better to sell OUR CLOTHING in the light of day. If you think 'tis better to buy it so, the days are long enough now.
☞ Clearance-Sale Prices cease with this month.
F. W. Humphrey & Co.,
Fine Clothing, Hats and Furnishings,
N. E. Corner Broadway and Pine.

TRUSSES
Scientifically adjusted and of the most approved styles.
Silk Elastic Stockings, Supporters, Bandages, etc.,
AT PRICES BEYOND COMPETITION.
A. S. ALOE & CO., SURGICAL INSTRUMENT MAKERS, Corner Fourth and Olive Streets.
☞An immense stock of Artificial Eyes.

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH PENNYROYAL
SAFE ALWAYS RELIABLE. TO LADIES INDISPENSABLE. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.
ASK FOR DIAMOND BRAND, CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH AND TAKE NO OTHER SEE SIGNATURE ON EVERY BOX.
CHICHESTER CHEMICAL CO. SOLE PROP. MADISON SQ. PHILA. PA.
TRADE + MARK
DIAMOND BRAND
THE ORIGINAL, THE ONLY GENUINE
BEWARE OF WORTHLESS IMITATIONS
ASK DRUGGIST FOR CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH DIAMOND BRAND. TAKE NO OTHER.
OR INCLOSE 4¢ (STAMPS) FOR PARTICULARS IN LETTER BY RETURN MAIL.
SEE SIGNATURE ON EVERY BOX
PILLS
5,000 UNSOLICITED WRITTEN TESTIMONIALS AND OVER, FROM LADIES WHO HAVE USED CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH, DIAMOND BRAND PENNYROYAL PILLS WITH SUCCESS.

ROYAL WORCESTER VASES $2.75 TO $100.
☞See our wonderful reductions this week. Mermod & Jaccard Jewelry Co., 4th & Locust.

HOTEL PERSONALS.

H. W. Wilcox, Lincoln, Ill.; R. F. Greene, Kane, Ill.; and O. M. Park, Belleville, Ill., are at the Everett.

Douglas White, New York; T. C. Brooks, Jackson, Mich., and Geo. B. Harrison, Chicago, are at the St. James.

Geo. S. Whitcomb, El Paso, Tex.; Geo. W. Otis, Boston, Mass.; and John R. May, Boles, Mo., are at the Hotel Hunt.

B. F. Gray, Cincinnati; S. C. Pyke, Kansas City; A. A. Fisher, Brooklyn; and O. H. Hampton, New York, are at the Laclede.

S. Mitchell, Springfield, Mo.; F. MacDonald, Ft. Smith; J. H. Mansfield, Chico, Cal., and J. B. Metz, Rushville, Io., are at the Planters'.

Morrison Munford, Kansas City; John Laurie, Chicago; S. C. Coleman, Detroit; F. P. Holland, Dallas, Tex.; and C. E. Greene, New York, are at the Lindell.

John R. Bennett, New York; G. F. Speer, Cincinnati; G. P. Titus, Chicago; A. A. Haines, Ft. Scott; R. C. Sneed, Sedalia, and Louis M. Porter, Chicago, are at the Southern.

Why Labor With Books

If you forget in a week what you have learned in a month? No fact, number, name, poem, lecture, book, law or conversation, learned by Professor Loisette's System of Memory, a new and great discovery, can ever be forgotten. It is taught by correspondence, to individuals or classes. Send for prospectus to Professor Loisette, 237 Fifth avenue, New York.

FIRE AND ROMANCE.

A Husband and Wife Reunited—On Trial for Murder—Texas Topics.

WACO, January 23.—A fire broke out yesterday in a millinery store under the Fifth Street Hotel and spread rapidly to several adjoining stores in the block. The guests of the hotel had a narrow escape. The proprietor saved his wife, from whom he had been living apart, and they agreed last night to kiss and make up. John W. Nall was taken to Bosque County to-day to stand his trial for the murder of R. R. Paramore at Worthem's Bend in 1880.

DENISON, January 23.—Oscar Menefee, traveling salesman, was robbed yesterday of $385 at a hotel.

FULL WEIGHT
PURE
DR. PRICE'S
CREAM
BAKING
POWDER
MOST PERFECT MADE
Its superior excellence proven in millions of homes for more than a quarter of a century. It is used by the United States Government. Endorsed by the heads of the Great Universities as the Strongest, Purest and Most Healthful. Dr. Price's the only Baking Powder that does not contain Ammonia, Lime or Alum. Sold only in Cans.
PRICE BAKING POWDER CO.
NEW YORK. CHICAGO. ST. LOUIS.

SECOND WEEK of BRANDT'S Great Boot and Shoe CLEARING SALE!
WE HAVE GOODS ENOUGH LEFT to MAKE BARGAIN-SEEKERS HAPPY for ANOTHER WEEK.

CUT PRICES
—IN—
LADIES' SHOES
BARGAINS FOR ALL.

Gardner & Estes' New York City make, Button Boots, French Kid, hand-sewed Shoes, Reduced from $6.50 to $4.00
E. C. Burt's St. Goat Vamp, Dongola top, button boots, hand-sewed welt .... Reduced from $5.50 to $4.00
E. C. Burt's Curso Kid, hand-sewed, welt button boots, Reduced from $5.25 to $4.00
Ladies' French Kid Button Boots, Reduced from $5.50 to $3.50
Ladies' Straight Goat Button Boots, hand-sewed, welt, Reduced from $4.50 to $3.50
Wright & Peters' Curso Kid with Dongola Top, button boots, Reduced from $4.00 to $3.00
Gardner & Estes' Imperial Kid Button Boots.... Reduced from $4.00 to $3.00
St. Goat Button Boots, cork sole, best New York City make, Reduced from $4.50 to $3.00
French Kid, hand-sewed, turn Button Boots, Reduced from $4.50 and $5.00 to $3.00
Stribley's Imperial Kid Button Boots, Reduced from $3.00 to $2.00
St. Louis make, Imperial Kid Button Boots.... Reduced from $3.00 to $2.00
St. Goat Vamp Dongola Quarter Button Boots (slightly soiled), Reduced from $3.00 to $2.00
St. Louis make, Glove Top Button Boots.... Reduced from $2.50 to $1.75
Glove Kid and Pebble Goat Congress, soiled and slightly off in gore, all small sizes, Reduced from $2.25 to $1.00
Curso Kid Button Boots, Reduced from $2.00 to $1.50
Glove Top, with curso kid vamp, Button boots (soiled), Reduced from $1.50 to $1.00
Curso Kid Button Boots (soiled), Reduced from $1.50 to $1.00
Ladies' Imperial Kid Button Boots, hand-sewed, turn, Reduced from $3.50 to $2.50

Ladies will find all of our Cut-price goods in desirable styles and in all the widths, as we sell all surplus and soiled stock in our yearly Clearing Sale.

CUT PRICES IN
LADIES' and MISSES'
LOW CUT
SHOES AND SLIPPERS

Ladies' French Kid Oxford, hand-sewed, in all the styles and widths, Reduced from $3.00 to $2.25
Ladies' French Kid Low Button, in all the styles and widths, Reduced from $3.00 to $2.25
Ladies' Patent Leather Low Shoes, in Oxford or Edison Ties, with French kid quarter (Spanish arch last), with tips or plain, Reduced from $4.00 to $2.00
Ladies' French Kid Mary Anderson Ties, Reduced from $4.00 to $3.00
Ladies' Bronze One-Strap Pattis, with gilt beads and trimmed, Reduced from $3.00 to $1.50
Ladies' Opera Slippers, made of Alligator Leather, with Louis XV. heel, Reduced from $4.00 to $2.00
Ladies' French Kid Steel Beaded Oxford Ties, with Louis XV. heel, Reduced from $5.00 to $3.00
Ladies' Curso Kid Edison Ties, with mat. kid quarters, Reduced from $2.00 and $2.50 to $1.50
Ladies' Imperial Kid Regents, Pattis, Operas, Parisians, etc., beaded and trimmed, or plain; regular price, $2.50, $2.25 and $2.00, All reduced to $1.50
Ladies' Oxfords, Low Button and French Ties, All reduced from $1.50 and $1.25 to 75c
Pink and Blue Juliet Slippers, Reduced from $2.00 to $1.00
Ladies' Pebble Goat Flannel-lined Bals, all the small sizes and soiled, Reduced from $1.85 to 75c
Mixed lot of Ladies' Goat and Kid Slippers, soiled. Reduced from $1.00 and $1.25 to 50c
Misses' Kid and Goat Low Button, Oxford and French Ties and Opera Slippers, slightly soiled, Reduced from $1.00 and $1.25 to 50c
Old Ladies' Glove Kid and Curso Kid Bals., small sizes, Reduced from $1.85 to $1.00

Nearly all of the above Goods run in good widths and sizes.

CUT PRICES IN
GENTS' SHOES

Nettleton's French Calf Shoes, hand-sewed.... Reduced from $7.00 to $4.50
Burt's French Calf, hand-sewed, Reduced from $6.50 to $4.50
Hand-sewed Porpoise Shoes, Reduced from $7.00 to $5.00
All surplus stock of Boyden's, Stacy's and Freeman Bros.' French Calf Hand-sewed shoes, Reduced from $6 to $4 and $4.50
Hannan's and Boyden's French Calf and Kangaroo Shoes, McKay-sewed, Reduced from $5 to $3.50 and $3
French Calf Hand-sewed Shoes, slightly soiled.. Reduced from $6.00 to $4.00
Puritan Oil Grain Calf Waukenphasts, Reduced from $5.00 to $3.50
French Calf Machine-sewed Shoes, Reduced from $4.00 to $3.00
Best American Calf Shoes, Reduced from $3.00 to $2.25
Best Veal Calf Shoes, Reduced from $2.50 to $2.00
400 pairs of our splendid Two-Dollar Shoes.... Reduced from $2.00 to $1.50

The above list includes every style and width, enabling us to give you a Perfect Fit.

CUT PRICES
—IN—
INFANTS',
MISSES' and
CHILDREN'S
SHOES.

The Cut Goods in this Department are all of the Best Make, but are slightly soiled and somewhat broken in sizes.

Infants' best Curso Kid Button, with French fly and worked button holes, Reduced from $1.00 to 60c
Infants' St. Goat Button, French fly and worked button holes, Reduced from 75c to 50c
Child's Kid and Goat Button Wedge Heels, sizes 3 to 7, Reduced from 85c to 50c
Child's Curso Kid Button, with heels, sizes 5 to 7.... Reduced from 85c to 50c
Child's Goat Button, with heels and tips, sizes 7 and 7½, Reduced from $1.25 to 75c
Child's Goat and Kid, spring heels, sizes 5 to 8, Reduced from $1.00 to 75c
Child's Straight Goat, spring heels, sizes 5 to 8. Reduced from $1.25 to 75c
Misses' Curso Kid Button, common-sense last, St. Louis make, Reduced from $1.50 to $1.00
Misses' Dongola Kid, spring heel, Reduced from $1.75 to $1.25
Misses' Goat Button, common-sense last...... Reduced from $1.50 to $1.00
Misses' Goat, spring heels, Reduced from $1.50 to $1.00
The John Ennis Misses' Straight Goat hand-sewed, welt button, Reduced from $3.00 to $2.25
The same Shoe in Child's sizes, 8 to 10, Reduced from $2.25 to $1.75

CUT PRICES
—IN—
BOYS' SHOES.

The Pat Cox Rochester Youths' Shoes, Reduced from $2.50 to $2.00
The B., D. & H. Youths' Walkenphasts, Reduced from $3.00 to $2.25
The Pat Cox Rochester French Calf Boys' Shoes, Reduced from $3.50 to $3.00
St. Louis make Boys' Calf Shoes, Reduced from $2.50 to $2.00
Boy's Calf Walkenphast Shoes, Reduced from $3.00 to $2.25
Youths' English Grain Button, with sole leather tips, Reduced from $2.00 to $1.50

We have a Complete Run of Styles and Widths in the above goods.

Remember, the Goods Offered in Our GREAT CUT-PRICE SALE are All This Season's Surplus and Soiled Stock.
They Run in GOOD WIDTHS and SIZES and NEWEST STYLES.
J. G. BRANDT, COR. BROADWAY and LUCAS AVENUE.